

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,

To The Sheriff of Rockingham County, -- Greeting:

We command you that you take Pete Jackson, if
to be found within your County, and him safely keep that
you may have his body before the Circuit Court of the said
County ^{at the Court House thereof} forthwith to answer us of a certain Misdemeanor
whereof he stands indicted. And have then and there this
writ.

Witness D. H. Lee Marts, Clerk of the said Court the 24th
day of January, 1911, and in the 135th year of the
Commonwealth.

D. H. Lee Marts, Clerk.

Executed Jan. 24, 1911, by arresting
the within-named Peter Jaciribon
& bringing him before the Judge
of the Circuit Court.

E. J. Carerschoff, S. R. C.

Commanded
& } Capias
Peter Jaciribon

Instruction No. 7.

The Court instructs the jury that, under the circumstances of this case, the burden rests upon the Commonwealth to prove beyond all reasonable doubt that the drink~~y~~ sold by the accused to Mewburn and Harrison before Christmas 1910 actually produced intoxication. ^{If} ~~As~~ the Commonwealth has established that it produced intoxication beyond all reasonable doubt, then the burden is upon the accused to show that said drink was the pure juice of the apple as defined in the following instruction~~p~~.

Exhibition No. 1

of this case the parties have been the Commission to have
and all reasonable doubt that the duty of the state is
to have and the other parties have been the Commission to have
the Commission to have and the other parties have been the Commission
to have and the other parties have been the Commission to have
to have and the other parties have been the Commission to have
to have and the other parties have been the Commission to have

Instruction No. 2.

If the jury believe from the evidence that the drink sold by the accused to Mewburn and Harrison before Christmas of 1910 was cider made from the pure juice of the apple without any ~~mix~~ admixture of alcohol, distilled spirits, wine, or other intoxicating liquor, or any mixture whatever except preservatives not prohibited by the United States Law, then they can not find the accused guilty under this indictment whether said drink was intoxicating or not. But if the jury believe from the evidence that said drink produced intoxication, then the Court further instructs the jury that the burden of proof is upon the accused to show that the same was the pure juice of the apple as above described, and, if he has not borne such burden and shown to the satisfaction of the jury that said drink was the pure juice of the apple, then the jury should find him guilty.

Commonwealth of Virginia,

COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, To-wit:

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF SAID COUNTY:

The jurors of the Commonwealth of Virginia, in and for the body of the County of Rockingham,
and now attending the said Court at its.....January.....term, in the year 19~~10~~¹¹,
upon their oaths present that.....

Pete Jackson

between

and the 21st day of January, 1911,
on the.....first.....day of.....November.....in the year 19~~10~~¹¹ in the said County,

did unlawfully, without having a license so to do, sell ardent spirits
by retail, in less quantities than five gallons,

against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Upon the evidence of *William Newton, Chas Jagwe.*

.....witness... sworn in open Court and sent to the
Grand Jury to give evidence.

.....Clerk.

Commonwealth of Virginia

COURT OF COMMONS

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF SPANISH BRIDGE

vs. the Commonwealth of Virginia

vs. the Commonwealth of Virginia

vs. the Commonwealth of Virginia

vs. the Commonwealth of Virginia

vs. the Commonwealth of Virginia

vs. the Commonwealth of Virginia

Commonwealth

vs.

INDICTMENTS

Misdemeanor

Pete Jackson

A TRUE BILL.

G. R. Eastham

Foreman.

1911 Jimmy Linn
Lapins record
Linn record

4300²⁴