

6-21

DENNIS SHIFFLETT

ADS Indictment for a Felony

COMMONWEALTH

Set for
March 24

27.60
 28.40
 28.80
 28.80

D.H. Gallender	✓ 2.20
Grover E. Spitzer	✓ 3.00
D.H. Liskey	✓ 1.70
G.S. Wraithorn	✓ 2.80
Ernest C. Long	✓ 2.70
Geo. W. Liskey	✓ 1.70
Jno. T. Miller	✓ 2.40
Henry R. Garber	✓ 3.30
Harry J. Garber	✓ 3.50
W.L. Showalter	✓ 1.70
J.H. Danvers	✓ 2.00
J.L. Caldwell	✓ 2.50

4/23/24

Guy W. Long	2.30
A.K. Clearwater	1.50
J.M. Hilbert	2.20
Jno. F. Wampler	2.50
E.A. Hilliard	2.70
Ed. Berry	2.40
J.P. Keister	2.00
R.L. Armentrout	2.40
Hiram J. Wial	2.60
E.M. Minnick	3.50
E.C. Robson	1.50
Jno. M. Showalter	2.30



Don. Schmitt 21



Case "Exhibit A"



Com. Schick D

VIRGINIA:-

In the Supreme Court of Appeals, held at the Court house
of Wythe County in the Town of Wytheville on Monday the 23rd
23rd day of June, 1924.

The petition of Dennis Shiflett for a writ of error and superse-
deas to a judgment rendered by the circuit court of Rockingham
County on the 24th day of April, 1924, in a prosecution therein by
the Commonwealth against Dennis Shiflett for a felony whereby he
was found guilty of unlawfully injuring W. E. Lucas and sentenced
to be confined in the Penitentiary for a term of one year, having
been maturely considered and a transcript of the record of the
judgment aforesaid seen and inspected, the court being of opinion
that said judgment is plainly right, doth reject said petition and
refuse said writ of error and supersedeas, the effect of which is to
affirm the judgment of the circuit court of Rockingham County.

A CORI

TESTE: J. M. Kelly C. C.

4/24/24

In the Supreme Court of Appeals, held at the Court House
of Wythe County in the town of Wytheville on Monday the 23rd
day of June, 1924.

The petition of Dennis Elliott for a writ of error and super-
addes to a judgment rendered by the circuit court of Rockingham
County on the 11th day of April, 1924, in a prosecution therein by
the Commonwealth against Dennis Elliott for a felony whereby he
was found guilty of unlawfully injuring W. E. Jones and sentenced
to be confined in the penitentiary for a term of one year, having
been naturally considered and a transcript of the record of the
judgment aforesaid seen and inspected, the court being of opinion
that said judgment is plainly right, both in law and fact, and
whereas said writ of error and superaddes, the effect of which is to
affirm the judgment of the circuit court of Rockingham County.

6/26/24
15-02

A CORP

J. M. Kelly
Clerk

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY
COMMONWEALTH

VS.

DENNIS SHIFFLET

BE IT REMEMBERED, that upon the trial of this cause the Commonwealth to maintain the issue upon its part, introduced in chief, W.E. Lucas, who being duly sworn, testified as follows:

Direct examination by Mr. Sarman.

Q What is your name?

A W. E. Lucas.

Q How old are you, Mr. Lucas?

A Fifty-one years old.

Q Where do you live?

A Elkton.

Q You were a deputy sheriff for Rockingham County during 1923?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long were you deputy sheriff?

A Seven or eight years.

Q Do you know the accused here, Dennis Shifflet?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A Knowed of him about two or three years.

Q Where does he live?

A He did live south of Elkton.

Q At the time of this crime, the 18th day of May, 1923?

A South of Elkton.

Q How far?

A A mile and seven tenths from the bridge.

Q In Rockingham County?

A Yes.

Q From what bridge?

A The River bridge.

Q The Shenandoah River?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you, Mr. Lucas, arrest Mr. Shifflet on a charge

CONVICTED

VI

DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS

It is respectfully requested that upon the trial of this case the court
should be satisfied to maintain the same upon its face, introduced in evidence,
and the being duly sworn, certified as follows:
Direct examination by Mr. [Name]

- 1. That in your mind?
- 2. [Name]
- 3. The [Name] [Name]
- 4. [Name]
- 5. [Name]
- 6. [Name]
- 7. [Name]
- 8. [Name]
- 9. [Name]
- 10. [Name]
- 11. [Name]
- 12. [Name]
- 13. [Name]
- 14. [Name]
- 15. [Name]
- 16. [Name]
- 17. [Name]
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- 90. [Name]
- 91. [Name]
- 92. [Name]
- 93. [Name]
- 94. [Name]
- 95. [Name]
- 96. [Name]
- 97. [Name]
- 98. [Name]
- 99. [Name]
- 100. [Name]

of violating the prohibition laws on May 18 of last year?

A Yes, sir.

Q What time?

A At night.

Q What time at night?

A About three o'clock.

Q Three o'clock in the morning?

A Yes, sir; May 18.

Q How was he traveling when you made the arrest?

A He was in a Ford touring car.

Q What was the charge? Why did you arrest him?

A I had been having some letters, and some --

Objection.

A Well, I was in bed on May 18 and a man come and knocked on my door at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Hammer: I object to that. You needn't tell what happened there.

Q Where did you arrest him?

A South of Elkton. I was up there and he come in with his car. When his wife got out of the car she hollowed for her brother-in-laws, and I got in the car where she set and started towards Harrisonburg. That is the way we had to go because I couldn't get away without them people doing something to me.

Q Who was driving?

A Dennis Shifflet.

Q What kind of car was it?

A A five-passenger.

Q State to the jury what happened on the way to Harrisonburg.

A We come on around by the Harnsberger place - two roads there, and I told him to come to Harrisonburg, so he turned

of violating the prohibition laws on May 18 of last year?

A Yes, sir.

Q What time?

A At night.

Q What time at night?

A About three o'clock.

Q Three o'clock in the morning?

A Yes, sir; May 18.

Q How was he traveling when you made the arrest?

A He was in a Ford touring car.

Q What was the license? Why did you arrest him?

A I had been having some letters, and some --

Objection.

Q Well, I was in bed on May 18 and I can't say I knowed

as my best at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Hester: I object to that. The witness
tells what happened there.

Q Where did you arrest him?

A Part of Illinois. I was up there and he came in with

him out. When his wife got out of the car she believed for her

brother-in-law, and I got in the car where she sat and started

towards Harrisonburg. That is the way we had to go because I

couldn't get away without the people doing something to me.

Q Who was driving?

A Some girl.

Q What kind of car was it?

A A five-passenger.

Q State to the jury what happened on the way to Har-

riehburg.

A We come on around by the Harrisonburg place -- two

roads there, and I told him to come to Harrisonburg so he turned

on the left road towards the Elkton store, crossed the track and the little bridge at the creek back of the depot, towards the pike, towards Harrisonburg. About 100 yards before he got to the bridge - I never touched the man in my life except to search him - he said, "Are you going to take this car away from me for liquor?" I said, "They take it away from everybody." I never understood what he said, and he just turned the wheel around and down over the bank. I did not have a chance to get out. The car was going ten or twelve miles an hour. He was running the car all right. A suit case between me and him -- a suit case six inches thick, and it was between her and him. When she got out I got in and left the suit case set right where it was.

Q How far were you from the River when you were talking about confiscating this automobile?

A About 100 yards.

Q Do you recall whether you had the curtains on the car?

A Yes, sir.

Q All around?

A Yes, sir.

Q About how high is it at this point where the car left the abutment from where the crank case hit the rock?

A I measured it and it measures 10 feet to where it hit the ground.

Q How far is it to the point where it finally landed in the River?

A About ten feet to the rock.

Q What rock?

A The rock on the abutment. One of those large stones along the edge of the abutment.

Q How far?

A About 10 feet to the ground where the car first hit after it left the wall.

Q How far is it from the top of the abutment to the point in the River where it finally landed?

on the left road towards the Milton shore, crossed the track and
the little bridge at the west end of the depot, towards the
towards "Barrington". About 100 yards before he got to the bridge
I never touched the man in my life except to touch him - he said
"Are you going to take this car away from me for good?" I said,
"That car is away from everybody." I never understood what he said
and he turned the wheel around and down over the bank. I did
not have a chance to get out. The car was going ten or twelve miles
an hour. He was running the car all right. A mile away between
we and him -- a mile away six inches thick, and it was between her
and him. When she got out I got in and left the car as it right
where it was.

Q How far were you from the river when you were talking
about continuing this automobile?

A About 100 yards.

Q Do you recall whether you had the machine on the car?

A Yes, sir.

Q All right?

A Yes, sir.

Q About how high is it at this point where the car left
the apartment from where the trunk came hit the roof?

A I measured it and it measures 10 feet to where it hit
the ground.

Q How far is it to the point where it finally landed in
the river?

A About ten feet to the rock.

Q That's right?

A The rock on the apartment. One of those large stones
along the edge of the apartment.

Q How far?

A About 10 feet to the ground where the car first hit
after it left the wall.

Q How far is it from the top of the apartment to the point
in the river where it finally landed?

A I could not measure just exactly how far, but it was ~~about ten feet from the ground~~ ^{about ten feet from the ~~ground~~ ~~to the water~~ car landed in the river to the bank,} and about 22 or 23 feet from where the car first hit the ground ^{to the water.}

Q It was about 32 or 33 feet from the abutment.

A Yes, sir.

Q Describe to the jury just what happened after the car left the abutment that morning.

A As well as I could recall the crank case hung on the rock, and the car just went right over. When he swung it it hit the locust tree and it mashed right down the top and we went right over in the river. The back of the car was north and the front towards the bridge and the curtains was on. My leg was fast and I thought it was broke. My hand was fast. I reached around and ^{and opened it with my teeth and cut the curtain / him (shipped)} got my knife, I could hear, sorta gurgling like. I tried to get at him with my hands and I got him by the collar and held him up out of the water for 25 or 30 minutes. I called ~~somebody~~ and Mr. Louderbach was the first man to come, ~~and~~ and he taken hold of him and got him out, out the balance of the curtains, and then they come back and got me. They taken him on to Harrisonburg and they taken me home, and then I come to the hospital.

Q What position was the car in when it finally landed in the water?

A It was on its wheels. Just same as before it started over. One of the lights was burning. When Mr. Louderbach got there it was still burning. I seen that myself. I taken notice of it. It was the left hand light.

Q How deep was the water?

A The water was about -- Where I was seated?

Q Yes.

A It was about -- I expect four or five feet deep.

Q This was about what time in the morning?

A About 3:30.

Q About 3:30?

A Yes, sir.

A I could not measure just exactly how far, but it was
about ten feet from the ground and about 25 or 30 feet from the
the car first hit the ground.

Q It was about 25 or 30 feet from the ground.

A Yes, sir.

Q Describe to the jury just what happened after the car
left the skidmark that morning.

A As well as I could recall the car came down on the
road, and the car just went right over. When he swung it hit
the lowest tree and it washed right down the top and we went right
over in the river. The back of the car was north and the front
towards the bridge and the machine was on. My jaw was bent and
I thought it was broken. My hand was bent. I reached around and
got up into it. I could hear water splashing like. I tried to get
at his side we heard and I got hit by the ceiling and told him to
out of the water for 25 or 30 minutes. I walked ~~and~~ and he
immediately was the first car to come ~~and~~ and he was held of
him and out his car, but he refused of the car. And then they
came back and got him. They taken him to the hospital and they
taken to him, and then I went to the hospital.

Q That position was the car in when it finally landed in
the water?

A It was on its wheels. Just as he before it started
over. One of the lights was burning. When Mr. Jackson was
there it was still burning. I seen that myself. I taken notice
of it. It was the left hand light.

Q The deep was the water?

A The water was about -- What's I was asked?

Q Yes.

A It was about -- I expect four or five feet deep.

Q This was about what time in the morning?

A About 3:30.

Q About 3:30?

A Yes, sir.

Q Were you conscious all the time?

A Yes, sir.

Q Knew all that happened?

A Yes.

Q Did you shout or holler?

A Yes, sir. I hollered and Mr. Louderbach come.

Q How long were you in the water before rescued?

A 30 or 35 minutes -- something like that.

Q Mr. Lucas, state to the jury what injury, if any, you received in that plunge into the river.

A I got a compound fracture of the leg and it is still running, and I had seven stitches put in my head, a piece of iron in my wrist, lot of glass in my back -- out through my coat.

Q Were you taken to the hospital?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long were you there?

A 2½ or 3 weeks. I then went home and come back again.

Q I believe you are unable to get around now except by the use of crutches.

A I can walk with one crutch on the floor, but outside I have to use two.

Q Mr. Lucas, did you do anything in any way, shape or form, to cause Shifflet to drive that car off the abutment?

A No, sir. I had no time.

Q Do you know what his condition was with reference to being drunk or sober?

A I smelt the liquor, but I could not tell where it was. I thought if he could drive over the mountain from Simmons Gap -- over the mountain -- he could drive me to Harrisonburg.

Q This man's house at which you arrested him is located south of Elkton. Can you describe a little more definitely where that is?

A If any of you know where the wash is -- Kendall Flicks ore wash -- he was in one of the tenant houses on the Harnsberger road.

Q That is the road leading east from the river --

A Across the railroad by Kendall Flick's ore wash, on past the old Harnsberger place. One road goes this way - to the left and one straight ahead. One goes to the foundry and the other comes across the hill towards the hotel.

Q This is the town of Elkton (showing map to witness) here. That map was made before anything of this case was ever made, but it still has on it some of these old roads. Here's the River Road running along up here, and there is the road going up by the Harnsberger place coming back over here. Now, Mr. Lucas, that is the Shenandoah as it runs toward Elkton. Here's where Hawkesville Creek comes, and here's what's called "Harnsberger Switch" up here. After you cross the Norfolk & Western Railroad, the Harnsberger switch is further south than the wash. That's the Harnsberger switch.

A That's never there since I been there and I been there 21 years.

Q Is Conrad Long's place south of the wash?

A Yes, sir.

Q And then does Hawkesville Creek come in between Elkton and the Wash or south of the Wash?

A South of the wash.

Q It is between Hawkesville Creek and Elkton where this fellow lives. On the east side of the Norfolk & Western?

A East side going south, yes sir.

Q East side going north or south?

A Yes, sir.

Q I see here on this map a road running along practically parallel with the railroad and between the river and the railroad.

A If any of you know where the man is -- KENNETH WILSON
and name -- he was in one of the rooms on the Harbinger
road.

Q That in the road leading east from the river --
I know the railroad by KENNETH WILSON's name -- on
past the old Harbinger place. One road goes this way -- to the
left and one straight ahead. One goes to the County and the
other goes across the hill towards the hotel.

Q This is the town of Linton (knowing me to witness)
here. That you can see before anything of this case was ever
made, but it still has on it some of these old roads. Here's
the river bend running along up here, and that is the road
up by the Harbinger place which has been here for 25 years.
That is the Harbinger as it runs toward Linton. Here's where
Hawesville Creek comes, and here's what's called Harbinger
Creek up here. After you cross the Norfolk & Western Railroad,
the Harbinger which is further north than the man. That's
the Harbinger which.

A That's never there since I been there and I don't think
it ever.

Q Is that long's place south of the man?
A Yes, sir.

Q And that does Hawesville Creek come in between Linton
and the man or south of the man?
A South of the man.

Q It is between Hawesville Creek and Linton where this
Linton is. On the east side of the Norfolk & Western

A That side going north, yes sir.
Q That side going north or south?
A Yes, sir.

Q I see here on this map a road running along practically
parallel with the railroad and between the river and the railroad.

A Yes, sir.

Q You say the reason you did not take that road down there, or rather the river road, you said in so doing you had to pass by the houses of Shifflet's relatives.

A Yes, sir.

Q At any rate you did not come across the railroad. You come around the old Harnsberger place.

A Yes, sir.

Q This is the river and that the railroad and there is a crossing here. Here would be the wash, and this is south, and this is north, this east and this west.

A This is the route I took. I come toward Harnsberger's down the hill. This is Dennis Shifflet's house there -- one of them houses there.

Q The Harnsberger house is east of the wash?

A Northeast.

Q Northeast?

A Yes, sir.

Q He came out here at the Harnsberger house?

A Yes, sir.

Q Along here's where Dennis' people live. At the Harnsberger place you turn north.

A Northwest.

Q You crossed the hill toward the hotel.

A Yes.

Q You said something about coming up the hill at the Harnsberger place you told this man you wanted to go to Harrisonburg

A Yes, sir. Two roads there. One goes toward Mack's old iron shop and one towards the hotel.

Q There is one road that goes out to the east of Elkton.

A This one to the left cuts across zig-sag way across the hill and through the boom, went on over here and crossed the

Q You say the reason you did not take that road down
there, or rather the river trail, was said to be being you had
to pass by the house of William's relative.

A Yes, sir.

Q At any rate you did not come across the railroad. The
house across the railroad bridge.

A Yes, sir.

Q This is the river and that the railroad and there is
a crossing here. There would be the wash, and this is north, and
this is south, this east and this west.

A This is the route I took. I come toward Barnhart's
house the hill. This is Dennis Williams' house there -- one of
them houses there.

Q The Barnhart's house is west of the wash?

A Northwest.

Q Southwest?

A Yes, sir.

Q Is your car here at the Barnhart's house?

A Yes, sir.

Q Along here's where Dennis' people live. Is the house
Barnhart's house you are north.

A Southwest.

Q You crossed the hill toward the house.

A Yes.

Q You said something about coming up the hill at the
Barnhart's place you said this man you wanted to go to Barnhart's
house.

A Yes, sir. The road there. One goes toward Mason's
old iron shop and one towards the hotel.

Q There is one road that goes out to the east of Elston.

A This one to the left goes across the creek and crosses the
the hill and towards the house, went on over here and crossed the

Norfolk & Western Railroad.

Q Then to your right is another road?

A Yes.

Q Another main road?

A Yes.

Q Which runs north and south of the railroad?

A Yes.

Q Between that point and where you turn to the right and main pike to Harrisonburg, is there any river, or creek or bridge?

A Yes, Elk Run Creek is right there.

Q Is that an iron bridge or a small wooden bridge.

A Yes; one track.

Q You go further north into Main Street of Elkton.

A Right towards Stanardsville and left towards Harrisonburg, and straight ahead to the wholesale house.

Q He turned correctly?

A To the left.

Q That was the last turn you made?

A Yes.

Q Then you came on out the Main road to Elkton where this thing occurred?

A Yes.

Cross examination by Mr. Hammer:

Q Mr. Lucas, where you arrested Mr. Shifflet that night, his house is right along side the Norfolk & Western Railroad tract and within 30 or 40 yards of where the public road comes to the hotel in the town, and the road over which you went leads directly east, the same as if you were sitting here going out east Market Street. By the old Hammer blacksmith shop.

A I don't know anything about that.

Q Where Marshall's live?

A Yes, yes, it comes to the left of Marshall's house.

Q How far?

A Not a 100 yards.

Hollock & Western Railroad.

Q Then to your right is another road?

A Yes.

Q Another main road?

A Yes.

Q Which runs north and south of the railroad?

A Yes.

Q Between that point and where you turn to the right

and main line to Harrisonburg, is there any river, or creek or

bridge?

A Yes, the Iron Creek is right there.

Q Is that an iron bridge or a small wooden bridge?

A Yes; one track.

Q You go further north into Main Street of Elberton.

A Right towards Steamboiler and left towards Harrison

burg, and straight ahead to the railroad house.

Q He turned accordingly?

A To the left.

Q That was the last turn you made?

A Yes.

Q Then you came on out the Main road to Elberton where

this thing occurred?

A Yes.

These examinations by Mr. Hammett;
Mr. Bacon, where you arrested Mr. Mitchell that night.

The house is right along side the Hollock & Western Railroad track

and within 50 or 60 yards of where the public road comes to the

fall in the town, and the road over which you went passed directly

west, the same as if you were sitting here going out east toward

street, by the old lumber stack with sign.

A I don't just exactly about that.

Q Where Marshall's lived?

A Yes, you, it comes to the fall of Marshall's house.

Q How far?

A Not a 100 yards.

Q That road goes out by what is known as the Charles W. Harnsberger place --

A I do not know what Harnsberger it is.

Q It is the place where Miller Jarnan Dean owns now and where that grove is located --

A Passes right by --

Q Between that point and the grove there are two steep little hills.

A It is up the hill where you go up to Marshall's house, and a steep hill to go to Harnsberger's.

Q There is a dip where the cattle pass -- right beyond the barn?

A There is a dip when you cross the bridge right at the barn.

Q A water bridge?

A Yes, a water bridge. I don't know if stock goes under it or not.

Q As I understood you, you said there was a six inch suit case sitting between you and Shifflet?

A Yes, sir.

Q You mean six inches long, six inches wide and six inches thick?

A Six inches thick, twelve inches wide and about twenty-four inches long.

Q How many jugs, if any, were sitting on the floor of that car?

A Three jugs there.

Q What else was on that floor?

A Jugs and cans.

Q What else was on the front seat between you and Mr. Shifflet?

A They weren't on the front seat. The suit case was on the seat between me and Mr. Shifflet.

Q That road goes out by what is known as the Charles
A. Bannister place --
A I do not know what Bannister is --
Q It is in the place where Miller's farm was and
where that grove is located --
A I cannot say --
Q Between that point and the grove there are two places
Miller called.
A It is on the hill where you go up to Bannister's house
and a drive will go to Bannister's.
Q There is a sign where the water runs -- right beyond
the house?
A There is a sign when you cross the bridge right at the
house.
Q A water wheel?
A Yes, a water wheel. I don't know if there was water
in it or not.
Q As I understood you, you said there was a six inch pipe
and a water wheel between you and Miller?
A Yes, sir.
Q You mean six inches high, six inches wide and six inches
diameter?
A Six inches high, twelve inches wide and about twenty-
four inches long.
Q Now you say, if any, you sitting on the floor of that
house?
A Three feet there.
Q That sign was on that floor?
A Yes and also.
Q What else was on the front seat between you and it?
Miller?
A That water's on the front seat. The roll case was on
the seat between me and Mr. Miller.

Q The suit case was on the seat and the jugs on the floor?

A Yes.

Q You were on the seat and Shifflet on the seat?

A Yes, sir.

Q What size jugs were they?

A Three one gallon jugs.

Q Three one gallon jugs?

A Yes, sir.

Q How this was an ordinary Ford car which the driver has to enter from the right side?

A Yes, sir.

Q There is no door or opening on the left side?

A No.

Q And the curtains were up?

A Yes, sir.

Q And you were seated on the right hand side and Shifflet on the left?

A Yes, sir.

Q Anything in the back part of the car?

A Yes, sir, that's where most of the liquor was -- in the back.

Q What kind of fixtures back there?

A Jugs, bottles and cans -- different kinds of cans. I did not have much time to examine them until I took a search light and looked in. The jug in the front had a corn cob stopper in it. I smelt of it. I never drank any. I was just told he was selling it.

Q You did nothing in the world to cause him to drive off that bridge.

A Nothing except arrest him the same as I do anyone else.

Q He did not resent it or make a fight?

A No, sir; he did not.

Q Went perfectly quietly along with you?

A Yes, sir.

Q The first case was on the boat and the case on the floor?

A Two.

Q You were on the boat and killed on the boat?

A Yes, sir.

Q What kind case were they?

A Three one gallon cans.

Q Three one gallon cans?

A Yes, sir.

Q Now this was an ordinary Ford car with the driver on

the right side of the car?

A Yes, sir.

Q There is no door or opening on the left side?

A No.

Q And the windows were up?

A Yes, sir.

Q And you were seated on the right hand side and this

is the left?

A Yes, sir.

Q Lying in the back part of the car?

A Yes, sir. That's where most of the liquor was -- in the

back.

Q What kind of liquor on hand there?

A Two, bottles and some -- different kinds of cans.

Q Did you have such things to examine them until I took a search light

and looked in? The top in the front had a vent and stopped in it.

Q About it? I never found any. I was just told by the witness

that.

Q You did nothing in the world to search him to drive off

that night.

Q Nothing except arrest him the same as I do every time.

Q He did not search it or make a light?

A No, sir; he did not.

Q Wasn't he sitting in the car with you?

A Yes, sir.

Redirect. examination by Mr. Conrad:

Q Mr. Lucas, I herewith hand you photograph marked "Exhibit A". Will you kindly examine the same and explain it to the jury.

A Now this fence has been put up since ^{that time -} that fence along there. You see that white mark, that comes down that shady place and is about where the car hit just about where that post is, it hit this tree and straightened back up. It turned over just about where that post is and went down there -- about ten feet from the top of the wall to there. It hit this tree and straightened up, went over on its front, turned over and was penned under.

Q Mr. Lucas, about how far is it from the point where the car left the abutment to where it landed?

A About how many feet? About 22 or 23 feet, maybe as much as 25. The abutment runs back a right smart piece.

Q What are those two pictures? (handing pictures to witness.)

A Around just about where that pole is -- right this side the pole is where he asked me the question -- the big pole -- about a hundred yards from where he went over -- that is where he approached me about taking the car away from him. Now this picture here shows the end of the abutment, and if you can see it -- see that rock -- the abutment is sticking out a little bit up that way. The car had to bump. It was not perfectly level across. In coming toward the bridge he went on the left hand side. And this road is perfectly straight up to the bridge.

Q And this fence has been put up since?

A Yes, sir.

Q Mr. Lucas, stick a hole in the photograph where the car left the abutment. That is in "Exhibit A". Make that two holes.

Mr. Hammer: Q What did you indicate at that post?

A The rock wall that suck up. You know its about four or five feet of that rock wall sticks out there.

testimony of Mr. ...

Q. Mr. ... I believe you photograph ...

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now this ... has been put up ...

A. ... turned over and was ...

Q. ... about how many feet ...

A. ... about 25 or 30 feet ...

Q. ... that are those two ...

A. ... about where that hole is ...

Q. ... the hole in there ...

A. ... the hole in there ...

Q. ... it was not ...

A. ... on the left hand side ...

Q. ... has been put up ...

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Mr. ... a hole in the photograph ...

A. ... that hole ...

Q. ... that hole ...

Q This telegraph pole is way back this side from the bridge?

A I am talking about the rock sticking out there. See the rock wall along that post is where the car went over. Part of the rock wall sticks out there.

Mr. Conrad: The Rock wall was higher than the road bed?

A No, it is down.

Q It is a fact or not, from that point up to where the fence begins the rock wall is higher than the roadway?

A No, the roadway is higher. The stone sticks out there.

Mr. Hammer: The stone comes on down and the wall extends out on the east of the bridge, but there is no stone on the top of the road.

Mr. Earman: What is in "Exhibit C"? The pen sticking in the photograph, what does that indicate?

A That is back 100 yards from the bridge. That's where he approached me about taking the car away from him.

Q About 100 yards back from the bridge?

A Yes, sir.

Q And between that place and the bridge there is another pole or two. The pole on "Exhibit B" is between where the conversation took place and the bridge, isn't it?

A That one right there is a telephone pole and that a electric light, and that a telephone.

Q Between the electric light pole and the bridge there is a telephone pole, and the telephone pole is on the east point of the abutment?

A It is about 30 or 40 feet from the abutment.

Q East or west of the gate where you enter Miller's place?

A East, just a little bit.

And further this deponent saith not.

Q This telephone pole is very high with the wires
A I am talking about the tower standing out there. The
tower will stand that high is where the wire goes over. Part of the
tower will stand out there.

Mr. Gurnea: The tower will stand higher than the pole
A Yes, it is true.

Q It is a fact or not, that that point up to where the

tower stands the wire will be higher than the roadway?

A Yes, the roadway is higher. The tower stands out there.

Mr. Gurnea: The tower comes on down and the wire extends

out on the west of the bridge, but there is no tower on the top of

the tower.

Mr. Gurnea: What is in "Exhibit B"? The pole standing in

the photograph, was that included?

A That is about 100 yards from the bridge. That's where he

approached us about taking the one from him.

Q About 100 yards back from the bridge?

A Yes, sir.

Q And between that place and the bridge there is another

pole or two. The pole in "Exhibit B" is between where the tower

is on the place and the bridge, isn't it?

A That one right there is a telephone pole and that a

utility light, and that a telephone.

Q Between the electric light pole and the bridge there is

a telephone pole, and the telephone pole is on the east side of

the bridge?

A It is about 20 or 30 feet from the sidewalk.

Q East or west of the gate where you enter Miller's place?

A East, just a little bit.

Q And further this document with you.

E. P. LOUDERBACK, another witness introduced in the same behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Sarman, deposes as follows:

Q Mr. Louderback, what are your initials?

A E. P.

Q Where were you living on May 18 of last year?

A West side of the Shenandoah River.

Q You live there now, I believe?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you or not hear Mr. Lucas cry for help on this particular occasion?

A Yes, sir.

Q About what time of day was it? 3:30 in the morning?

A No; it was around 4:00 o'clock; close to 4.

Q Where were you at the time?

A I was in bed.

Q About how far away from where you found Mr. Lucas?

A I suppose it is 400 yards, may be 500.

Q You went over there, did you?

A Yes, sir.

Q Who went with you?

A There was some bridge men boarding at our house at the time. They went along with me.

Q Some men engaged at that time painting the bridge across the River?

A Yes, sir.

Q Can you tell who they were?

A Mr. Eys was one.

Q What did you find when you got there?

A I found the Ford car and Mr. Lucas and Shifflet in the river.

Dr. P. J. HENNING, another witness introduced in the
 case before, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. HANCOCK,
 deposes as follows:

Q Mr. Henning, what are your initials?

A P. J.

Q Where were you living on May 19 of last year?

A West side of the Hampshire River.

Q You live there now, is that correct?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you or not hear Mr. Jones say for help on this

particular occasion?

A Yes, sir.

Q About what time of day was that? Was it in the morning?

A No; it was around 4:00 o'clock; about 10 P. M.

Q Where were you at the time?

A I was in bed.

Q About how far away from where you found Mr. Jones?

A I suppose it is 400 yards, maybe 500.

Q You went over there, did you?

A Yes, sir.

Q How went with you?

A There was some other man working at Mr. Jones

at the time. They went along with me.

Q Some men engaged at that time painting the bridge

across the river?

A Yes, sir.

Q Can you tell who they were?

A No, I was not.

Q What did you find when you got there?

A I found the body and Mr. Jones and I believe it

was the river.

Q About how far was the car in the River?

A It was out in the River about ten feet, eight or ten feet from the bank.

Q What were they doing -- Shifflet and Lucas?

A Mr. Lucas was holding on to Dennis Shifflet. Mr. Lucas was sitting in the car holding on to Dennis.

Q What position was the car in -- on its wheels or side?

A On its wheels, just like it runs on the road.

Q Facing the bridge, was it not?

A Yes, sir.

Judge: Q Lucas was under the water?

A Shifflet was in the water, Lucas was holding his head up out the water.

Q Shifflet conscious or unconscious?

A No, he was unconscious.

Q Did you assist him out the water?

A Yes, sir.

Q Mr. Louderback, what, if anything, did you observe about the premises with reference to liquor?

A We found some liquor.

Q Where was it found?

A Right side the bank where the car went in the river.

Q How much?

A Half gallon.

Q What was it in?

A A half gallon fruit can -- glass can.

Q Did you not detect the odor of liquor?

A Yes, sir.

Q The odor slight or strong?

A Pretty strong.

Q You and these other gentlemen were the first people to arrive after this happened?

Q About how far was the car in the river?
A It was out in the river about ten feet, about ten feet
west from the bank.

Q What were they doing -- drifting and passing?
A Mr. Jones was holding on to Dennis Hillier, Mr.
Jones was sitting in the car holding on to Dennis.

Q What position was the car in -- on its wheels or side?
A On its wheels, just like it runs on the road.
Q Would the bridge, was it bent?
A Yes, sir.

Q Subject: Mr. Jones was under the water?
A Hillier was in the water.
Jones was holding his head
up out the water.

Q Hillier possessed or understood?
A No, he was unconscious.
Q Did you exhibit him out the water?
A Yes, sir.

Q Mr. Hillier, what, if anything, did you observe
about the business with reference to liquor?
A We found some liquor.

Q There was it found?
A Right with the bank where the car went in the river.
Q How much?

A Half gallon.
Q What was it for?
A A half gallon fruit can -- glass can.
Q Did you not detect the odor of liquor?
A Yes, sir.

Q The odor slight or strong?
A Pretty strong.
Q You and these other gentlemen were the first people to

arrive after this happened?

A Yes, sir.

Q What was Mr. Lucas' condition? Was he injured or not?

A Yes, sir; his leg was broken.

Q Do you know whether he was otherwise injured?

A He was bleeding about the head.

Q Mr. Louderback, you know Dennis Shifflet, do you not?

A I never knew him before that night.

Q Had you ever seen him before that night?

A He had been there to the mill, but I never knew who he was.

Q Did you recognize him when you saw him in the water, or after he was taken from the water, as being the same man you saw in the mill?

A No, I really did not.

Q Now Mr. Louderback, you got there early -- the first man to arrive, along with these other men working on the bridge. It was not day light yet.

A No.

Q Did you or not examine the road bed for tracks?

A Yes, sir; I looked at the tracks.

Q What time did you make that examination?

A After I had taken Mr. Lucas to the house.

Q What time in the morning was that?

A Close to five o'clock.

Q Close to sun-up?

A Yes, I think it was. Just about sun-up.

Q Had there been any other vehicles of any other description passing along the road in the meantime?

A No, there hadn't, so far as I know.

Q Mr. Louderback, will you please take this photograph, marked "Exhibit C" and trace the tracks for some 35 or 40 feet, if you are able to observe them for that distance, from where the

A Yes, sir.

Q What was Mr. Linn's condition? Was he injured or not?

A Yes, sir; his leg was broken.

Q Do you know whether he was otherwise injured?

A He was bleeding about the head.

Q Mr. Linn, you know Dennis Miller, do you not?

A I never knew him before that night.

Q Did you ever see him before that night?

A He had been there to the mill, but I never knew who he was.

Q Did you recognize him when you saw him in the water or after he was taken from the water, as being the same man you saw in the mill?

A No, I really did not.

Q Now Mr. Linn, you got there early -- the first man to arrive, along with these other men working on the bridge, is that right?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you or not examine the road and the bridge?

A Yes, sir; I looked at the bridge.

Q What time did you see that examination?

A After I had taken Mr. Linn to the house.

Q What time in the morning was that?

A About five o'clock.

Q About five o'clock?

A Yes, I think it was. Just about five o'clock.

Q Had there been any other vehicles of any other description passing along the road in the morning?

A No, there hadn't, so far as I know.

Q Mr. Linn, will you please take this photograph, marked "Exhibit C" and trace the tracks for some 25 or 30 feet, if you are able to observe them for that distance, from where the

car left the abutment on the pike. Take this photograph and track the tracks for some distance west of the point where the car left the abutment from the left. I will ask you first where the tracks started wabbly.

Judge: Q Before you examined the tracks, how could you identify the place?

A I first went back to the abutment.

Q Could you see?

A Yes, sir.

Q What?

A The plain track of the car. I traced in on back. It seemed to be on the south side of the road until it got where it made the curve.

Q The curve to go off?

A Yes, sir. It seemed to be on the south side. It wasn't even in the center of the road.

Mr. Sarman:

Q Did the car run off on the south or on the north side?

A North side.

Q The right hand side as it came towards Harrisonburg?

A Yes, sir.

Q The tracks were on the south side?

A They seemed to be more on the south side.

Judge: Q Was there any difficulty at all about locating the tracks?

A No, sir.

Q How far did you run that track back?

A Just in a cruce. I did not follow it back any further on the pike than where it started to curve.

Mr. Barmán: Q How far back before he went off the abutment was it that he began to curve?

A 25 or 30 feet.

Q Were those tracks of the car regular and uniform, or not? Was it a perfectly natural curve, or otherwise?

A It appeared to be a natural curve. No wiggle or wobble in it.

Q Take this photograph marked "Exhibit B" and pen, and mark as near as you can just the course the car took. (Handing photograph to witness.)

Judge: Q Did you measure the distance from the place where the car left the abutment to the wooden floor of the bridge?

A No.

Q About how far would you say it was.

A I did not catch that.

Q The distance from where the car left the abutment to the wooden floor of the bridge?

A About 12 or 15 feet, I would judge. I never measured it.

By Mr. Hammer:

Q Mr. Louderback, as I understood you, the car was 8 or 10 feet from the bank. It was facing south, or up toward your dam?

A Yes.

Q Did you tell the jury where Mr. Lucas was and where Mr. Shifflet was when you got there?

A Mr. Lucas was in the car upon the back of the front seat. Shifflet was outside the car in the water. He was on the side next to the bank.

Q And Mr. Lucas was in the car on the back of the front seat?

A Sitting on the back of the front seat.

Q Which side? Right or left side?

A Left side, of course, holding to Dennis.

Q He was on the left hand side?

A Yes.

Q And Shifflet was outside the car entirely?

A Yes, sir.

Juror: Was Mr. Lucas fast?

A No, but Dennis was fast.

Mr. Hammer:

Q Dennis was fast and had to be raised up?

A No, he seemed to be raised up in the car. He had to be cut loose. One leg seemed to be under the running board, but we pulled him out.

Q How long is that fence that's shown on the photograph on the north side of the abutment.

A I do not know. I do not know that the fence comes down just where the car went over or just past it.

Q As a matter of fact that fence does not cross over the part of the abutment over which the car went, does it?

A It may be that it does.

Q The marks you have placed here should have been up within 12 or 15 feet of the entrance of the bridge.

A No, it doesn't show.

Q You said you believed that Shifflet was unconscious?

A Yes, sir.

Q And the road at that point is curved right as you enter the bridge on the public highway. A left hand curve coming towards Harrisonburg.

A It comes into the bridge there almost straight. There is a little curve there, I believe.

Q What side, right or left side?
 A Left side, of course, looking to Dennis.
 Q He was on the left hand side?
 A Yes.
 Q And Shittler was outside the car entirely?
 A Yes, sir.

Q Now, was Mr. James facing
 A No, but Dennis was facing
 Mr. James?

Q Dennis was facing and had to be raised up?
 A No, he seemed to be raised up in the car. He had to
 be raised. One leg seemed to be under the running board, and
 we pulled it out.

Q Was there a fence that's shown on the photograph
 on the north side of the apartment?

A I do not know. I do not know that the fence runs down
 that side the car went over or just past it.

Q As a matter of fact that fence does not cross over the
 part of the apartment over which the car went, does it?

A It may be that it does.

Q The marks you have placed here should have been up
 within 10 or 15 feet of the entrance of the bridge.

A So, it doesn't show.

Q You said you believed that Shittler was unconscious?
 A Yes, sir.

Q And the road at that point is curved right as you saw it
 the bridge on the public highway. A left hand curve coming to
 under Harrisonburg.

Q It comes into the bridge there almost straight. There is
 a little curve there, I believe.

Q As you approach the abutment there don't you come up in this shape, like you are coming from Elkton, there you bear around to the bridge. It is right in this shape isn't it?

A There is not that much curve.

Q But there is considerable curve just before you enter the bridge. There is a curve, a considerable curve.

A It curves a little bit there.

Mr. Barman:

Q Mr. Louderback, just one question, please. Take "Exhibit C" and state to the jury whether or not this photograph shows the angle or curve where the car ran off the abutment as you approach the bridge?

A What do you want me to do?

Q That picture there shows the amount of curve?

A Yes, that looks pretty natural there as the road is.

Q And the car ran off the abutment on the right side as you approached the bridge?

A Yes.

Q The point where it ran off is 12 or 15 feet ~~after~~ *before* its entrance on the bridge?

A Yes.

Mr. Hammer:

Q Right at that point is the sharpest point of the curve?

A He had not got up to the sharpest curve.

Q At two spots the statement there isn't you mean in this shape, is it you are coming from within, there you mean around to the bridge. It is right in this shape isn't it?

A There is not that much curve.

Q But there is considerable curve just before you enter the bridge. There is a curve, a considerable curve.

A It curves a little bit there.

Q. Witness:

A Mr. Lundberg, just one question, please. You said "didn't" and state to the jury whether or not this photograph shows the route or curve where the car ran with the statement as you explained the bridge?

A That is what you want me to do?

Q That picture there shows the amount of curve?

A Yes, that looks pretty natural there as the road is.

Q And the car ran off the abutment on the right side as you explained the bridge?

A Yes.

Q The point where it ran off is it or is that where it ran off the bridge?

A Yes.

Q. Witness:

A Right at that point in the sharpest point of the curve. He had got up to the sharpest curve.

Mr. Sarman:

Q Mr. Louderback, I believe you stated this morning that you noticed-that you saw - a half gallon of moonshine liquor along the bank of the river some place, and that you detected the odor of whisky about the place. Did you not notice any glass jugs or broken vessels about there?

A Yes, sir.

Q Where were the broken pieces of glass, etc?

A Some in the car and on the bank where the car went over and where it rolled down the bank.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. J. W. FISHER, another witness introduced on behalf of the State, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Sarman, deposed as follows:

Q You are Mr. J. W. Fisher?

A Yes, sir.

Q You are an automobile mechanic, Mr. Fisher?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you tow this car out the river?

A Yes, sir.

Q You are talking about the Shifflet car?

A Yes, sir.

Q The Dennis Shifflet car?

A Yes, sir.

Q About what time of day was it when you got it out the river?

A Around 9 o'clock, or something like that. It might have been 10. I couldn't just tell.

Q Did you or not examine the steering apparatus of the car?

A Yes, sir. I pulled it up to the garage. I guided the car myself. It had one flat tire in front.

Q Did you have any trouble steering the car?

A No, sir.

Q Steering apparatus all right?

A Yes, sir, it was.

Q What did you do with it?

A Brought it on to Harrisonburg.

Q Brought it in on its own power, or towed it in?

A Towed in.

Q You live at Elkton?

A Yes, sir.

Q You were among the first to arrive at the accident?

A It was around 6 o'clock when I went down there.

Q Did you examine the road bed for tracks of Shifflet's car?

A Yes, I noticed where it had turned around off the fill there.

Q Did you have any trouble in locating the tracks of the car?

A No, sir.

Q Were those tracks regular or wabbly, or -- just describe the nature of the tracks.

A Looked as though he just came up there and turned over. The crank case hit the rock, then it skidded about a foot or foot and a half.

Mr. Conrad:

Q You mean the rear end skidded toward the bridge?

A Yes, sir.

Q Now, you're saying, or something like that, it might have been 10. I wouldn't just tell.

Q Did you or not examine the steering apparatus of the car?

A Yes, sir. I pulled it up to the garage. I pulled the car up there. It had one tire in front.

Q Did you have any trouble steering the car?

A No, sir.

Q Steering apparatus all right?

A Yes, sir, it was.

Q Just did you do with it?

A Thought it on to Harrisonburg.

Q Thought it in on its own power, or would it not?

A Would in.

Q You live at Harrison?

A Yes, sir.

Q You were among the first to arrive at the accident?

A It was around 6 o'clock when I went down there.

Q Did you examine the road bed for tracks of vehicles?

A Yes, I noticed where it had turned around and the hill.

Q Did you have any trouble in locating the tracks of the car?

A No, sir.

Q Were there tracks regular or wavy, or -- just describe the nature of the tracks.

A Looked as though he just came up there and turned over.

The wheel came hit the rock, then it skidded about a foot or two and a fall.

Q Mr. Conner:

Q You mean the car was skidded toward the bridge?

A Yes, sir.

Mr. Sarman:

Q So the tracks were regular?

A Yes, sir.

Q What, if anything, did you observe about where you found the car with reference to liquor?

A Signs of liquor been in it.

Q What signs?

A Pieces of glass, pieces of jugs, and it smelt like it.

Q Were those in the car, or where?

A They were found on the running board, piece of jug between the fender and mud guard, some glass in the back end of the car. I believe there was a piece of jug in the back end of the car as well as I recollect.

Q About how far was it from where the curve begins until the car left the abutment?

A There was no curve there. The curve is up where it goes up to the bridge. The curve is just gradual. Around 15 or 20 feet from the end of the bridge, I guess.

Mr. Hammer:

Q You have had a good deal of experience as an automobile mechanic?

A Yes, sir, right smart.

Q I expect you have seen many a Ford that has gone off the road and left tracks just as this car went off?

A Yes, sir, I have seen them go off the road.

Q And you have seen them go off without intent to maim, disfigure disable and kill. You can't tell how they do it?

A I don't know whether he was trying to kill anyone or not.

Q You have seen other wrecks recently occurring the same way that this one occurred, along the same line.

A Yes, sir, I have.

Q And that was neither whisky, or any design to maim,

disfigure, disable or kill?

Question objected to.

Objection *Sustained.*

Q Mr. Fisher, Ford cars frequently have trouble with the steering gears -- steering gears get locked and ditch you to one side.

A Yes, sir; they do that.

Q And for many other causes those things happen which you can't explain, or what does cause the ditching of a Ford car?

A Yes, sir, all of them get out the road if you don't hold to them.

Q And if a man's been out all night, if he is asleep, or been drinking a little bit, why the same thing would happen?

Question objected to.

Good objection.

Q I did not understand you to say that any other car had gone off at that particular point?

A No, sir, none that I recall. Twenty yards below there coming across below there one went over.

Q That was in the mill race?

A Yes, but I did not get that out.

Q So far as the Ford's locking, it locks from having been steered too far to the left or too far to the right, or a rough piece of road, or striking a rock will throw it around and do that?

A Yes, sir, if you haven't got the wheel tight.

Q And if you have these holes that work out in macadam roads and you drop in one, that will do it the same as a stone?

A Yes, sir; if you don't have hold of the wheel.

Q Just about the time this thing happened that road was full of holes, wasn't it?

Statement, please of Bill

Question objected to

Objection *overruled*

Q Mr. Baker, Ford says frequently have trouble with
the steering wheel -- steering gear not latched and it takes you
to the side.

A Yes, sir; that is that.

Q And the jury other causes those things happen when
you don't explain, or what does cause the dislodge of a Ford car?
A Yes, sir, all of them get out the road if you don't

take it down.

Q And if a man's been out all night, it is a safety
on down because a little bit, the new thing would happen

Question objected to

Good objection

Q I did not understand you to say that any other car did

have off at that particular point?

A No, sir, none that I recall. Twenty years before Ford

coming around there were not any.

Q That was in the mill race?

A Yes, but I did not see that out.

Q As far as the Ford's looking, it looks like having been

steered the car to the left or too far to the right, or a truck

knock it over, or anything a truck will knock it around and so that

A Yes, sir, if you haven't got the wheel right.

Q And if you have these holes that work out in accidents

to the end you drop in one, that will do it the same as a stone?

A Yes, sir; if you don't have hold of the wheel.

Q Just about the time this thing happened that road was

Full of holes, wasn't it?

A Yes, sir.

Q You see the guard rail in this photograph along that abutment there for some little distance from the bridge. Was that there at the time the car went over?

A No, that was put up last fall, or along in the winter. Just lately.

Q There was nothing there to keep anyone from going over until that was put up?

A No; there was something on the other side towards Harrisonburg.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. BENJAMIN OFFENBACKER, another witness introduced in the same behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Conrad, deposes as follows:

Q You live at Elkton?

A Yes.

Q How long?

A About 30 years.

Q You are a father-in-law of Jim Armentrout?

A Yes, sir.

Q You know the accused, Dennis Shifflet?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A I haven't knew him more than 3 years - something like that.

Q Did you have any conversation with him in reference to moonshine shortly before the time the car ran off the abutment and injured Mr. Lucas? "

A Yes; several of us were talking there back of my place -- I live between the tannery and the railroad -- several of us standing there talking about liquor and I thought he was under the influence of liquor -- I do not know for certain -- and we got to talking about liquor, and he said, "Well, before I would be taken

Q Yes, sir.

Q Now was the hand call in this photograph along that wall
about there for some little distance from the bridge, was that there
at the time the car went over?

A No, that was put up last fall, or along in the winter.

That is all.

Q There was nothing there to keep anyone from going over

until that was put up?

A Yes, there was something on the other side towards the

bridge.

and towards this direction with me.

THE WITNESS EXAMINED, another witness introduced in the case
before, being first sworn, examined by Mr. Conroy, as follows:

Q You live at Detroit?

A Yes.

Q How long?

A About 20 years.

Q You are a father-in-law of Jim Cunningham?

A Yes, sir.

Q You know the accused, Dennis Whitley?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A I haven't known him more than 2 years - something like that.

Q Did you have any conversation with him in reference to

the shooting before the time the car ran off the road and injured

Mr. Conroy?

A Yes; several of us were talking there back of my place --

I live between the Cannery and the railroad -- several of us

was there talking about it and I thought he was under the in-

fluence of liquor -- I do not know for certain -- and we got to talk-

ing about it and he said, "Well, before I would be taken

with liquor I would suffer death."

Mr. Hammer: I move to strike that out.
I don't think it is permissible.

Judge: Motion denied.

Mr. Hammer: Exception noted.

Q When was it that this conversation occurred?

A Somewhere along about March -- in March.

Q It appears this thing occurred in May, and it was in March before?

A Yes, sir; yes, in March as well as I can remember.

Q You were discussing moonshine?

A Yes.

By Mr. Hammer:

Q What were you doing?

A We wasn't doing anything. This was on Sunday. We was talking about moonshine, and he said he would suffer death before he would be taken. He said before he would be taken on a liquor charge he would suffer death.

Mr. Conrad:

Q Are you in any way related to Mr. Lucas?

A Not in any way, no.

Q Any relation to Dennis Shifflet?

A No, sir.

Q Any ill-feeling?

A No, sir.

Q Any interest in this case in any way?

A No, sir.

Q No relation, blood or any other way?

A No, sir.

By Mr. Hammer:

Q Who were the others that were present when that conversation took place? You said there were several. Name one?

A There were three or four. I don't know who they were.

Q Name one?

A I do not know any.

Q Don't know one?

A No.

Q Can't you think now who it was?

A No.

Q Can't you think of a single man?

A No, sir.

Q You are not a drinking man at all?

A Sir?

Q You don't drink at all?

A No, sir.

Q Don't handle it in any way?

A No, sir.

Q Now what in the world was a man handling liquor or drinking it doing talking to you?

A Just as I stepped up to the crowd I heard them talking.

Q Now, do you know who the crowd was?

A No, sir.

Q Was there a crowd there at all? Or were you by yourself?

A I was with them. I don't know who all was there.

Q This case has been tried before; you knew it was going on; you knew it was at least the fourth investigation of what took place with Dennis Shifflet's conduct that night, and not in a single instance before today have you appeared in this case. Why didn't you come out before?

A I just happened to be in the barber shop talking about this case. That is how it got out.

Q When?

Q Mr. Bennett:

Q Were the others that were present when that conversation

took place? You said there were several, same ones?

A There were three or four, I don't know who they were.

Q Same ones?

A I do not know any.

Q Don't know any?

A No.

Q Don't you think now who it was?

A No.

Q Don't you think of a single name?

A No, sir.

Q You are not a thinking man at all?

A No.

Q You don't think at all?

A No, sir.

Q Don't realize it in any way?

A No, sir.

Q Now what in the world was a man talking about in

concluding it being talking to you?

A Just as I stepped up to the crowd I heard that talking.

Q Now, do you know who the crowd was?

A No, sir.

Q Was there a crowd there at all? Or were you by yourself?

A I was with them, I don't know who all was there.

Q This case has been tried before; you know it was tried

and you know it was at least the fourth investigation of what code

place with Dennis Kilduff's conduct that night, and you in a slight

instance before today have you appeared in this case. By this you

know that before?

A I just happened to be in the water stop talking about

this case. That is how it got out.

Q Where?

A Since this trial has been.

Q Which trial?

A The one before.

Q Which one of the trials?

A The last one you had that it was a hung jury.

Q Who were you talking to?

A Mr. Lucas.

Q Who else?

A I do not know. Several in there, I guess.

Judge: What occurred at that time?

I do not know what occurred at that time.

Q What did you talk about? What did you say?

A Just what I was saying here. That is the way it got out, I guess.

Q That is how Lucas came to hear about the conversation that occurred between you and Shifflet ~~on~~ the remarks you say you heard Shifflet make?

A Yes, then is when we was talking about the Shifflet case. He said it was a hung jury. That is the way they got to talking about it.

Q Mr. Offenbacher, how did you happen to hear this conversation of Dennis Shifflet's?

A It just happened as I came along there.

Q What was Dennis doing?

A Standing there talking with this crowd.

Q Was it on Sunday?

A On Sunday, as I just said a while ago.

Q You thought he was under the influence of liquor at the time.

~~Mr. Conrad: You don't have to testify before the Court as to this matter.~~

Q This statement of yours about Shifflet did not get out until after the trial was over?

A After that trial was over.

Q You remember whether Mr. Marvin Long was in the barber shop at that time?

A I think Mr. Marvin Long was in the barber shop at that time.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. J. F. LUCAS, another witness introduced in the same behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Sarman deposed as follows:

Q You are Mr. J. F. Lucas?

A Yes, sir.

Q A brother of Mr. W. E. Lucas?

A Yes, sir.

Q Mr. Lucas, did you go to the river the morning your brother was hurt -- when the car ran off the abutment into the river?

A Yes, sir.

Q About what time of day did you get there?

A It was before day. It must a been around four or five.

Q Who did you find there?

A I found Mr. Lucas and the man that went over the abutment.

Q Shifflet?

A Shifflet, and several men there.

Q Who were they?

A Mr. Louderback was there.

Q Did you see any evidence of liquor about the place?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you find any liquor yourself?

A Yes, sir.

Q Where?

A Side of a gate post.

Q How much?

A Half gallon jar.

Q Did you see any broken utensils?

A Not just at that time. I found them afterwards.

Q The same day?

A The same morning.

Q Where were they?

A Down along the river bank.

Q What odor, if any, did you detect about the place?

A When I got down there I walked in the gate, there was a man stooped on the ground, and I put my two arms down on his shoulder, and they said, "That is Mr. Shifflet."

Q What odor was about the place?

A Well, there was all kinds of odor -- on both of them.

Q W. B. Lucas your brother?

A Yes, sir.

Q Your brother is not a drinking man?

A No, I never knowed him to take a drink in his life.

Q The odor came from where?

A Off his clothes.

Q Did you observe those tracks of the car that ran into the river?

A Yes, sir.

Q Just describe the nature of those tracks.

A The tracks of the car -- like this was the road -- the

car was on this side (left hand side) coming into the bridge, then it was on the right hand side. This track came up just iver the end, made a curve like that and over the abutment. As soon as I got Mr. Lucas home I looked at that track and went down around the side and looked at the car.

Q What was the distance of that track from the time it started to curve until it ran off?

A It was a straight line. It was a right straight line the same as if a man was going to run off the road some place.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. HERMAN LONGLEY, another witness introduced in the same behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Conrad, deposed as follows:

Q You are Mr. Herman Longley?

A Yes, Longley is my name.

Q You live at Elkton?

A No, this side of Elkton.

Q What is your business?

A I run a garage down there at this time.

Q Were you running a garage at that time?

A No, sir.

Q Mr. Longly did you assist in pulling Dennis Shifflet's car out the river?

A Yes, sir.

Q I believe you and Mr. Bisher got it out?

A Yes, sir.

Q Palled it out?

A Yes.

Q Did you examine the steering apparatus of that car?

A Not in particular. It seemed to be all right when we

pulled it out.

Q You guided the car?

A Mr. Bisher did.

Q Did he have any trouble keeping it in the road?

A Not a bit in the world.

Q Did you notice any liquor about the place?

A No, sir.

Q Smell any?

A Yes.

Q See any broken glass?

A Yes, broken glass jars.

Q Did you not observe the tracks of the Shifflet car as it ran off the abutment into the river?

Q I did not notice that.

Q You didn't observe that?

A No, sir.

Q But you brought Shifflet to Harrisonburg to the hospital?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you detect any odor from his clothes?

A Yes, sir.

A

Q Did you have any conversation with him on his way to Harrisonburg?

A The only thing he said was over the top of the hill at Stoneleigh Inn. I said, "Dennis, you know where you are?" and he said "Uh-hugh".

Q That is all the conversation you had?

A Yes, sir.

Q Who was with you?

A One of the bridge men.

Q Did he say anything when you reached the hospital?

A We started to take him out the car and he said, "Don't drop me."

missed it out.

1 You pulled the card?

2 No, I didn't.

3 Did he have any trouble finding it in the room?

4 Not a bit in the world.

5 Did you notice any signs about the piano?

6 No, sir.

7 Shall I say?

8 Yes.

9 See any broken glass?

10 Yes, there was glass.

11 Did you not observe the tracks of the bottles and

as it was the accident into the street?

12 I did not notice that.

13 You didn't observe that?

14 No, sir.

15 Did you brought bottles to the hospital?

16 Yes, sir.

17 Did you observe any other from his sign?

18 No, sir.

19 Did you have any conversation with him on his way to

the hospital?

20 The only thing he said was over the top of the hill as

standing in the hall, "Dennis, you know where you are?" and he

said "Yes."

21 That is all the conversation you had?

22 Yes, sir.

23 He was with you?

24 One of the bridge men.

25 Did he say anything when you reached the hospital?

26 He started to talk but he said "No" and he said "I'm"

going now."

By Mr. Hammer:

Q Were you a witness at the last trial?

A Yes, sir.

Q You didn't say anything at that trial about Shifflet's statement about dropping him?

A I wasn't asked that.

Q You didn't say anything about him answering you?

A No, sir.

Q As a matter of fact the man was unconscious when he was put in the hospital?

A I did not think he was.

Q You didn't think?

A I didn't know. He might a been playing possum.

Q You had no idea that man was playing possum when you brought him to the hospital?

A I do not know about that.

Q You turned him over to what doctor?

A I do not know.

Q Why didn't you take him to the hospital?

A That was orders.

Q Who made those orders?

A They called me out of bed.

Q As a matter of fact, you know that man was unconscious when you brought him here and put him in the hospital?

A Well, I thought so until he said he thought he knewed where he was at.

Q How did you have him in the car?

A Sitting on the hind seat.

Q Who was holding him?

A A man painting the bridge at that time.

Q How was he holding him?

A Sitting in the corner of the car, sitting against him to keep him from falling over.

Q Daylight or dark?

A Just about day light.

Q In the night?

A In the night -- not when we got out here.

Q What time did you get him to the hospital?

A I did not have any watch -- near about sun-up.

Q Did you testify at all in the case before?

A No, I was not on the stand the other time at all.

Q You mean when the liquor case was tried?

A Yes, sir.

Q You didn't testify in the trial against him for felonious assault?

A No, sir.

Q The one with the Hung jury you did not testify in at all?

A No, sir.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. L. H. BRUCE, another witness introduced in the same behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Conrad, deposes as follows:

Q Mr. Bruce, you are Mayor of the town of Elkton?

A Yes, sir.

Q What time of night was it when you got over to the bridge where Mr. Lucas was hurt?

A Joe Lucas come there and called me just about -- I don't think it was hardly day light.

Q Did you make any observation in regard to tracks when you got there?

A Yes, sir.

Q Describe the tracks as you saw them to the jury?

A The road leading up to the bridge is pretty straight and wide at that point, and there is right smart incline. I suppose about 3 or 3½ degrees hill. The abutment on each side of the bridge is 15 or 18 feet, possibly, between that -- the abutment down to the water. The abutment runs up to the edge of the bridge and this track looked like he was bearing a little to the left, come right around on the lower side and went over that abutment. Didn't seem to be any wavering -- just like a man was going to turn around on that abutment. It was might near room enough to turn a Ford car on the abutment.

Q You mean on the abutment or road?

A It is part of the abutment.

Q You wouldn't like to try it.

A I have seen it done.

Q Does that photograph, "Exhibit C" fairly represent the appearance of the road leading from Elkton to that bridge, of the curve, etc. in it, and also a fair representation of the width of the road, and so on?

A Yes, a good representation, I would think. Not quite as much curve. I think the road is nearly straight.

Q You think the photograph is wrong? This photograph is taken from a point east of the bridge, between the bridge and the town, a short distance east of the bridge.

A Yes.

Q Is there any curve in the road between the town of Elkton and that point there?

A There is a very, very little curve, if any, looking west from Elkton.

Q Then, as you approach the bridge at this point here, about opposite where the electric light pole is shown on that picture, is there a slight curve going to the mouth of the bridge?

A Yes, sir.

Q Describe the tracks as you see them in the left
 A The road leading up to the bridge is pretty straight
 and runs to that point, and there is right away
 40 degrees about 2 or 2 1/2 degrees hill. The abutment on each side of
 the bridge is 12 or 13 feet, possibly, between that -- the abutment
 drops to the water. The abutment runs up to the edge of the water
 and this foundation runs to the center a little to the left,
 and this runs along on the lower side and runs that distance.
 Can't see it in any section -- just like a run was going in
 from around all that section. It was right near room enough to
 make a hole out on the abutment.

Q You mean on the abutment to the left
 A It is part of the abutment.
 Q The center line to the left
 A It runs about 11 feet.
 Q Does that photograph, Exhibit 2, fairly represent the
 appearance of the road leading from Dixon to that bridge, at
 the place, etc. in it, and also a fair representation of the width
 of the road, and so on?
 A Yes, a good representation, I would think. Not quite
 as much curve. I think the road is nearly straight.
 Q The main the photograph is wrong. This photograph is
 taken from a point east of the bridge, between the bridge and the
 river, a short distance east of the bridge.

Q Yes.
 Q Is there any curve in the road between the two abutments
 and that point east?
 A There is a very, very little curve. It may, looking
 east from Dixon.
 Q Then, as you approach the bridge at this point here,
 about opposite where the electric light pole is shown on that
 picture, is there a slight curve going to the south of the bridge?
 A Yes, etc.

Q Then this photograph "C" does fairly represent the width of the road at that point?

A Yes, sir; I think it does.

Q Are you familiar with that road that comes across from the Harnsberger place, or where Chap Lam lives, over through the boom land, across the Norfolk & Western Railroad, a short distance below the station there?

A Yes, sir.

Q Is that a regularly laid out county road, or just a zig-zag path made by cars?

A It is not a laid out road. Just kinda zig-zags around the hills, goes over hills and zig-zags. It whips around the hills and comes back and crosses the railroad.

Q It is not a state road?

A Not a state road at all. Just a zig-zag road made by people going over the boom land. It comes out on what is known as the Fort Republic road.

Q Did you notice any sign of broken jugs or these jars commonly used for moonshine?

A Yes, sir. I went down there that morning, got some parties to stay there, and called Mr. Dillard, and not to let them bother anything.

Q Were there any jugs?

A Yes, sir.

Q What evidence?

A I saw some broken fruit jars. The box cans come in also was there.

Q Notice any broken jugs or pieces?

A Yes, sir, broken jugs.

Q Any odor of liquor around the car or these broken jugs?

A Yes, the odor was strong, and was strong on the car when it was pulled out the river.

Q Then this photograph "V" does fairly represent the width of the road at that point?

A Yes, sir; I think it does.

Q Are you familiar with that road that comes across from the intersection place, or where they take it over through the road, across the bridge to western railroad, a short distance after the station there?

A Yes, sir.

Q Is that a regularly laid out county road, or just a side road made by water?

A It is not a laid out road. That kind of a road across the hills, goes over hills and ridges. It winds around the hills and comes back and crosses the railroad.

Q Is it not a side road?

A That is what you call it. Just a side road made by people going over the hills. It comes out on that in about as the first regular road.

Q Did you see any sign of broken glass or other things scattered about the neighborhood?

A Yes, sir. I went down there that morning, but was unable to find any, and called Mr. Hillard, and he did not see any broken anything.

Q Were there any signs?

A Yes, sir.

Q What evidence?

A I saw some broken fruit jars. The box came down in the car there.

Q Did you see any broken jars or things?

A Yes, sir, broken jars.

Q Any other of signs around the car or these broken jars?

A Yes, the color was strong, and was strong on the car.

When it was pulled out the river.

By Mr. Hammer:

Q How long had the car been in the river when it was pulled out?

A It was about half past eight when I pulled it out with the truck.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. MARVIN LONG, another witness introduced in the same behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Sarman, deposed as follows:

Q You are Mr. Marvin Long?

A Yes, sir.

Q You live near Elkton?

A Yes.

Q Were you over at the Shenandoah bridge on the Rockingham Turnpike when the Shifflet car ran into the river?

A Yes.

Q What time did you get there?

A It was about 8 o'clock, I think.

Q Did you observe the tracks of that car where it ran off the road down into the river?

A Yes, sir.

Q Just describe to the jury the nature of those tracks.

A From where I could locate the tracks, or follow it back where it went over -- I could follow it back possibly a distance of 15 feet -- it was just a natural track just like a man driving off the road into another track. I saw nothing peculiar about it. Just like you would be driving into another road.

Q Nothing irregular or wabbly about it?

A No, sir. I looked to see if the wheels had skidded

Q Now, Mr. [Name],

did you see the car in the river when it was

pushed out?

A It was about half past eight when I pushed it out with

the [Name].

Did you see this [Name] with you?

MR. HARRIS: Another witness introduced in the same

method, being first sworn, examined by Mr. Harris, deposed

as follows:

Q You are Mr. [Name],

is that right?

A Yes, sir.

A Now,

did you see the car in the river when it was

pushed out by the [Name] into the river?

A Yes.

Q What time did you see that?

A It was about 8 o'clock, I think.

Q Did you observe the tracks of that car when it was

off the road down into the river?

A Yes, sir.

Q What description do you give of the nature of these tracks?

A From where I could locate the tracks, or follow it down

where it went over -- I could follow it back possibly a distance

of 10 feet -- it was just a natural track, just like a man driving

off the road into another track. I saw nothing peculiar about it.

Q Now, you would be driving into another track,

is that irregular or wobbly about it?

A No, sir. I looked to see if the wheels had ridden

There seemed to be no evidence of it having skidded any. Just a natural turn.

Q Did you see any liquor?

A I did not see any. I smelt some. I reckon you have a right to believe your sense of smell as well as your sight and taste.

Q Did you see any?

A I picked up a jug with a corn cob stopper, - just a jug, and smelt it and taken it home. I taken it so if anyone asked me what he had I would have something to show them. You have to go by your nose or smell when you can't see a thing.

Q You said you followed the track back about 15 feet?

A Yes, sir; about 15 feet.

Q It was then turning at an angle of about 45 degrees?

A Yes, sir.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. W. E. LUCAS, recalled, examined by Mr. Hammer, testified as follows:

Q Did you see George Herring and Luther Shifflet?

A Who?

Q Mr. George Herring and Luther Shifflet?

A No, sir. I saw Shifflet. I do not know whether it was Luther or who. There was two people appeared at my door. They said they was Shifflett's.

Q Did you make the statement that you had hold of the steering wheel?

A Absolutely not.

Q As a matter of fact, did you have hold of the steering wheel at the time it went over?

A No, sir; if I had had it it never would a went over.

And further this deponent saith not.

There seems to be no evidence of it having happened. That is
all that I can say.

Q Did you see any fingerprints?

A I did not see any. I would have. I reckon you have a
right to believe your thumb as well as your right and left.

Q Did you see any?

A I picked up a job with a darn and stopped. - Just a job,
and when it was taken it was. I took it so it should be
what he had I would have something to show them. You have to go
to your house or smell that you can't see a thing.

Q You said you followed the track back about 15 feet?

A Yes, sir, about 15 feet.

Q It was then turning at an angle of about 45 degrees?

A Yes, sir.

and further this document with me.

Mr. W. E. Jones, recalled, examined by Mr. Hunter.

Testified as follows:

Q Did you see George Herring and Luther Shifflet?

A Yes.

Q Mr. George Herring and Luther Shifflet?

A No, sir. I saw Shifflet. I do not know whether it was
Luther or who. There was two people appeared at my door. They
with me was Shifflet's.

Q Did you make the statement that you had held at the
electric wheel?

A Absolutely not.

Q As a matter of fact, did you have hold at the electric
wheel at the time it went over?

A No, sir; if I had had it it never would have been over.

and further this document with me.

DR. J. L. WRIGHT, another witness introduced in the same behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Conrad, deposes as follows:

Q Doctor, you are a practicing physician in Harrisonburg?

A Yes.

Q How long have you been practicing your profession, Doctor?

A Since 1914.

Q I believe you are a surgeon, and operate here and practice in the Rockingham Memorial Hospital?

A Yes, sir.

Q Before coming here you were at the University Hospital at Charlottesville.

A About six years.

Q You remember seeing this man, Dennis Shifflet, when he was brought to the hospital on the night the car went over the abutment?

A Do I remember seeing him at the hospital?

A Yes.

A The University Hospital?

Q Rockingham Memorial Hospital.

A No, sir, I did not see him.

Q I thought you were there when he was brought to the hospital.

A No.

Q I was under the impression that Dr. Wright was there when Shifflet reached the hospital.

A No; I did not see Mr. Shifflet at all.

By Mr. Earsen:

Q You did treat W. E. Lucas?

A Yes, sir.

DR. J. L. WRIGHT, another witness introduced in the same
deposition, being first sworn, examined by Mr. Court, depose as

follows:

Q Doctor, you are a practicing physician in Harrisonburg?

A Yes.

Q How long have you been practicing your profession?

Answer:

A About 1912.

Q I believe you are a surgeon, and operate here and

practice in the Washington Hospital Hospital?

A Yes, sir.

Q Where coming here you were at the University Hospital

at Charlottesville.

A About six years.

Q You remember seeing this man, Dennis Shifflet, when

he was brought to the hospital on the night the car went over the

embankment?

A No, I remember seeing him at the hospital.

Q Yes.

Q The University Hospital?

A Washington Hospital Hospital.

A No, sir, I did not see him.

Q I thought you were there when he was brought to the

hospital.

A No.

Q I was under the impression that Dr. Wright was there

when Shifflet reached the hospital.

A No; I did not see Dr. Shifflet at all.

By Mr. Attorney:

Q You did meet Dr. E. L. Lantry?

A Yes, sir.

Q Just describe to the jury the nature of Mr. Lucas' injuries.

A I saw Mr. Lucas sometime after he had been injured. He had been home and came in to see me. He had a compound comminuted fracture of the lower leg, and evidently a piece of bone had punctured the skin from which he had gotten an infection of the bone which is called osteomyelitis. Two pieces of loose bone had to be removed.

A Have you examined him lately?

A Last week. His wound has not completely healed.

Q His wound has not healed?

A No, it hasn't healed yet.

Q He received other injuries too, didn't he? A scalp wound?

A I did not see those.

Q Wasn't you present when he was first received into the hospital?

A No, sir.

And further this deponent saith not.

And this being all of the evidence introduced on behalf of the Commonwealth in chief, the defendant to maintain the issue on his behalf introduced

W. L. DILLARD, who, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Hammer, deposes as follows:

Q Mr. Dillard, at the time Mr. Lucas was injured, you were sheriff of Rockingham County?

A Yes, sir.

Q And he was your deputy?

A Yes, sir.

Q What time did you hear of the injury to Mr. Lucas?

A I suppose it was about 5 o'clock in the morning.

Q How did you hear it?

Q Just describe to the jury the nature of Mr. Jones' in-

juries.

A I saw Mr. Jones sometime after he had been injured. He
had been here and was in to see me. He had a compound comminuted
fracture of the lower jaw, and evidently a piece of bone had penetrated
the skin from which he had gotten an infection of the bone which is
called osteomyelitis. Two pieces of bone were found in the wound.

Q Have you examined him lately?

A Last week. His wound has not completely healed.

Q His wound has not healed?

A No. It hasn't healed yet.

Q He received other injuries too, didn't he? A scalp wound?

A I did not see those.

Q When you present when he was first admitted into the

hospital?

A Yes, sir.

Q And further this document says not.

Q The main object of the evidence introduced in detail of
the defendant is that, the defendant to maintain the law in the

defendant's interest?

A J. L. DILLARD, who, being first duly sworn, examined by me,

deposes, as follows:

Q Mr. Dillard, at the time Mr. Jones was injured, you were

located at Buchanan County?

A Yes, sir.

Q And he was your deputy?

A Yes, sir.

Q What time did you hear of the injury to Mr. Jones?

A I suppose it was about 5 o'clock in the morning.

Q How did you hear it?

A They brought Mr. Shifflet to my home. It was break of day.

Q Who brought him? Do you know?

A No, sir, I do not recall just who brought him. Three men, I think.

Q What was his condition when there?

A He was in an unconscious condition.

Q What did you do with him?

A I sent them to the hospital with him, and I called Dr. Biedler to go out.

Q Do you know how long he was unconscious?

A No, sir, I do not.

Q You saw him frequently?

A I was in his room several times; yes.

Q When you learned what had happened, did you go to Elkton?

A Yes, sir; I went right away. I sent those men to the hospital with Mr. Shifflet, sent for Dr. Biedler, immediately got my car and went to Elkton.

Q Did you break the speed limit?

A No doubt I did.

Q Then what did you do?

A When I got to the bridge, I saw some parties there and I asked where Mr. Lucas was and they said he was home, I went on out where he was at his home and had a few words with him, and called back to Harrisonburg and got Mr. Higgs to come down with his ambulance and move Mr. Lucas to the hospital. I got a truck and some men to take the car out the river.

Q Did you have anyone to preserve the evidence around the place?

A No, sir, I did not.

Q You didn't put anyone there?

A No, sir, I did not.

A They brought Mr. Hillier to my house. It was about

of day.

Q Who brought him? Do you know?

A Yes, sir, I do not recall just who brought him. Three

and I think.

Q What was his condition when they?

A He was in an unconscious condition.

Q What did you do with him?

A I went down to the hospital with him, and I called

Dr. Hillier to go out.

Q Do you know how long he was unconscious?

A No, sir, I do not.

Q How was his breathing?

A I was in his room several times; you

know you learned what had happened, did you go to

him?

A Yes, sir; I went right away. I went down to the

hospital with Mr. Hillier, sent for Dr. Hillier, (immediately) and he

and went to him.

Q Did you break the glass?

A No, about I did.

Q When was that?

A When I got to the bridge, I saw some parties there and

I asked where Mr. Lucas was and they said he was home. I went up and

there he was at the door and had a few words with him, and called him

to the hospital and got Mr. Hillier to come down with him. I

took him to the hospital. I got a trunk and went on to take

the car and the trunk.

Q Did you have anyone to preserve the evidence around

the glass?

A No, sir, I did not.

Q For didn't put anyone there?

A No, sir, I did not.

Q In your investigation, Mr. Dillard, didn't you try to follow the tracks of the car that went over the embankment? If so, tell the jury in your own way about how the tracks were.

A I saw -- the tracks were visible to the eye.

Q Tell the jury how they were and how they were located?

A If I had a map, --

Q You made, I believe, at the last trial, a drawing yourself?

A Yes.

Q You was at that time introduced as a witness on behalf of the Commonwealth?

A Yes.

Q And the drawing I now hand you you made at the instance of the Commonwealth in answer to the question of the Commonwealth at that time?

A Yes, sir.

Q Now, Mr. Dillard, I want you to take the evidence introduced here, "Exhibit B", and indicate if you can with another pencil just how you saw that track. You better use pen.

A Here's the gate. Now, then, right beyond that gate the abutment started going into that bridge, and right there that car was over on this side near the edge of the abutment where you start in to the right side. That car come out from there into here, made a square turn in about six or eight feet from the mouth of the bridge, right into the river.

Q In other words, you have indicated on the map bearing from the north side to the south and then to the north, and off?

A It beared back to the south in this direction and made a diagonal turn and went right over.

Q Mr. Dillard, what words would you term the tracks?

A "Wavering" tracks. That's the way I stated it before. Wavery. I expresed it in "wavery".

Q You mean the wheel left a wavering track?

A I did not mean that the wheels left a wavery track. What I meant was that this car was down in here to the edge where you start in here at the edge of the abutment, and that it came from the edge, or beyond this gate where you approach into the bridge. It was over to the right, near the edge, and then it pulled back into the center of the approach and went up on the approach considerable distance, and then turned within six or eight feet of the mouth, and down into the river.

Q Made a sharp curve?

A Yes, sir, plain for anybody to see.

Q The pen marks on the face of "Exhibit C" is introduced by the witness to explain his statement.

You made careful, painstaking examination of the situation down there?

A I did, yes, sir.

Cross examination by Mr. Conrad:

Q In this picture, marked "Exhibit C", according to your drawing the car did run up to the abutment and out straight up the road, which is impossible in the very nature of things in the operation of a car. You mean that is a general outline of the way the track ran. You have the gate away back here and your abutment comes way back here. "B" starts the curve near a telephone pole. You intentionally or unintentionally started the mark near the electric light pole. You start your mark back here at not a point opposite the gate, but a point near the electric light pole. Did you mean to start at a point opposite the electric light pole or the telephone pole?

A I am governed by the approach of the bridge.

Q There are two poles on photograph "C" and only one pole on photograph "B". I want to know if he wants this mark to begin opposite the gate, or back down here at the electric light pole.

A I did not mean that the wheels left a wavy track.
 What I meant was that this car was down in here in the edge where you
 stand in here at the edge of the abutment, and that it came from the
 edge, or beyond this gate where you approach into the bridge. It was
 over to the right, near the edge, and that it pulled back into the
 center of the approach and went up on the approach considerably dis-
 tance, and then turned right into the right foot of the water, and
 down into the river.

Q That's a sharp curve?

A Yes, sir, plain for anybody to see.

Q The two marks on the face of "Exhibit 7" is identical

to the witness to explain his statement.

Yes, sir, the witness, pointing out the witness

the two marks?

A I did, sir.

Direct examination by Mr. Conner:

Q In this picture, marked "Exhibit 6", according to

your drawing, you see the car up to the abutment and not against

of the road, which is impossible in the very nature of things in the

operation of a car. You mean that in a general outline of the way

the track ran. You have the gate very close here and your abutment

down - very close here. "B" states the curve near a telephone pole.

You intentionally or unintentionally started the car near the

electric light pole. You start your car back here at not a point

opposite the gate, but a point near the electric light pole. Did

you mean to start at a point opposite the electric light pole at the

telephone pole?

A I am governed by the approach of the bridge.

Q There are two poles on photograph "C" and only one pole

on photograph "B". I want to know if he wants this mark to begin

opposite the gate, or back down here at the electric light pole.

A The mark goes beyond that gate.

Q Then this drawing is an error that you have made. Start your line near the electric light pole. Your line should be started up there. You don't mean to say by this drawing that such a track as you say extended from the electric light pole, but the track you meant to put on here began at a point west of this telephone pole, didn't it?

A I was not governed by the telephone pole. I was governed by the approach to the bridge. There is a long approach going into that bridge. I mean the car went to the right of the approach as it entered, then pulled out to the center, turned a square turn, went right off within six or eight feet of the approach.

Q I want to point out the fact that the pen drawing does not correspond with your word description. It makes a sharp turn, apparently right at the beginning of the abutment, a sharp turn at right angles across the road, which a car couldn't do. Here's the gate, here's where the car went down. This is the river running south, ^{this the road} coming from Elkton toward the bridge, and this the gate as you approach the bridge.

A Yes, sir.

Q Now, what did this line mean?

A This shows the abutment of the approach going into the left.

Q The abutment does not stick out in the road.

A No.

Q That was not intended to be a drawing of the tracks of the car?

A Oh, no.

Q Nothing on this was intended to show the tracks?

A No, sir.

Q This represents the abutment and entrance to the bridge, and this the gate. Here's the center of the track. That

A The work was beyond that date.

B Then this drawing is an error that you have made.

Start your line near the electric light pole. Your line should be
extended in there. You don't mean to say by this drawing that work
is done as you are extended from the electric light pole, and the
fact you think to get on here began at a point west of this line.

These poles, aren't they?

A I was not governed by the telephone poles. I was governed

by the approach to the bridge. There is a long approach pole into
the bridge. I mean the car went to the right of the approach as it
entered, then pulled out to the center, turned a square turn, and
went left within six or eight feet of the approach.

B I want to point out the fact that the pen drawing does

not correspond with your word description. It shows a sharp turn,

essentially right at the beginning of the approach, a sharp curve at

right angle across the road, which a car couldn't do. Here's the

pen drawing where the car went down. This is the river turning south

coming from the river toward the bridge, and this the gate as you approach

the bridge.

A Yes, sir.

B Now, what is this line meant?

A This shows the extension of the approach pole into the

road.

B The extension does not extend out in the road.

A No.

B That was not intended to be a drawing of the transit of

the car?

A Oh, no.

B Nothing on this was intended to show the transit

A No, sir.

B This represents the approach and entrance to the

bridge, and this the gate. Here's the center of the track. That

drawing indicated the way you thought the track went.

A This car was over here to the right. Now right in here was the edge of this abutment, and here was some posts and some wire fence. The car went out gradually like that within six or eight feet of the entrance of the bridge and made a turn like this.

Q You see this car couldn't do that?

A A Ford car can do most anything.

Q You have drawn that at right angle, right straight to the abutment. You can't run a car up to the edge of a thing like that. Your drawing does that. It couldn't have been as you have drawn it. It had to be on a curve. The track which you saw and which you are describing was on the right hand side.

A Yes, sir.

Q A portion of the way up the abutment it curved toward the north side, and when it reached this point it curved near the center of the road and when it got there it curved toward the north side of the abutment and went straight over.

A Straight over.

Q Yes, after it got curve enough. Did you see the car on the rock?

A No, sir, I did not see the crank case hit it.

Q When you came up to make that examination you parked your car some little distance from the bridge toward uptown?

A Yes. Uptown and to the left hand side of the pike. The right hand side as I went in.

Q Were there many cars there?

A Yes, some.

Q As many as 50 cars parked along there?

A No, not 50 cars. There were several there.

Q More than two or three cars? Nearer 50 and two or three?

A There were only two or three cars there when I went in.

As I came back up from Mr. Lucas' there were a number of people there and some cars. I suppose 12 or 15 cars.

Q As far as you know nobody had blocked the road or prevented the cars from running back and forth across the track?

A No, sir.

Juror: Q Had the car skidded?

A No, sir.

Q At the point where the car went over the abutment was there any indication that the rear wheels skidded around the bridge?

A I didn't see anything to show that they had skidded.

Q Nobody called your attention to it?

A No sir.

Q You did not have any trouble seeing evidences of moonshine, did you?

A No, sir. I had no trouble in seeing it or in smelling it; it was visible both ways.

Q Did you talk to Dennis Shifflet afterwards about it?

A Yes.

Q I mean down there?

A No, sir, I never saw him down there. I saw him at the hospital.

Q How long was that after he had been taken to the hospital?

A I think it was the second day. I went in and sat there and talked to him.

Q He appeared to be rational?

A At first I thought he was, but after talking to him I did not think he was.

Q When he was brought to your house in the car, of course he remained outside in the car until the fellow came in for you?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you come out and get in that car?

Q As I can look up from Mr. Lunn's chair, there were a number of people there
and some were, I suppose, in the car.

A As far as you know, nobody had checked the road or pro-
ceeded the way from running back and forth across the road?

A No, sir.

Q Now, did the car stop?

A No, sir.

Q At the point where the car was, the defendant was
there and indicated that the rear wheels skidded around the right?

A I didn't see anything to show that they had skidded.

Q Heavily called your attention to it?

A No, sir.

Q You did not have any trouble seeing witnesses or any-

thing, did you?

A No, sir. I had no trouble in seeing it or in seeing

it; it was visible both ways.

Q Did you talk to Dennis Hillier afterwards about it?

A Yes.

Q I mean down there?

A No, sir, I never saw him down there. I was in at the

hospital.

Q How long was that after he had been taken to the hospital?

A I think it was the second day. I went in and out there

and talked to him.

Q He appeared to be reasonably

A At first I thought he was, but after talking to him I

did not think he was.

Q When he was brought to your house in the car, of course

he remained outside in the car until the fellow came in the front

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you ever get out in that car?

A No, sir; I just came out and talked to the man and saw the condition Shifflet was in.

Q What was the condition you saw him in?

A He was in a state of unconsciousness.

Q What condition was he in? See any evidence of liquor?

A The car was saturated with whisky. I could smell it.

Q You mean car or clothes of Dennis Shifflet?

A I suppose it was his clothes.

Judge: Q You could smell the whisky?

A Yes, sir; plainly.

Q Who talked to you?

A One of the men driving the car?

Q Longlay?

A There was three men with this man. I don't know which one.

Q Was there a fellow on the back seat?

A The three men was standing on my walk.

Q Where was Dennis?

A He was in the rear seat leaning over, groaning like.

Q Who talked to you?

A I talked to one of the men.

Q One of the men?

A Yes.

Q You did not talk to Dennis Shifflet?

A No, sir.

Q You don't know whether he would have responded to a question?

A I am sure he would not.

Q You judge of his consciousness solely by his appearance?

Q Now, with that, I just want you to go back to the car and see
 the condition of the car in.
 Q What was the condition you saw the car in?
 A It was in a state of abandonment.
 Q What condition was the car in? Was the evidence in it?
 A The car was parked with the door open, I could see it.
 Q Was there any evidence of tampering with the car?
 A I suspect it was his car.

Q Now, you would recall the witness
 A Yes, six days.

Q Now, you talked to you?
 A One of the men driving the car?
 Q Talking?
 A There was three men with this car. I don't know which
 one.
 Q The three men were talking to the man?
 A The three men were standing on the side.
 A There was a man?
 A He was in the rear seat leaning over, speaking into.
 Q Who talked to you?
 A I talked to one of the men.
 Q One of the men?
 A Yes.
 Q You did not talk to James Whittaker?
 A No, sir.
 Q You don't know whether he would have recognized a
 person?

A I am sure he would not.
 Q You judge of his abandonment solely by his appearance?

A The condition of that man was enough for me to know. You could see by looking at the man. I knew he was seriously hurt. I, of course, did not know, and I was very much interested about Mr. Lucas.

Judge: Q You did not address any remarks to him?

A That's all, your Honor.

Q You only saw him?

A Just saw him

Q Nobody else asked him any questions while there?

A No.

Q Did you go with him to the hospital?

A No: I got my clothes and car and proceeded to Elkton. I called the doctor to look after this man.

And further this deponent saith not.

LUTHER SHIFFLET, a witness introduced on behalf of the defendant, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Hammer, deposed as follows:

Q Mr. Shifflet, where do you live? And what relation are you to Dennis Shifflet?

A I live in Albemarle, and a brother to him.

Q You live in Albemarle, and are a brother of the accused?

A Yes, sir.

Q Were you here to see him when he was in the hospital?

A Yes, sir, I were.

Q When did you come to see him?

A Sunday after this occurred.

Q It occurred Friday morning?

A I do not know what day it occurred.

Q But you came here on Sunday after this happened?

A Sunday after this happened.

Q Did you see him at the hospital?

A Did I see him?

Q Yes.

A My brother?

Q Yes.

A Yes, sir, I went in to see him.

Q Did he know you?

A He did not have anything to say.

Q Who was with you?

A His wife, my other brother and George Herring.

Q After seeing your brother, and you said nothing to him, did you see Mr. Lucas?

A Yes.

Q What did you say to Mr. Lucas?

A I did not say anything. I went in the room. Mr. Herring talked. He made mention of the wreck, claiming he had hold

...witness introduced on behalf of the
...being first this woman, examined by Dr. Janner, 44-
...as follows:

Q Mr. Hoffman, where do you live? and what relation are
you to George Hoffman?

A I live in Alameda, and a brother of his.
Q And live in Alameda, and are a brother of the company?

A Yes, sir.

Q Were you here to see him when he was in the hospital?

A Yes, sir, I was.

Q How did you come to see him?

A Through the company.

Q It occurred Friday morning?

A I do not know what day it occurred.

Q But you came here on Monday after this happened?

A Monday after this happened.

Q Did you see him at the hospital?

A Did I see him?

A Yes.

Q How frequently?

A Yes.

Q Now, sir, I want to see him.

Q Did he know you?

A He did not have anything to say.

Q How was with you?

A He was with me, my other brother and George Hoffman.

Q After seeing your brother, and you said nothing to him,

...Dr. Janner?

A Yes.

Q What did you say to Dr. Janner?

A I did not say anything. I went in the room. Dr. Janner

...was talking. He made mention of the week, and also he had told

the steering wheel when he went over the wall.

Q Who was he talking to?

A George Herring and myself.

Q Where was Kelley Shifflet?

A I don't know whether he was up in the room with my brother.

Q George Herring is the father of Dennis' wife?

A Yes.

Q You went into see Mr. Lucas while there at the Hospital?

A I went to see him the same as my brother.

Cross examination by Mr. Conrad:

Q You live in Albemarle?

A Yes, sir.

Q You came across the mountain with him the night he was arrested?

A No. I did not see him?

Q Did not see him while over there?

A No, sir.

Q How long had he been in the hospital when you went to see him?

A It was Sunday after it occurred.

Q You were not in the car?

A No, sire.

Q You did not see him in the afternoon he left over there?

A No, sir. He said he was in church.

Q What church?

A The church in the hollow.

Q There are a good many "churches in the hollow."

Where was Mr. Lucas?

A Down stairs. I do not know what room.

the following report which he sent over the radio:

Q Who was he talking to?

A George Lawrence and myself.

Q Where was he talking to?

A I don't know whether he was up in the room with my

brother.

Q Did you see him in the hospital?

A Yes.

Q How long did you see him in the hospital?

A I went to see him the same as my brother.

Q Did you see him in the hospital?

A Yes, in the hospital.

A Yes, sir.

Q How long did you see him in the hospital?

Q How long?

A No, I did not see him.

Q Did you see him while over there?

A No, sir.

Q How long had he been in the hospital when you went to

see him?

A It was Sunday after it occurred.

Q How long was he in the hospital?

A No, sir.

Q How long did you see him in the afternoon he left your father's

home, sir, he said he was in church.

Q What church?

A The church in the hospital.

Q There are a good many churches in the hospital?

Q Where was Dr. Ingram?

A Down stairs. I do not know what room.

Q When you went in the front door -- Did you go in the front door?

A I guess it was the front door.

Q When you went in the front door, you went through the hall and up the steps. Did you turn to the right and go out a hallway to get to Mr. Lucas' room?

A I went straight out the hall. As well as I remember it was to the right.

Q Who else went with you?

A George Herring.

Q How did he happen to be there?

A He went up with us.

Q Where did he get with you?

A Left his place with us.

Q What kin was he to Lucas?

A Well, I don't know.

Q What to Dennis?

A Dennis married his daughter.

Q His son-in-law?

A Yes.

Q Was that where you came to when you came across the mountain?

A I came to my brother's wives.

Q Was that where George Herring lived?

A All lived pretty well together there.

Q Is that the first you heard of your brother being hurt?

A I heard they were both hurt before I left home.

Q You came to George Herring's?

A To my brother's wives.

Q Whose car?

A My brother's. My brother and I come together.

Q Whose car?

A Kelley's, my brother's. Kelley's car.

Q Whose care did you come in?

A My own brother's car.

Q You never had known Mr. Lucas?

A No, sir.

Q How did it happen that you went in to see a stranger?

A Anybody gets to a place like that they wanted to see him?

Q Just wanted to see somebody hurt.

A To see how he was getting along.

Q Was there a nurse in the room?

A No, I don't think it was.

Q Was any other person in the room?

A Not that I know of.

Q Who did you get permission from?

A Well, the doctor, I guess, or the nurses.

Q Who got the permission?

A I went in with my uncle, George Herring. He was authorized to go in by someone in the hospital.

Q You were with him?

A Yes; he got the permission.

Q Who did he get the permission from?

A I guess that lady out there.

Q You say you were with him. I want to know whether it was a lady or a man?

A I guess it was a lady. He asked permission.

Q Why do you have to guess, Mr. Shifflet, when you were with him when he got it?

A I was along, but I did not pay any attention to his getting permission.

Q And you are unable to tell the jury whether it was a

man or woman who gave that permission?

A As well as I know about it, it was that lady there that gave permission.

Q Lady where?

A In the hospital.

Q She was on the right hand side in a little office room?

A I think she was.

Q Did they send any nurse along with you?

A Not as I remember of.

Q What time of day was it when you went to his room?

Morning or evening?

A Morning.

Q About what time?

A I do not know.

Q Nine o'clock?

A I could not just tell you. It was in the morning.

Q Can't you tell whether it was near 9 o'clock or 12?

Can't you give the jury any idea of whether it was near 9 or 12 o'clock?

A It was a right smart little while in the morning.

Q Do you mean it was 11 o'clock?

A No, it was not 11 o'clock.

Q I mean when you went in to the Lucas room. You were not in there, as a matter of fact, at all, were you?

A Yes, sir, I was in there.

Q Was it about 12 o'clock when you went in there?

A I have told you about all I can tell you.

Q You can't tell whether it was about 9 o'clock or 12 o'clock when you went in Mr. Lucas' room?

A I would not say it was 12 o'clock. It was a little while in the morning.

Q You could not tell whether it was a man or woman you got permission from, nor whether it was 9 o'clock or 12 o'clock when you

can we discuss the case that...
 as well as I know about it, it was that last time...
 your permission.
 O. Lady where?
 A. In the hospital.
 O. Was she in the right hand side in a little office room?
 A. I think she was.
 O. Did you know any nurse along with you?
 A. Not so I remember it.
 O. What time of day was it when you went to his room?
 A. About an evening.
 O. Evening.
 O. About what time?
 A. I do not know.
 O. How long?
 A. I would not say I'll say. It was in the morning.
 O. Don't you tell whether it was near a window or not?
 A. I don't know the time nor place of whether it was near a window
 or not.
 O. It was a right hand side in the morning.
 A. I do not know it was in a room?
 O. Is it near a window?
 A. I do not know you want in the house room. You were
 not in there, as a matter of fact, at all, were you?
 O. Yes, sir, I was in there.
 O. Was it about in a room when you were in there?
 A. I have told you about all I can tell you.
 O. You don't tell whether it was about a window or not?
 A. I do not know you want in the house room?
 O. I would not say it was in a room. It was a little
 while in the morning.
 O. You don't tell whether it was a room or when you were
 in there, nor whether it was a window or in a room when you

when you went to Mr. Lucas' room. How can you tell anything about what was said in the conversation with Lucas?

A No, I do not know that there was anything said.

Q What was said between you and him?

A I don't know what was said.

Q Certainly you know what was said. I am asking you again what conversation took place in the room?

A I went in to see him and he got up the conversation. Said he thought he had hold the steering wheel when it went over the wall. I went in to see him and while I was in to see him he had conversation there, and in the conversation it was spoken of having the wreck, and claimed that he had hold the steering wheel when it went over the wall.

Q What else, if anything, was said by you to him, or by him to you except that he had hold of the steering wheel when it went over the wall?

A Nothing else said concerning it I know of.

Q How long were you in there?

A A very little while.

Q Five minutes?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you sit down?

A Yes, sir.

Q I suppose it happens that there were chairs in the room.

A There were chairs in there.

Q At the time you and George Herring were in there you are certain that there were chairs in there and that you sat down -- as certain as he said he had hold of the steering wheel. How does it happen that you don't remember anything that was said while you were in there except that he said he had hold of the steering wheel when the car went over?

A I wasn't thinking anything was going to come of this at

Q When you went to Mr. Innes' room, how did you tell engine number
what was said in the conversation with Innes?

A No, I do not know that there was anything said.

Q What was said between you and him?

A I don't know what was said.

Q Certainly you know what was said, I am asking you again.

Q What conversation took place in the room?

A I don't know what was said between you and him.

Q Did he say anything about the steering wheel when it went over
the wall? I want to see him and while I was in to see him he
had conversation there, and in the conversation it was spoken of
having the wheel, and I said that he had held the steering wheel
when it went over the wall.

Q That also, if anything, was said by you to him, or by
him to you except that he had held the steering wheel when it
went over the wall?

A Nothing else was said concerning it I know of.

Q How long were you in there?

A A very little while.

Q Give minutes?

A Two, sir.

Q Did you sit down?

A Yes, sir.

Q I suppose it happens that there were chairs in the room.

A There were chairs in there.

Q At the time you and George Karpis were in there you saw
chairs that there were chairs in there and that you sat down --

Q On certain he said he had held the steering wheel. How does
it happen that you don't remember anything that was said while you
were in there except that he said he had held the steering wheel
when the car went over?

A I haven't thinking anything was going to come of this at

all. I did not keep any remembrance.

Q After you had this conversation with him, where did you go then?

A I went home.

Q Did not go back up to your brother's room?

A I don't know that I did or not. We went home.

Q What time was it when you left town?

A I do not know the time we left.

Q The nurses ran you out of the room, didn't they?

A The doctors came in while we were there.

Q Do you know the names of the doctors?

A I do not know.

Q Was there more than one?

A I don't remember. They asked us to leave the room for a few minutes.

Q What time did you leave town?

A Just as soon as we come out of the hospital.

Q What time of day, could you give any idea, Mr. Shifflet, 2, 3, or 5 o'clock.

A I do not know what time they allowed us to stay in there.

Q You said a while ago about five minutes.

A In Mr. Lucas' room.

Q You then went home? But you don't know what time you went home, whether it was about 12 o'clock, 2, 4?

A I could not tell you because I do not know exactly.

I have told you people all I know, and as far as I can remember about it, and that's all I can say.

Q Mr. Shifflet, don't you know that the truth about your visit to Lucas' room is this: the nurse brought you and your brother just to the door of Lucas' room, you asked how he felt, that he replied that he did not feel so well, and that is all the conversation he had with you? You did not come in the room and sit down in the

room at all? Isn't the whole truth?

A No, sir.

Q Do you deny that is the truth?

A I have told you all I know. That is all I have to say about it, and that is all I can say, and that is the truth and nothing else.

And further this deponent saith not.

GEORGE HERRING, a witness introduced in the same behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Hammer, deposes as follows:

Q Dennis Shifflet, I believe, married your daughter?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you come to see him at the hospital?

A Yes, I was up here on Sunday.

Q What day of the week was he hurt?

A Friday morning, I think.

Q You came here on Sunday?

A Yes.

Q When you got here to the hospital, did he know you?

A No, he did not know me.

Q Were you here on Monday again?

A I do not know whether I was or not.

Q He was not conscious when you saw him, was he?

A No, sir.

Q Mr. Hyden Shifflet and Mr. Luther Shifflet came with you?

A Yes, sir.

Q And, what is your son's name -- the one not here?

A Kelley came with us on Sunday. All three of us came.

Q Whose care did you come up in?

A I think it was Kelley's car.

Q Did Mrs. Dennis Shifflet come with you too?

Q Now, did you see the whole thing?

A Yes, sir.

Q Do you say that is the truth?

A I have told you all I know. That is all I have to say.

Q Now, you say that is all I can say, and that is the truth, and

nothing else.

Q And further, this statement is true.

WALTER WATKINS, a witness introduced in the case before the jury, testified that he saw the defendant on the night of the murder, and that he saw him enter the car with the defendant.

Q Now, Walter Watkins, I believe, married your daughter?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you come to see him at the hospital?

A Yes, I saw him there on Sunday.

Q What day of the week was he hurt?

A Friday morning, I think.

Q You were there on Sunday?

A Yes.

Q When you got here to the hospital, did he know you?

A No, he did not know me.

Q When you were on Monday morning?

A I do not know whether I saw or not.

Q He was not conscious when you saw him, was he?

A No, sir.

Q Now, Walter Watkins and Mr. Walter Watkins were with you?

A Yes, sir.

Q And that is your son's name -- the one you saw?

A He was with us on Sunday. All three of us were.

Q How many did you see up there?

A I think it was Walter's car.

Q Did Mr. Walter Watkins come with you too?

A Yes.

Q After you were up in Dennis' room, did you go down to Mr. Lucas' room?

A I came down going on out, and as I come down Mr. Lucas discovered me and called to me. I turned short, and he said come in, take a seat, and I set down by the bed.

Judge: Had you known Mr. Lucas?

A Yes, sir, ever since I been in the neighborhood, a good long while.

I asked him how he was feeling. He said "Pretty bad". He said "I don't know what got wrong when this car went over the wall I had my hand on the steering wheel. Just as he said that the doctors come in and said they wanted to dress him, so I got up and walked out the room.

Cross-examination by Mr. Barman:

Q Who were the doctors?

A I do not know none of the doctors in Harrisonburg.

Q What time of day was it?

A I do not know that. I taken no notice of the time of day.

Q About what time of day did you get to the Hospital?

A We started from home tolerably early, came straight to the hospital, started in the room.

Q Just estimate the time?

A It might have been 10 or 11 o'clock, as near as I can remember.

Q You were in the hospital about half an hour?

A I do not know that I was in there half an hour. I did did not stay in there long myself on account of the medicine made me sick and I hurried on out.

Q You are the father-in-law of Dennis Shifflet? He married

Q After you were up in Dennis' room, did you go down to
 Mr. Quinn's room?
 A I could have gone on out, but as I come down Mr. Quinn
 remembered me and called to me. I turned short, and he said come
 in, take a seat, and I sat down by the bed.

Q Now you know Mr. Quinn?
 A Yes, sir, ever since I been in the
 neighborhood, a good long while.
 Q I asked him how he was feeling. He said "pretty bad". Is that it?
 A I don't know what got wrong with him and went over the wall. I had my
 hand on the attention wheel. Just as he said that the doctors came
 around and they wanted to dress him, so I got up and walked out.

Q Home-Examination by Mr. Quinn:
 A The way the doctor?
 Q I do not know none of the doctors in the hospital.
 Q What time did you get up?
 A I do not know that. I taken no notice of the time of day.
 Q About what time of day did you get to the hospital?
 A I started from home tonight early, went straight to

the hospital, started in the room.
 Q Just between the lines?
 A It might have been 10 or 11 o'clock, as near as I can
 remember.

Q You were in the hospital about half an hour?
 A I do not know that I was in there half an hour. I did
 not stay in there long, myself, on account of the medicine made
 me sick and I hurried on out.
 Q You are the father-in-law of Dennis Whittier, is that right?

your daughter?

A Yes, sir.

Q Dennis was up stairs?

A Yes.

Q When you came down stairs and were passing out through the hall, Mr. Lucas called to you from his room?

A Yes, sir.

Q As a matter of fact Mr. Lucas was way back in that wing.

A He was moved after that, they tell me.

Q His room was not between the front door and the stair steps at all. ~~was~~

A As I come down he was laying back around on that side. They moved him after that. I never did see him.

Q Not on good terms with Mr. Lucas?

A Yes. If there is any ill feeling betwixt us it is Mr. Lucas.

Q As a matter of fact you haven't spoken to him since he arrested you for having a still?

A Yes, he has been to my place several times.

Q When was that he arrested you for having a still?

A This happened, I reckon, two years ago.

Q And he has been to your place since?

A Yes, he has been to my place several times.

Q What was he doing?

A He come there several times to see about some dogs.

Q So you have been speaking to him?

A Yes. I speak to him every time I see him. I am on just as good a terms as ever in my life.

Q He had some trouble with you some time ago?

A I do not know anything about that.

Q Some four or five men jumped on him?

A All I know is what I hear. I do not know who done it.

Q Your son was shown to have been in it?

A Yes, he was shown in it, but I don't know who done it.

Q How long ago has that been?

A I never took no note of that. I expect two year ago: maybe a little over. I never took no not# of it.

Q How did Mr. Lucas happen to tell you he had hold of the steering wheel and nothing else?

A The doctors came in and said they wanted the room and I got up and went out. Had no occasion for anything more between us.

Q That's all you remember about the conversation?

A I am on as good a terms with Lucas as with you. We have never had any difficulties to cause me to treat him bad.

Q You feel very kindly of a man who catches you with a still?

A Well, there's no hard feelings.

Q How long did you stay in Dennis' room?

A I was not in there half hour. I was sick. My arm was ^{once} broke and the medicine made me kinda sick.

Q Did anybody ask you to go out?

A I just got up and started myself.

Q Did Shifflet go with you?

A Yes, he just walkd onatoo.

Q Was Hyden Shifflet with you?

A Not in Lucas' room.

Q Shifflet was with his son?

A And Luther Shifflet went down by me.

Q He went with you down the steps?

A Yes.

Q And you left Shifflet's father up with his son?

A Yes.

Q Did the doctors come in to dress Dennis' wounds?

A No, down in Mr. Lucas' room.

Q Now you say that you have been in it?
 A Yes, he was shown in it, but I don't know the date it.
 Q How long ago was that?
 A I never took an note of that. I report the year and
 maybe a little later. I never took an note of it.

Q Now this Dr. Jones, when he was in the
 hospital, did he and nothing else?
 A The doctors came in and said they wanted the room and
 I got up and went out. Had no occasion for anything more between

Q What's all you remember about the conversation?
 A I can't see how a person with Jones as with you, he says
 later that way, I think it is some of the best of the
 Q You say that kind of a man was talking with you?

A Well, there's no name besides.
 Q How long did you stay in Dennis' room?
 A I was not in there half hour. I was alone. He was not

Q Did you see the doctor with you?
 A I just got up and started myself.
 Q Did you see the doctor with you?
 A Yes, he just came on foot.

Q Was there anything with you?
 A Not in Jones' room.
 Q Anything was with him?
 A His father, I think, went down by me.

Q He went with you down the steps?
 A Yes.
 Q And you left Dennis' father up with him?
 A Yes.
 Q Did the doctors come in to Jones' room?
 A Yes, come in Dr. Jones' room.

Q You know Mr. Leighton Hensley?

A Yes, sir.

Q Didn't you ask him just recently what room Mr. Lucas occupied in the hospital?

A No, sir, I did not.

And further this deponent saith not.

DENNIS SHIFFLET, a witness introduced in his own behalf, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Hammer, deposes as follows:

Q Dennis, how old are you?

A Thirty-four.

Q You are married and have a wife and how many children?

A Three.

Q Were they with you on that night?

A Yes, sir.

Q Your wife and children went on to the house and you went with Mr. Lucas?

A They went on to the house. Mr. Lucas threwed my wife out the car. I asked her to get out and he throwed her out.

Q About the children, he took them out?

A She had the smaller one in her arms. The boy was in the back seat asleep, and he throwed him out.

Q After he did that, what was said?

A I never opened my mouth. He jumped on the car and said "Drive me to Harrisonburg."

Q Was your car headed toward the Blue Ridge Mountain, east, or towards Elkton?

A Towards east, toward the Mountain.

Q You went on up that road. What was the next thing that occurred?

Q You know Mr. Jefferson Hamilton?
 A Yes, sir.
 Q Didn't you see him just recently when you were
 working in the hospital?
 A No, sir. I did not.
 and I'm not this defendant and he not.

WALTER BRIDGEMAN, a witness introduced in his own behalf,
 being first sworn, examined by Mr. Jackson, deposed as follows:
 Q Dennis, how old are you?
 A Fifty-four.
 Q You are married and have a wife and how many children?
 A Three.
 Q Were they with you on that night?
 A Yes, sir.
 Q Your wife and children went on to the house and you
 went with Mr. Jackson?
 A They went on to the house. Mr. Jackson showed up with
 me the car. I asked her to get out and he threw her out.
 Q About the children, he took them out?
 A She had the smallest one in her arms. The boy was in
 the back seat raised, and he threw him out.
 Q After he did that, what was said?
 A I never opened my mouth. He jumped on the car and said
 "Hello to Mr. Harrison."
 Q Was your car headed toward the Blue Ridge Mountain, west
 of Towson, Maryland?
 A Towson's west, toward the mountains.
 Q You went on up that road. What was the next thing that
 occurred?

A We went on over the top of the first hill --

Q The first hill is where Mr. Marshall lives, then what?

A Started on up the other hill --

Q Where is it located?

A Near the Chap Lam place.

Q Chap Lam lives on the Harnsberger farm?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you have any words?

A Yes. I said, "Don't talk to me. I never let my wife talk to me when I'm driving the car," and "smack" he took me. I don't know what it was, knucks, gun, billy, or what. I said, "What the devil are you doing," and he hit me again.

Q When is the next thing you remember?

A The next thing I remember was in the hospital and my brother Kelly walked up to the foot of the bed and says, "How you getting along?" and I said "Very well."

Q Do you know when that was?

A Don't know what day.

Q You have been on good terms with Mr. Lucas?

A Yes; I don't blame a man for doing his duty.

Cross-examination

By Mr. Earmen:

Q What did you have in your car, Dennis?

A You know what you proved up on me.

Q What was that?

A I put in the time you give me.

Q What was in the car?

A I give my time; that is all I am supposed to do. I pulled my time and paid my fine.

Q For what? Moonshine?

A That's what they say.

Q What do you say?

A I aint said nothing. That's what you said.

Q That's what you had in the car?

Q He went on over the top of the first hill --
 Q The first hill is where Mr. Marshall lives, then what?
 A Went on up the other hill --
 Q Where is it located?
 A West the Dog has place.
 Q Where has lives on the Harwood street?
 A Yes, sir.
 Q Has you have any other?
 A Yes, I said, "Don't talk to me, I never let up with
 talk to me when I'm driving the car," and "amuse" he took me. I
 don't know what it was, number, you, right, or what. I said,
 "What the hell are you doing," and he hit me again.
 Q Was in the next thing you remember?
 A The next thing I remember was in the hospital and at
 another table seated to the foot of the bed and down, then you
 continue along, and I said "very well."
 Q He got down when that was?
 A Don't know what day.
 Q You have been on good terms with Mr. Bennett
 A Yes, I don't know man for being his duty.

These examinations
 of Mr. Bennett:

Q That did you have in your car, Bennett?
 A You know what you proved up on me.
 Q What was that?
 A I got in the time you five me.
 Q What was in the car?
 A I give up class; that is all I am supposed to do. I
 pulled up time and held up time.
 Q For what? Possibilities?
 A That's what they say.
 Q What do you say?
 A I just said nothing. That's what you said.
 Q That's what you had in the car?

A I have paid my fine and pulled my time.

Q Did the jury make a mistake?

A If it did it was all right.

Q You don't mean to state Mr. Lucas threw your wife and child out of the car that morning?

A As well as I am setting in the chair, he did.

Q Pick them up and just put them out of the car?

A He didn't pick her up in his arms, nothing like that.

Q He told you to drive him to Harrisonburg?

A Yes, sir.

Q You know how to drive a car?

A Been driving one, but when a man gets knocked senseless--

Q When you reached Harnsbergers Hill, how far is that from the bridge?

A I do not know the distance. Have not measured it. Have not stopped it. It might have been a mile.

Q As much as a mile?

A Might be.

Q That was going up the Harnsberger hill?

A Yes, sir.

Q How fast were you going?

A I was going up on high.

Q And he was talking to you? What was he talking about?

A I don't know. I says, "Don't talk to me. I won't allow my wife to talk to me when running the car."

Q What did he do?

A He smacked me.

Q Where did he smack you? On the side of the head?

A On both sides, the head

Q You were sitting on the left hand side of the car?

A That's where I was setting.

Q He was on the right hand side?

A That's where he was.

Q I have paid my fine and pulled up time.
 A Did the jury make a mistake?
 Q It is said it was all right.
 Q Your Honor's name is John Henry Jones with you
 Q Did you see the car that was driving?
 A Yes, sir.
 Q How long has he been driving a car?
 A About thirty years, but when a man gets married sometimes
 Q When you reached the highway, how far is that
 Q How far is that?
 A I do not know the distance. I have not measured it. I
 Q How far is that? It might have been a mile.
 A As much as a mile.
 Q Did you see the car?
 A Yes, sir.
 Q How long was you driving?
 A I was driving on my side.
 Q Did he ever refuse to go? What was he driving about?
 A I don't know. I say, "Don't talk to me. I won't allow
 Q Did he talk to you when running the car?
 A Yes, sir.
 Q Where did he stand? On the side of the road?
 A On both sides, the road.
 Q You were sitting on the left hand side of the road?
 A That's where I was sitting.
 Q He was on the right hand side?
 A That's where he was.

Q He hit you going up the Harnsberger hill?

A Yes.

Q How fast were you driving up the hill?

A I did not have anything to show how fast I was going.

Q How did he smack you?

A Just reached around.

Q How did he hit you on the left hand side?

A Maybe I turned around. I do not know.

Q You turned around and let him hit you?

A Maybe I did. Maybe he reached around.

Q You don't know how he hit you on the opposite side of the head?

A I don't. I couldn't jump out of the car.

Q There was a suit case, was there not, between you and Mr. Lucas?

A If it was a suit case it was in behind.

Q No suit case between you and the man?

A No.

Q Were there some jugs in there?

A He said so.

Q What do you say?

A I am just going by what he tells you.

Q Were the jugs there or not?

A If there were jugs there I --

Q Just tell us, Mr. Shifflet, whether or not there were any jugs there?

A I have done pulled my time on them.

Q Just tell us whether or not the jugs were there.

A I am fighting the other case now.

Q Don't you know what he hit you with?

A I don't know. I don't know if it was knucks, billy, gun, or piece of iron. If I knowed I would tell you.

Q Did you have your hat on at the time?

A Yes. I had it on when I left home.

Q What is the character of the road from the point where Mr. Lucas hit you up to the bridge? Good or bad?

A About like all others.

Q Steep and rough?

A No, not rough. I have seen crookeder roads. I have seen straighter ones.

Q You say there are a good many curves in the road?

A All roads are curved. All roads I ever been over are curved.

Q If you were unconscious, how did you drive the car?

A I don't know who drive it. I might have drove it and he might have drove it.

Q You were drinking?

A I don't know if I was drinking. I was drinking the day before. I couldn't tell you whether I was or not.

Q You know, don't you?

A I have told you all I can tell you about it. I am telling you about this other matter.

Q When Mr. Lucas hit you side the head, did he break the skin?

A My skull was.

Q Who told you about that?

A I discovered it after I got in the hospital. I don't know what was the matter. I know they took an X-ray.

Q The road across the mountain where you got this car of booze -- good or bad?

A All mountain roads are bad.

Q You did not have any trouble keeping the car in the road?

A If I had I would have turned it loose and let it come itself.

Q Did you have your hat on at the time?
 A Yes, I had it on when I left home.
 Q What in the character of the road from the point where
 Mr. Jackson hit you up to the bridge? Good or bad?
 A About like all others.
 Q Steep and rough?
 A Not very rough. I have seen crookeder roads. I have
 seen straighter ones.
 Q For any there are a good many curves in the road?
 A All roads are curved. All roads I ever been over are
 curved.
 Q If you were unacquainted, how did you drive the car?
 A I don't know how to drive it. I might have driven it and be
 liable to have done so.
 Q You were drinking?
 A I don't know if I was drinking. I was drinking the day
 before. I wouldn't tell you whether I was or not.
 Q You know, don't you?
 A I have told you all I can tell you about it. I am telling
 you about this other matter.
 Q When Mr. Jackson hit you side the head, did he knock the
 hat off?
 A He didn't see.
 Q How tall you about that?
 A I discovered it when I got in the hospital. I don't
 know what was the matter. I know they took an X-ray.
 Q The road across the mountain where you got this car hit
 worse -- good or bad?
 A All mountain roads are bad.
 Q You did not have any trouble keeping the car in the road?
 A If I had I would have turned it loose and let it come

Q The first time you turned it loose was when you got to the bridge?

A I don't know. I would not have run myself in there if I had known anything about it.

Q What was it you say you said to Lucas that caused him to strike you?

A I says don't talk to me that I don't allow my wife to talk to me when I am driving the car.

Q And then without saying anything else he hit you?

A He hit me.

Q Is that all you said?

A All I said.

Q You knew at the time Mr. Lucas was bringing you to Harrisonburg that he had you under arrest for transporting whisky?

A That's what he claims he arrested me for.

Q You know that was what it was for?

A I pulled my time. He did not say what I was charged with. He said drive me to Harrisonburg.

Q Didn't you ask him why?

A No, I never opened my mouth.

Q Didn't you ask him why he wanted you to drive him to Harrisonburg?

A No, I never asked him that.

Q You saw him extract the cork from one of those jugs and smell the contents?

A I could not watch the road and watch him too. All I saw was the gun drawn on me.

RE-DIRECT

By Mr. Hammer:

Q You heard Mr. Offenbacher's statement here that you made a statement in a Sunday near the tannery that you would not be taken alive.

A No, sir; that's something I don't do on Sunday. I stay home.

Q Mr. Sarman has asked you, I believe, what was Mr. Lucas' attitude when he arrested you. Was he angry or an excited man?

A Excited man.

Q Is Mr. Lucas when making an arrest, in the habit of treating his prisoners harsh?

Objection.

Good objection.

RE-CROSS EXAMINATION

By Mr. Sarman:

Q Mr. Shifflet, at the point you say Mr. Lucas hit you there going up the Harnsberger hill, how close was it to Chap Lam's house?

A Just right over the top of the hill. Just at the gate you go into his place.

Q About as far as from here over to the Sipe Building?

A Just about. His yard runs down to the road.

Q The house is in perfectly plain view from where you were?

A Setting behind the shop.

Q That place on the road you say where you were when he hit you is in plain view of the Chap Lam or Harnsberger house?

A Some trees standing over there and some buildings over there. I was not quite to the top of the hill when he hit me. The shop is between the road and the house.

Q The place he hit you was near the gate going into the Chap Lam place?

A No indeed, we did not get to the gate. The gate's on top of the hill.

Q Was it down between Chap Lam's gate and the road you live on?

A No, I had done pulled one hill. The other hill is be-

Q No, sir; that's something I don't do on Sunday. I stay

home.

Q Mr. Garrison has asked you, I believe, what was Mr. Jones'

attitude when he arrested you. Was he angry or an excited man?

A Excited man.

Q Is Mr. Jones when making an arrest, in the habit of treat-

ing the prisoners harshly?

Objection.

Good objection.

RE-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Garrison:

Q Mr. Whittier, at the point you say Mr. Jones hit you

there came up the horse's head, how close was it to your

head's head?

A Just right over the top of the bill. Just at the edge

was on his nose.

Q About as far as your hand over to the side of the horse?

A Just about. His hand came down to the head.

Q The horse is in perfectly plain view from where you were?

A Perfectly behind the shop.

Q That place on the road you say where you were when he hit

you is in plain view of the Gray Bar or Barnyarder house?

A Those trees standing over there and some buildings over

there. I was not quite to the top of the hill when he hit me.

Q The shop is between the road and the house.

A The place he hit you was over the gate going into the

shop, was it?

A He indeed, we did not get to the gate. The gate's on

top of the hill.

Q Was it down between Gray Lane's gate and the road you

five out?

A No, I had some poles one hill. The other hill is so-

tween us and the turn of the road. There is two hills between where I used to live and he hit me on the last hill.

Q This road where you turned off from the road you lived on, the road comes up between the Chap Lam and Harnsberger place - is that in plain view from the Harnsberger house?

Mr. Hammer: I object to that question. Mr. Sarman has asked about that before and is simply repeating.

The Court: Good objection.

And further this deponent saith not.

At this point the defense rested with right waived to put Dr. T. C. Firebaugh on stand when he arrived. And thereupon the Commonwealth to further maintain the issue on its part introduced the following testimony in rebuttal.

MR. L. P. LOUDERBACK, a witness recalled by the State, examined by Mr. Harman, deposed as follows:

Q You have testified already that you have lived at Elkton for sometime?

A Yes, sir.

Q You know Mr. Lucas?

A Yes, sir.

Q You operate a flouring mill at the bridge in Elkton?

A Yes.

Q You come in contact with people in your trade?

A Yes, sir.

Q What is the general reputation of Mr. Lucas in that community?

A He is a truthful man.

Q Knowing him as you do, would you believe him on oath?

A Yes, sir.

Q I will ask you about Mr. Ben. Offenbacher. You have known him for some time. Is he not generally regarded among the people of that community as a man of truth?

A Truthful.

Q Knowing him as you do, would you believe him on oath?

A Yes, sir.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. L. H. BRUCE, another witness recalled by the State examined by Mr. Harman, deposed as follows:

Q I believe you are mayor of Elkton?

A Yes, sir.

Q You know Mr. W. E. Lucas?

A We were next door neighbors until the fire.

Mr. J. B. LAMBERT, a witness recalled by the State,

deposited by Mr. Lamont as follows:

Q You have testified already that you have lived at 2100

the apartment

A Yes, sir.

Q You know Mr. Lambert

A Yes, sir.

Q You operate a telephone bill at the bridge in Kansas

A Yes.

Q You come in contact with people in your trade

A Yes, sir.

Q What is the general reputation of Mr. Lambert in that

community?

A He is a respected man.

Q Knowing him as you do, would you believe him to be

A Yes, sir.

Q I will ask you about Mr. Sam. Dikenshaw. You have

known him for some time. Is he not generally regarded among the

people of that community as a man of truth?

A Yes, sir.

Q Knowing him as you do, would you believe him to be

A Yes, sir.

and further this deposition with me.

Mr. J. B. LAMBERT, another witness recalled by the State

deposited by Mr. Lamont as follows:

Q I believe you are mayor of Kansas

A Yes, sir.

Q You know Mr. J. B. Lambert?

A He was one of our neighbors until the time

Q How long have you known him?

A About 20 years.

Q You know his reputation for truthfulness and veracity?

A Yes, sir.

Q State to the jury whether it is good or bad.

A Good.

Q Would you believe him on oath?

A I would believe him on oath.

Q Do you know Mr. Offenbacher?

A Yes, sir.

Q Know his reputation?

A Never heard it questioned.

Q How far do you live from him?

A About a fourth of a mile.

Q What is his reputation for truthfulness and veracity?

A It is good.

Q Would you believe him in any matter on oath in which he might testify?

A Yes, sir.

And further this deponent saith not.

At this point Dr. T. C. Firebaugh, a witness for the defendant after being first duly sworn, appeared and was asked the following questions by Mr. Hammer and made the following answers:

Q You are a practicing physician, and in the last several years have been giving your attention especially to X-ray work.

A Yes, sir.

Q You have been giving special attention to that since the war?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you make a picture of Dennis Shifflet when he was in the hospital?

A I did. I haven't my records with me. Did not have time

Q How long have you known him?

A About 20 years.

Q You know his reputation for truthfulness and veracity?

A Yes, sir.

Q State to the jury whether it is good or bad.

A Good.

Q Would you believe him on oath?

A I would believe him on oath.

Q Do you know Mr. O'Connell?

A Yes, sir.

Q Know his reputation?

A I am sure it is good.

Q How long do you live from him?

A About a month or a week.

Q What is his reputation for truthfulness and veracity?

A It is good.

Q Would you believe him in any matter on oath in which he

is concerned?

A Yes, sir.

and further this deponent would not.

At this point Mr. J. W. Fitzgerald, a witness for the defendant after being first duly sworn, appeared and asked the following questions of Mr. Harvey and made

the following answers:

Q You are a specialist physician, and in the last several

years have been giving your attention especially to I-typhoid.

A Yes, sir.

Q You have been giving special attention to that since the

year

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you make a picture of Dennis Whittier when he was in

the hospital?

A I did. I have it now, and I can show it to the jury.

to get them.

Q He was in the hospital at the time?

A Yes, sir, it was while he was in the hospital.

Q Was he conscious at the time.

A He was unconscious.

Q What did that X-ray disclose?

A It showed a fracture of the outer plate of the skull on the right side. It was the outer plate.

Q Did you notice any other injuries to his person?

A I didn't notice any. That is all I was asked to do.

CROSS-EXAMINATION by Mr. Sarman:

Q You likewise took some pictures of Mr. Lucas' leg?

A I believe I did; yes, sir.

Q What did those pictures disclose?

A I do not have my records here, but I think it was a comminuted fracture of the leg. There were several pieces of loose bone. I took several X-ray examinations of his leg.

Q I understood you to say it was a comminuted fracture of the bone?

A Yes.

Q His leg was broken in several places?

A Yes, sir.

And further this deponent saith not.

And thereupon the Commonwealth resumed her rebuttal testimony and HERMAN LONGLY was recalled by the Commonwealth, and examined by Mr. Bauserman, deposed as follows:

Q Mr. Longly you live at Elkton?

A Two miles south of Elkton.

to get them.

Q He was in the hospital at the time?

A Yes, sir. It was while he was in the hospital.

Q Was he unconscious at the time?

A He was unconscious.

Q What did that X-ray disclose?

A It showed a fracture of the outer plate of the skull on

the right side. It was the outer plate.

Q Did you notice any other injuries to his person?

A I didn't notice any. That is all I was asked to do.

EXHIBITATION BY MR. BARNES:

Q The illustration shows some pictures of Mr. Jones, does it?

A I believe that's you, sir.

Q Was that your picture disclosed?

A I do not have my records here, but I think it was a

computed fracture of the leg. There were several places of

fracture here. I had several X-ray examinations of the leg.

A I understand you to say it was a compound fracture of the

leg?

A Yes.

Q The leg was broken in several places?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you see this document with you?

The witness the Commissioner viewed but neither he nor the witness
and neither of them was recalled by the Commissioner, and examined by

Mr. Barness, as follows:

Q Mr. Jones, you live at Elton?

A Two miles north of Elton.

Q Do you know Mr. W. E. Lucas?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A Fifteen or twenty years. As long as he has been in Elkton.

Q Quite well, I presume?

A Yes.

Q Do you know his general reputation in that community? For truth?

A Why, I think it is good. I don't think it is questioned.

Q Knowing that reputation as you do, would you believe Mr. Lucas on oath?

A Yes, sir.

Q Do you know Mr. Benjamin Offenbacher?

A Yes, sir.

Q Do you know his reputation?

A I never heard it discussed. I never heard anything especially against him.

Q Would you believe Mr. Offenbacher on oath?

A Yes, he would tell the truth.

And further this deponent saith not.

Spent 24

Q How long have you known him?

A Ten, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A Fifteen or twenty years. As long as he has been in

Q How long have you known him?

A Ten, sir.

Q Is your knowledge of his general reputation in that territory?

A Yes, sir.

Q Now, I think it is good. I don't think it is good.

A I believe that reputation as you say, would you believe

Q How long have you known him?

A Ten, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A Ten, sir.

Q Is your knowledge of his reputation?

A I never heard it discussed. I never heard anything

Q How long have you known him?

A I would not believe it. I don't believe on that

Q How long have you known him?

A I believe this is correct with me.

MR. W. E. LUCAS, a witness introduced on behalf of the State, being recalled, examined by Mr. Sarman, deposes as follows:

Q Mr. Lucas, Dennis Shifflet testified yesterday that when you arrested him on the charge of transporting liquor you grabbed his wife, and one child, and possibly his children, - one child I believe he said, and threw them out of the car. Did you do that or not?

A No, sir, I never touched them.

Q I understood you to say yesterday that all you did was simply search the accused for weapons at that time and found he had no weapons on his person and you come on to Harrisonburg.

A Yes, sir. Never touched his wife and child at all. Never touched them at all.

Q He testified further that going up the Harnsberger hill a mile or such a distance from the Shenandoah River in front of Mr. Chap Lam's house that you beat him over the head -- hit him on the left hand side of the head, and in the other case he said the right hand side -- and knocked him into unconsciousness.

A No, sir, I never touched him. He never gave me no occasion to hit him. He had a suit case between us and even if I had wanted to hit him I could not have done it and grabbed the steering wheel. I could not have hit the man with a suit case setting up two feet high between us. You can't catch hold of the steering wheel that way.

Q You did not touch him?

A No, sir, absolutely. I had no occasion to hit him. He treated me all right until we got to the bridge.

Q He testified you were talking to him?

A I never said a word to him only when he spoke to me about taking the car away from him near to the bridge.

Mr. J. J. LITTLE, a witness introduced on behalf of the State, being recalled, examined by Mr. Attorney General, deposes as follows:

Q Mr. Little, Dennis killed the prisoner that when you arrested him on the charge of transacting liquor was married his wife, and one child, and possibly his children - one child I believe he said, and threw them out of the car. Did you do that or not?

A No, sir, I never loaded them.

Q I understood you to say yesterday that all you did was simply witness the removal for weapons at that time and found he had no weapons on his person and you came on to Harrisonburg.

A Yes, sir. Never touched his wife and child as you say. Never touched them at all.

Q He testified further that going up the Harrisonburg Hill a short way a distance from the Harrisonburg Hill to front of Mr. John Lee's house that you beat him over the head -- did you do that on the left hand side of the head, and in the other case he said the right hand side -- and knocked him into unconsciousness.

A No, sir, I never touched him. He never came on me conscious to his side. He had a fall between me and you. I had wanted to hit him I could not have done it and crossed the highway ahead. I could not have hit the man with a ball when he was up the foot high between us. You can't catch hold of the highway ahead that way.

Q You did not touch him?

A No, sir, absolutely. I had no occasion to hit him. We looked on all right until we got to the bridge.

Q He testified you were talking to him?

A I never said a word to him only when he spoke to me about taking the car away from him back to the bridge.

Q I believe the language he employed was this, "Don't talk to me when I am driving the car. I don't allow my wife to talk to me when I am driving the car."

A I never said a word to him.

Q Did he say that?

A No, sir, he never done it. I never talked to him only when he spoke to me.

Q Mr. Lucas, when you were a patient in the Rockingham Memorial Hospital the first time, were you in a room between the stairs and the entrance?

A No, sir, on back.

Q What room were you in?

A Room 18.

Q Where is room 18?

A Right straight back, about as far as from here to the wall. Right after your start to go up stairs.

Q You mean right at the office?

A No, sir. Room 18 is back where they have dirty laundry. On the left hand side is Room 18.

Q You were in the same room all the time?

A No, sir.

Q You were changed around?

A Changed to another room.

Q Anyone coming down from upstairs, passing out of the building by way of the front door, would that person in going out pass the room you were in? Would they see you? Could they see you?

A No, sir. I could not see anybody from that room.

Q Could you see such person from the room you occupied?

A No, sir.

Q Do you remember how many doors your room was from the stair case?

A It was on the left hand side where they get ice, water.

and stuff and another room between it and my room 18. Toward the laundry room where they have dirty laundry, take it and put it in baskets and take it to the laundry.

Q Was your room the one underneath the operating room?

A I don't know whether it was under the operating room. They moved me up stairs and I was right across from the operating room. Only I was on the right hand side in room 31.

Q Now on Sunday following the Friday you were hurt you were in Room 18.

Mr. Hammer: Q 18 or 19?

Q East end of the building, left hand side as you go east?

A Yes, sir, on the old part.

Q Now, Mr. Lucas, George Herring testified yesterday that he saw you on the Sunday just referred to?

A Yes, sir.

Q That he came to your room with one Luther Shifflet and that they had a conversation with you -- I have forgotten whether the conversation was had with you by Herring or Shifflet -- and that you told them you had hold of the steering wheel when this car left the road and ran into the river. Did you have a conversation like that?

A Never had any conversation. No, sir. Mr. Shifflet, Luther Shifflet, said it was his brother with him. I didn't know he had two brothers. They appeared there at my door, a nurse brought them there,-

Q Who appeared there?

A Mr. Shifflet's two brothers.

Q The man on the witness stand?

A Yes, sir. He is the man that says, "How do you feel?" and I said I did not feel very good. He stood there and said he was Dennis Shifflet's brothers. When he said that I never said nother word to them for I was afraid. I ~~didn't~~ know but what those

fellows had come there and worked a way to get at me. Mr. Herring was ^{not} there and he has never spoken to me since I arrested him with that still and he went right by my shop for ice.

Q How long has that been?

A About two years anyhow. Mr. Dillard arrested him.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Hammer:

Q You say this man has never spoken to you since you arrested him. Do you know, as a matter of fact, that this man has been in your barber shop and talked to you?

A No, sir.

Q Don't you know as well that this man had a warrant issued against W. T. Herring and brought it to you to serve?

A No, sir.

Q He came to your house, don't you know, and had you serve that warrant?

A No, sir; I don't know.

Q Didn't you do this for him?

A No, sir.

Q Didn't you have the Will Herring warrant?

A No, sir.

Q Didn't you go to his house about dog tags?

A No, sir, absolutely I did not go there about dog tags or nothing else.

Q Have you been to his house since then and served a warrant on him there?

A No, sir, absolutely not. Mr. Bruce got all the warrants.

Q Mr. Bruce is a justice of the peace. He does not serve papers?

A He knows whether I served any papers or not.

Q Didn't you do that yourself, and you know it?

A No, sir. I did not.

...and some other and turned a way to get at me. Mr. ...
...and he has never spoken to me since I arrested him with
that still and he went right by my shop for me.

Q How long has that been?

A About two years ago, Mr. ...

...-...-...

Q Mr. ...

A You say this man has never spoken to you since you
arrested him. Do you know, as a matter of fact, that this man
has been in your barber shop and talked to you?

A No, sir.

Q Don't you know as well that this man has a certain amount
of ... and brought it to you to ...

A No, sir.

Q He came to your house, don't you know, and was for
... that ...?

A No, sir; I don't know.

Q Didn't you tell him that?

A No, sir.

Q Didn't you have the ...?

A No, sir.

Q Didn't you go to his house about ...?

A No, sir, absolutely I did not go there about ...

... ..

Q Have you been to his house since then and ...
... on his ...?

A No, sir, absolutely not. Mr. ...

Q Mr. ... is a justice of the peace. He does not ...

... ..

A He knows whether I served ... or not.

Q Didn't you go to that ... and ...?

A No, sir. I did not.

Q Mr. Lucas, you did see Luther Shifflet there on Sunday after you were hurt?

A I seen Mr. Luther Shifflet. He said his name was Luther Shifflet, and the other man was his brother. He introduced himself. They stood in the door and never come inside.

Q And there is no question about those men being at the hospital, and whether your occupied room 18 or 31, that man coming in there asking how you felt?

A No. Shifflet asked me how I felt, but I never seen the other man. Mr. Herring was not with him.

Q You deny you saw Mr. Herring at the hospital? You mean Mr. Shifflet has come here and deliberately lied.

A Yes, sir, I say so.

Q And that he is altogether in the wrong and you are absolutely in the right in all these things?

A Absolutely so.

Objection. Overruled.

Q And you say you were frightened when he came to the door?

A Yes, sir, wouldn't you have been frightened?

Q Mr. Lucas, you are on the stand, and I am asking you what caused you, when this man came in the room, or came to the door, on a friendly mission, called on you as he called on his brother who was in the hospital, to be frightened. You knew from the question he asked you that he knew you were hurt. What was in that man's action or conduct that would lead you to think for an instant that you were in danger from that man?

A Any child could have come in there the way I was on Sunday.

Q Can you tell this jury here that any such idea came into your head -- you a big stalwart man, an officer who is proud of

Q Mr. Jones, you did not witness anything unusual about your wife's death?

A I saw Mr. Walter Griffith. He said his name was Walter Griffith, and the other man was his brother. He introduced himself. They stood in the door and never came inside.

Q And there is no question about whom you saw being at the hospital, and whether your deceased room is at 31, that was your room in that building, is that right?

A No, Griffith asked me how I felt, but I never saw the other man, Mr. Griffith was not with him.

Q You deny you saw Mr. Griffith at the hospital? You mean Mr. Griffith has come here and deliberately lied.

A Yes, sir, I deny so.

Q And that he is altogether in the wrong and you are completely in the right in all these things?

A Absolutely so.

Objection. Overruled.

Q And you say you were frightened when he came to the door?

A Yes, sir, wouldn't you have been frightened?

Q Mr. Jones, you are on the stand, and I am asking you what caused you, when this man came in the room, or when he was at a friendly station, called on you as he called on his brother who was in the hospital, to be frightened. You know from the question we asked you that he knew you were hurt. What was in that man's mind or intention that would lead you to think for an instant that you were in danger from that man?

A Any child could have come in there the way I was in trouble.

Q Can you tell this jury here that any man like that came into your head -- you a big stalwart man, an officer who is proud of

himself for his courage, were in a house surrounded not by one, but by dozens of people, in the heart of the town, you were afraid of this man when he came to this door and asked you how you were feeling? That you was afraid of him?

A Yes, sir, I was afraid of him, and you would have been the same.

Q No, sir, I would not have been. Mr. ~~Lucas~~ ^{Lucas} --

A ~~Lucas~~ is not my name. It's Lucas.

Q Don't get touchy. I don't suppose you flew off and got mad at Mr. Shifflet that night. As a matter of fact you are a very irritable and excitable person, and will strike a fellow for the least thing, and have done it?

A No, sir, I have not; only on certain occasions.

Q And you have not only done that, but you have shot at people?

Objection. Overruled.

Q You shot George Herring when you did not have a warrant?

A No. I went up there. I had a warrant and went up there. Mr. Herring was in there and had a pint of liquor in his pocket. I ran out after one of the fellows I had a warrant for, and Mr. Herring was in there and my brother and him and a couple men got in a fight and I told them to place Herring under arrest and he threwed the bottle out. There was four of them on my brother, they was fighting and they had him down. Four of them was beating him.

Q That case was examined and you testified as a witness at Elkton. Don't you know as well as you sit in that chair that this man Herring ran from the house, and that the fight that took place between your brother Joe did not take place between four men, but happened out and out with that young man Raynes outside the house, and he was only only tried in the Justice's Court, but was tried here

...for his name, was in a house surrounded out by one, but
 to know it was in the heart of the town, you were afraid of
 this man when he came to this door and asked you how you were feeling
 last that you were afraid of him?

Yes, sir, I was afraid of him, and you would have been
 the same.

Q He, sir, I would not have been. Dr. ~~James~~
 James is not my name. It's James.

I don't get confused. I don't suppose you know me and you
 and at my father that night, is a matter of fact you are a very
 nervous and excitable person, and will strike a fellow for the
 least thing, and have done it?

A No, sir, I have not; only on certain occasions.
 I and you have not only done that, but you have done it

object

Objection. Overruled.

Q The next George Murray when you did not have a witness?
 A No, I went up there. I had a witness and was on that
 my witness was in there and had a pint of liquor in his hands.
 I did not enter one of the fellows I had a witness for, and he
 that was in there and he identified me and a couple was for in
 right and I said that to those sitting under street and he showed
 the bottle out. There was four of them on my street, they were light-
 colored and they had him down. Four of them was sitting in.

Q That case was examined and you testified as a witness of
 it. Now, you know as well as you sit in that chair that this
 man Murray was from the house, and that he thought that look plain
 between your brother Joe and the piano between your son, but
 happened out and out with that piano was Murray outside the house,
 and he was only tried in the Justice's Court, but was tried with

and Raynes was convicted here and given six months, and you testified in the case to that fact.

A No, sir, they was all four on him.

Q I am asking you to what you testified to.

A I testified to just that.

Q Don't you know that in an effort to cover up that matter with George Herring you let him off and never had him charged with any liquor when you shot him?

A No, sir, I didn't.

Q Did you prosecute him?

A You was prosecuting. The magistrate had him.

Q Why didn't you desire it when you knew he had liquor on his person. You knew George Herring had liquor on his person. Why did you shoot him? What did you do about the case?

A Mr. Bruce tried the case, and I told Mr. Bruce just as I am telling it to the jury.

Q You never said four of them was on your brother in the house there?

A Yes, sir, I did.

Q You said in that case that you was in Elkton when somebody reported there as a drinking crowd up at Shifflet's and Raynes, and you went up there with your brother.

A I had the warrant, too.

Q Where did you get the warrant? Didn't you tell at that trial that you did not have any warrants?

A Mr. Bruce issued the warrant.

Q Don't you know you didn't have any warrants?

A No, sir, I did not say so.

Q What time did you go up there?

A About 10 or 11 o'clock.

Q When you got that message you did not see Bruce any more that night.

A You can ask Mr. Bruce.

...and you testified
in the case of that fact.

A. Yes, sir, they was all down on him.

Q. I am asking you to what you testified to.

A. I testified to that fact.

Q. Didn't you state that in an effort to cover up that fact-

...the fact that you let him off and never had his charges

...with any impact upon your mind?

A. Yes, sir, I didn't.

Q. Did you prosecute him?

A. Yes, was prosecuted. The magistrate had his.

Q. Why didn't you decide it when you knew he had signed the

...the person. The new person's name had signed on the name. Why

...did you not let that fact be the case?

A. Yes, sir, I didn't. I didn't. I didn't.

I am asking it to the jury.

Q. You never said that of them was on your mind in the

...the case?

A. Yes, sir, I did.

Q. You said in that case that you was in that case when you

...and reported there as a striking crowd up at Miller's and

...and you went up there with your brother.

A. I had the warrant, too.

Q. Where did you get the warrant? Didn't you call at that

...place that you did not have any warrants?

A. Yes, sir, I had the warrant.

Q. But you know you didn't have any warrants?

A. Yes, sir, I did not say so.

Q. What time did you go in there?

A. About 10 or 11 o'clock.

Q. When you got that message you did not see where any one

...that night?

A. Yes, sir, I didn't.

Q You are on the stand.

A Yes, I seen Mr. Bruce. He was in the shop.

Q The warrant was issued there?

A Yes, sir.

Q Don't you know you swore differently at Elkton?

A No, sir, I did not.

Q Didn't you know that there was some drinking at that house. Somebody threw some liquor in the stove -

A Mr. Herring throwed it in. Some of them ran. He was on Joe.

Q Didn't you shoot him in the house?

A Out in the yard.

Q Your brother come along and Rajnes and Joe hooked up. Not Herring.

A No, sir. Mr. Herring was on him too.

Q Don't you know as well as you know you are sitting in that chair that Herring was not on him?

A He was on him. They was all four on him.

Q Just as you shot at Charlie Francis, another case you have tried in this Court. He was running away in the car. You shot at him. Shot through his shoulder through the car, and yet talk about not letting your temper get away off the handle.

A I never shot Francis. Never shot towards him at all.

Q You shot several times.

A Shot straight up in the air to scare him.

Q How did he get that hole through his coat and his windshield as he come over the top of the hill?

A No, sir, I never shot at him.

Q What was you shooting at?

A I never shot him. Never shot towards him at all.

Q Did you ever have any trouble with other men? You had a fight up there at Eaton's store.

Q The man on the stand.

A Yes, I saw Mr. Brown. He was in the shop.

Q The servant was James that?

A Yes, sir.

Q Didn't you know your name differently at that time?

A No, sir, I did not.

Q Didn't you know that there was some business at that time?

A Yes, I saw some light in the stove -

Q Mr. Brown showed it in. How of that time. He was

Q Didn't you shoot him in the bushes?

A Not in the bush.

Q You were there with James and the woman at that time?

A Yes, sir. Mr. Brown was on his feet.

Q Didn't you know as well as you know you are sitting in that chair that morning was not on his feet?

A He was on his feet. They was all four on his feet.

Q Just as you shot at Charlie Brown's, another man was there?

A Yes, I saw him in the court. He was running away in the court. You shot at him. That's through his shoulder through the neck, and that's all.

Q I never shot Brown. I never shot towards him at all.

Q You shot several times.

A About straight up in the air to scare him.

Q How did he get that hole through his head and his neck?

A He got over the top of the hill.

A No, sir, I never shot at him.

Q What was your shooting at?

A I never shot him. I never shot towards him at all.

Q Did you ever have any trouble with other men? You had

a fight with them at Eaton's store.

A Yes, that man jumped me first. He jumped me first. I never did fight anybody unless he fought me. I never fought a man in the court room.

Q I suppose you are referring to me. Well, I am willing to say I have had my trouble. I am not stating that I never lose my head. Now, Mr. Lucas, you have had other fights with men. Who are they?

A I never fought anybody in my life, except people who fought me.

Q Never crossed any of them?

A No, sir.

Q There is no question about Luther Shifflet being out there?

A Mr. Shifflet and his brother evidently came to the door and a trained nurse brought them there, and he asked me how I felt, and I said not so good. He said we are Dennis Shifflet's brothers. They stood there a few minutes and then walked away. I never seen the men before.

Q What was your condition? Good shape at that time?

A I did not feel very good. And those two strange men standing there saying they was Dennis Shifflet's brothers.

Q How were you feeling physically? Were you suffering?

A I got seven stitches right there (indicating), a hole in my wrist, and my leg broke.

Q And I suppose you were suffering about the third day?

A Yes, third day.

Q I believe the third day the bones begin to knit?

A My bone never knit and I went back to the hospital and was operated on.

Q You were suffering intense pains?

A No, sir, I wasn't suffering much.

Q Do you know what you were talking about that day?

Do you think you were conscious?

A Yes, sir, all the time.

Q Rational all the time?

A Yes, sir. Yes, I was rational when I held Mr. Shifflet up out of the water to keep him from drowning.

Q How did Mr. Shifflet get out of the car. It is funny that both of you didn't get out. You never did say in your testimony that he was out of the car.

A No, sir, I was never out of the car.

Q You never said Shifflet was out.

A Shifflet was turned up in the top. I took my knife and cut along side his head and pulled him up so he would not drown.

Q That suit case you spoke of was laying between you?

A It was setting up between us. The suit case -- Mr. Dillard saen the suit case.

Q You say it was setting upright. You mean to say that?

A Yes, sir, I told you that all the time.

Q You have left the jury on the impression that the suit case was right in that shape.

A No, sir, It was on the front seat setting up that way with jars of liquor in it. I looked at it.

Q With jars of liquor?

A Yes, sir, Jars of liquor.

Q It was a shaped suit case, the color of that there?

(indicating)

A Yes.

Q Did it wabble over against you?

A No, sir, it was pretty tight. With us in there it was pretty tight, but there was plenty of room.

And further this deponent saith not.

Q Do you know what you were talking about that day?

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

Q Now, sir, all the time.

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

Q Now, sir, when I was talking when I held the bottle,

did you know what you were talking about that day?

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

Q Now, sir, when I was talking when I held the bottle,

did you know what you were talking about that day?

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

Q Now, sir, when I was talking when I held the bottle,

did you know what you were talking about that day?

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

Q Now, sir, when I was talking when I held the bottle,

did you know what you were talking about that day?

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

Q Now, sir, when I was talking when I held the bottle,

did you know what you were talking about that day?

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

Q Now, sir, when I was talking when I held the bottle,

did you know what you were talking about that day?

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

Q Now, sir, when I was talking when I held the bottle,

did you know what you were talking about that day?

A Yes, sir, I was talking when I held the bottle.

(Indistinct)

A Yes.

Q Did it happen over against you?

A No, sir, it was pretty light. With me in there it was

pretty light, but there was plenty of room.

Q And further this happened with you?

DR. J. M. BEIDLER, another witness introduced on behalf of the defendant, being first duly sworn, examined by Mr. Hammer, deposes as follows:

Q Doctor, you are a practicing physician in Harrisonburg?

A Yes, sir.

Q Been for a number of years?

A Since 1903.

Q This man, Dennis Shifflet, who sits here, was injured when his car went off the bridge at Elkton last May. Did you attend him when he came to the hospital that morning?

A I did.

Q Have you any idea what hour you saw him first?

A I was called out about 6 o'clock on the morning of May 16, I think.

Q State to the jury what his condition was so far as being conscious at the time.

A At the time I examined him he seemed to be in a semi-conscious state of mind.

Q Did you ask him any questions, and did he make any replies?

A Yes, he told me his name and where he was from.

Q Was his state of consciousness such as that he would have understood, for instance, if anybody had said the house was on fire you better get out, or anything like that. Was he conscious enough to have acted sanely?

A I think so. I feel pretty certain of it.

Q Did you attend him after that?

A For five days. He left for home May 23.

Q From that 6 o'clock A.M., May 16, until he left, did his condition improve or not?

A Improve, rapidly.

By Mr. Conrad:

Dr. J. W. ... another witness ... on behalf of ... the defendant, being first duly sworn, examined by Dr. ... as follows:

Q Doctor, you are a practicing physician in ...
A Yes, sir.

Q When did you see ...
A About 1908.

Q This man, James ... was injured ...
A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

A I saw him about ...
Q How long ago was that?

A I was called out about 6 o'clock in the evening of ...
Q Did you see him at that time?

A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

A At that time I examined him ...
Q How long ago was that?

A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

A Yes, sir, I saw him at the ...
Q How long ago was that?

W. W. ...

CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. CONRAD:

Q Was the X-ray taken the same day he went there?

A Yes. I told him that he probably had a fracture of the skull. I thought that the diagnosis was concussion of the brain.

Q You found he did have a fracture behind the left ear?

A Yes, sir. Not a depressed fracture, just three little cracks.

Q He was in a semi-conscious condition?

A I mean by that he would arouse when you would speak to him and seem to go off into a sleep. Behind the left ear a little blood oozed from an abrasion on the scalp.

Q It was over the left ear?

A That is the way my memory serves me. The skin was scraped.

Q Was struck by some instrument?

A Struck by something.

Q Could you say it did not occur from an automobile upsetting?

A I could not tell what caused it. It just came from striking that part of the head against something along behind this ear, according to my recollection.

And further this deponent saith not.

W. E. LUCAS, a witness on behalf of the state, being recalled, examined by Mr. Conrad, deposes as follows:

A Did this man, Dennis Shifflet, testify in his own behalf in this court on the indictment charging him with transporting liquor at the time you took him in charge.

A Yes, sir.

Objection.

EXHIBIT 100 - MR. COHEN'S

Q Was the X-ray taken the same day as your report?
 A Yes. I think that he probably had a fracture of the
 skull. I thought that the diagnosis was concussion of the brain.
 Q You found he did have a fracture behind the left ear?
 A Yes, sir. Not a depressed fracture, just a simple
 fracture.

Q Is there in a semi-conscious condition?
 A I mean by that he would know what you would speak to
 him and how to go off into a sleep. Behind the left ear a simple
 fracture about four or five centimeters in length.
 Q It was near the left ear?
 A That is the top of the ear, sir. The left ear.

Q How struck by some instrument?
 A Struck by something.
 Q Would you say it did not come from an automobile?
 A I could not tell what caused it. It just came from either
 the front part of the head against something along either side.
 Q Objection to re-identification.
 The further this statement with me.

Q J. J. LIND, a witness on behalf of the state, being recalled,
 examined by Mr. County, deposed as follows:
 A With this man, James Miller, testify in his own words
 in this court on the instant charge that this man was
 at the time you took him in charge.
 A Yes, sir.

Objection.

Q Did he or not at that trial testify that these containers or jars, etc., in the car had canned fruit and preserves in them?

Objection. Objection sustained.

Q You have been asked by Mr. Hammer whether you were afraid or uneasy on account of these men coming to your door. What, if anything, did you do immediately after they were there?

A I called for the nurse and told her I wanted to see Mr. Dillard, that I wanted Mr. Dillard to give me some protection.

Mr. Hammer: I move to strike out the conversation that took place between Mr. Lucas and the nurse.

The Court: Objection overruled.

Q Mr. Dillard was sheriff and you were his deputy, and immediately after these men left you sent for him to come and afford you some protection?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did he come?

A Yes.

Q After you made your complaint to the head of the hospital, did you remain in the same room, or what occurred?

A Why I remained in the same room until Mr. Dillard come.

Mr. Hammer: I object to that.

The Court: Objection overruled.

Q They what?

A Moved me upstairs.

Q How long?

A The next day. It was dark when Mr. Dillard come.

Q You were moved upstairs?

Q Did you not at that time testify that these two persons
in fact, who, in the air had called Fritz and Gussakov in their

objection sustained.

Q You have been asked by Mr. Hammer whether you were afraid
of making an attempt of them not coming to your door. That is
correct, and you testified after that was stated
I called for the nurse and told her I wanted to see Mr.
Hillard, and I wanted Mr. Hillard to give me some medicine.

Mr. Hammer: I move to strike out the
entire testimony of this
witness because in answer
to the question,
The Court: Objection overruled.

Q Mr. Hillard was shortly and you were his agent, and you
testified after Gussakov had left your room for his room and Hillard
was in your room.

Q Yes, Mr.
Q Did he come
Q Yes.

Q After you made your complaint to the head of the hospital,
did you remain in the same room, or what occurred?
Q Yes, I remained in the same room until Mr. Hillard came.

Mr. Hammer: I object to that.
The Court: Objection overruled.

Q They stay?
Q Moved no farther.
Q How long?
Q The next day. It was late when Mr. Hillard came.
Q You were moved upstairs?

A Yes, sir.

Q Now the reason for your being moved upstairs was the fact that these two men had come there to your room -

A That's why. That's why I asked them to move me.

Q No other reason?

A No, the room was all right.

Q Since the former trial in this case, you have made an effort to ascertain which of the nurses it was who came to the door with these men.

A Yes.

Q Have you been able to definitely locate which it was?

A No, sir.

Q You have been unsuccessful in locating which nurse it was.

A Yes.

Q There are quite a number?

A Yes, sir, about 17 or 18, I think.

By Mr. Hammer:

Q When were you at the hospital to make such an investigation?

A When was I?

Q Yes, sir.

A I don't know, Mr. Hammer, I think it was before the other trial.

Q Then it wasn't since the other trial, as you told Mr. Conrad. It was before that.

A I made the investigation. The lady knows just exactly when I asked her. I don't just remember whether it was before the other trial or not, but I think the lady knows.

Q You told Mr. Conrad since the other trial. Did you ask the head nurse?

A I don't know her name. The little head nurse. The little lady.

A Yes, sir.

Q Now the reason for your being moved upstairs was the fact that these two men had come there to your room -

A That's why. That's why I asked them to come up.

Q On other occasions?

A No, the room was all right.

Q When the former trial in this case, you have made an attempt to ascertain which of the nurses it was who came to the door -

Yes, that's right.

A Yes.

Q Have you been able to definitely locate which it was?

A No, sir.

Q You have been unsuccessful in locating which nurse it was.

A Yes.

Q There are quite a number?

A Yes, sir, about 17 or 18, I think.

Q Mr. Bennett:

Q Some were part of the hospital to make more of investigation?

A Some were.

Q Yes, sir.

Q I don't know, Mr. Bennett, I think it was before the other trial.

trial.

Q That is your trial also the other trial, as you told the jury?

Yes, it was before that.

Q I made the investigation. The lady knows that exactly when

I asked her. I don't just remember whether it was before the other

trial or not, but I think the lady knows.

Q You told Mr. Bennett about the other trial. Did you see the

head nurse?

A I don't know her name. The little head nurse. The little

lady.

Q You were removed from the room you occupied on the morning of the next day?

A I think it was, Mr. Hammer. I think I was moved up there in the morning. I won't say positive.

Q You were positive with Mr. Conrad a minute ago. You say it was the next day?

A I don't know really whether it was the next day or not. The books out there would show.

Q Now don't you know it is the custom for them to change people around in the hospital?

A If you will allow me, I will tell you why I wanted to be moved.

Q I am not asking you for your reasons. Were you moved at your own request?

A I did not want to be on the ground floor, people running in and out, cars around there all the time, and I didn't know whether they was coming to kill me or not.

Q They physicians ran their cars up in there. Mr. Lucas, you were very nervous and would scream out at night?

A No, sir, I did not.

Q Don't you know the doctors ran their cars in there?

A They did not have any cars at the back end of the hospital where my room was.

Q No delivery wagons back there?

A I don't know whether there was any delivery wagons. I could not see out.

Q You mean cars running around behind the hospital?

A I heard cars at all times and the nurse knows. She heard the same noise I heard.

Q Where do they keep the service cars? They keep them back there likewise?

A I don't know Mr. Hammer.

Q The nurse returned from the room you occupied in the morning
of the next day?

A I think it was, Dr. Hunter. I think I was covered up there
in the morning. I wasn't any positive.

Q You were positive with Dr. Hunter a minute ago. The way
it was the next day?

A I don't know really whether it was the next day or not.
The whole day there wasn't time.

Q How long's your time in the morning for that in morning
before coming in the hospital?

A It was all afternoon. I will tell you why I wanted to be
there.

Q I can not explain you for your reasons. Were you afraid of
your own testimony?

A I did not want to be on the ground floor, because I was
in the hall, with a crowd there all the time, and I didn't want
to know they was looking to kill me or not.

Q They wouldn't let you stay up in there, Dr. Hunter.
You were with someone and would witness out at night?

A No, sir. I did not.

Q Now, you know the doctors ran their cars in contact
A They did not have any cars at the back end of the hospital
ground in your way.

Q The delivery woman back there?

A I don't know whether there was any delivery woman. I
couldn't see her out.

Q You seen cars running around behind the hospital?

A I heard cars at all times and the nurse knew. The doctor
the nurse didn't hear.

Q Where do they keep the service cars? They keep them back
there in the street?

A I don't know Dr. Hunter.

Q As a matter of fact, you were in a very nervous excitable condition?

A I don't know Mr. Hammer. I did not feel very good with them people coming there, and did not know who they was. I did not feel very safe, I tell you.

And further this deponent saith not.

MR. W. L. DILLARD, a witness introduced on behalf of the State, recalled, examined by Mr. Conrad deposes as follows:

Q Mr. Dillard, I understood you to say you visited Mr. Lucas on the morning that he was taken to the hospital?

A Yes.

Q Can you state to the jury just what room he occupied relative to the entrance and first floor?

A He was back in the back end on the right hand side.

Q You enter the hospital from the west side of Main Street - Mason Street. The hospital is on the east side of Mason Street. It faces to the west. You entered the hospital into a hall running directly east, the hall running down east with the building.

A Yes.

Q What room was Mr. Lucas located in on that hall?

A At the back end of the eastern hall. I don't recall the number in my mind now. I did know the number, but can't recall it

Q Was it the left hand side or right hand side?

A Right hand side as you go back.

Q South side of the hall?

A Yes.

A Yes, and he was moved later to a room on the north side in the east end.

Q In a matter of fact, you were in a very nervous condition?
 A I don't know Mr. Hunter. I did not feel very good then.
 These people coming there, and did not know who they were. I did not
 feel very well. I felt bad.
 Q Did you ever see anyone else there?

Q Mr. W. L. DILLARD, a witness introduced on behalf of the
 State, testified, examined by Mr. Hunter as follows:
 Q Mr. Dillard, I understand you saw the man who was
 in the hallway that he was taken to the hospital?
 A Yes.
 Q Can you state to the jury what time he occurred
 relative to the entrance and that time?
 A He was back in the back end on the right hand side.
 Q You enter the hallway from the west side of main stairs -
 correct?
 A Correct. The hallway is on the east side of main stairs.
 Q From the west, you entered the hallway into a hall
 directly east, the hall turning down east with the hallway.

Q That room was Mr. Jones located in on that hall?
 A At the back end of the eastern hall. I don't recall the
 number in my mind now. I did know the number, but I don't recall it
 now. It was in the left hand side or right hand side.
 A Right hand side as you go east.
 Q North side of the hall?

Q Yes, and he was moved later to a room on the north side in the
 east end.

Q Upstairs or down?

A Down, and later up.

Q Do you know what part of the hospital the accused roomed in?

A He was in a room on the second floor, right up over the entrance when you come in on the lower floor.

Q Please state to the jury whether a party coming from the room occupied by Shifflet and going to Mason Street could be observed from the room in which Mr. Lucas was?

A No, sir.

Q In other words, Mr. Lucas from the point that he was located at that time could not have observed a man through a doorway passing from the room above to the Main Street?

A No, sir.

Q Such person could not be seen?

A No, sir.

Q Please state to the jury whether or not you were sent for by Mr. Lucas on Sunday following the day that this trouble occurred.

A I were, yes, sir. I was called by the matron of the hospital.

Q Called by the matron to come there?

A Yes, sir.

Q Do you know whether or not Mr. Lucas, as a result of your visit there was removed from the lower floor to the second story of that building?

A Yes, sir, he was.

By Mr. Hammer:

Q Mr. Lucas was in a nervous, excitable condition?

A I can't say Mr. Lucas was nervous or excitable. He felt of course, an uneasiness.

Q And of a night he would lay there and groan and call out, wouldn't he?

Q Did you know what part of the hospital the accused roomed in?

A Yes, sir. I was in a room on the second floor, right up over the entrance from the main lobby on the lower floor.

Q Did you see any other people in that room?

A Yes, sir. I saw several people in that room.

Q Did you see any other people in that room?

A Yes, sir, he was.

Q Did you see any other people in that room?

A Yes, sir, he was.

A I don't know about that, Mr. Hammer. I do know this, the matron of the hospital seemed to be rather worried herself because she called me twice. I went up and she seemed to think, or rather thought there might be some trouble.

Q In other words, she was excited?

A I can't say she was excited.

And further this deponent saith not.

I don't know about that, Mr. Hamner, I do know that
 the nature of the hospital seemed to be rather worried
 because she called me twice. I went up and she seemed to
 be rather thoughtful there about a new trouble.
 I in other words, she was excited.
 I don't say she was excited.
 The further this account with out,

And this being all the evidence introduced on behalf of the Commonwealth and on behalf of the defendant, or either of them, *the Court instructed the jury as follows (Here insert instruction), and* the case, after argument of counsel, was submitted to the jury for determination, and the jury having retired, after sometime returned into Court with the following verdict:

(Here insert verdict)

And thereupon, the defendant, by counsel, moved the Court to set aside the verdict as contrary to the law and evidence, which motion the Court overruled, to which action of the Court in overruling said motion to set aside said verdict as contrary to the law and evidence and in entering judgment in accordance with the verdict of the jury, the defendant, by counsel, excepted, and prays that this, his first Bill of Exceptions may be signed, sealed and enrolled and made a part of this, which is accordingly done this 7 day of ^{June} ~~May~~, 1924, and within sixty days from the rendition of judgment complained of.

J. H. Haas, Judge

Let this be the evidence introduced on behalf of
the defendant and on behalf of the plaintiff as stated in
the case, after statement of counsel, and submitted to the jury
for determination, and the jury having retired, after consulting
retained late court with the following verdict:

(Type insert verdict)

and therefore, the defendant, by counsel, moves the court
to set aside the verdict as contrary to the law and evidence,
that upon the Court overruled, to which motion the Court
in overruling said motion to set aside said verdict as contrary
to the law and evidence and in entering judgment in accordance
with the verdict of the jury, the defendant, by counsel, excepts
and moves that this, his first bill of exceptions may be signed,
reading and amended and take a part of this, which is recorded
some time 2 day of May, 1884, and which sixty days from the
condition of payment complained of.

John W. Jones

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY

COMMONWEALTH

VS.

DENNIS SHIFFLET

BE IT REMEMBERED that upon the trial of this cause and during the production of the testimony set forth in Bill of Exceptions No. 1, which is here referred to and made a part hereof, the Attorney for the Commonwealth propounded to the witness Benjamin Offenbacher the following question: "Did you have any conversation with him in reference to moonshine shortly before the time the car ran off the abutment and injured Mr. Lucas?" to which the witness replied: "Yes; several of us were talking there back of my place -- I live between the tannery and the railroad -- several of us standing there talking about liquor and I thought he was under the influence of liquor -- I do not know for certain -- and we got to talking about liquor, and he said, 'Well, before I would be taken with liquor I would suffer death.'"

Whereupon counsel for defendant moved to strike out the answer as inadmissible, which motion the Court overruled, to which action of the Court in overruling said motion and refusing to strike out said answer the defendant excepted, and prays that this, his Bill of Exceptions No. 2, may be signed, sealed and enrolled and made a part of the record in this cause, which is accordingly done this 7 day of ^{June} ~~May~~, 1924, and within sixty days from the entry of the judgment complained of.

J. H. Haas

Judge.

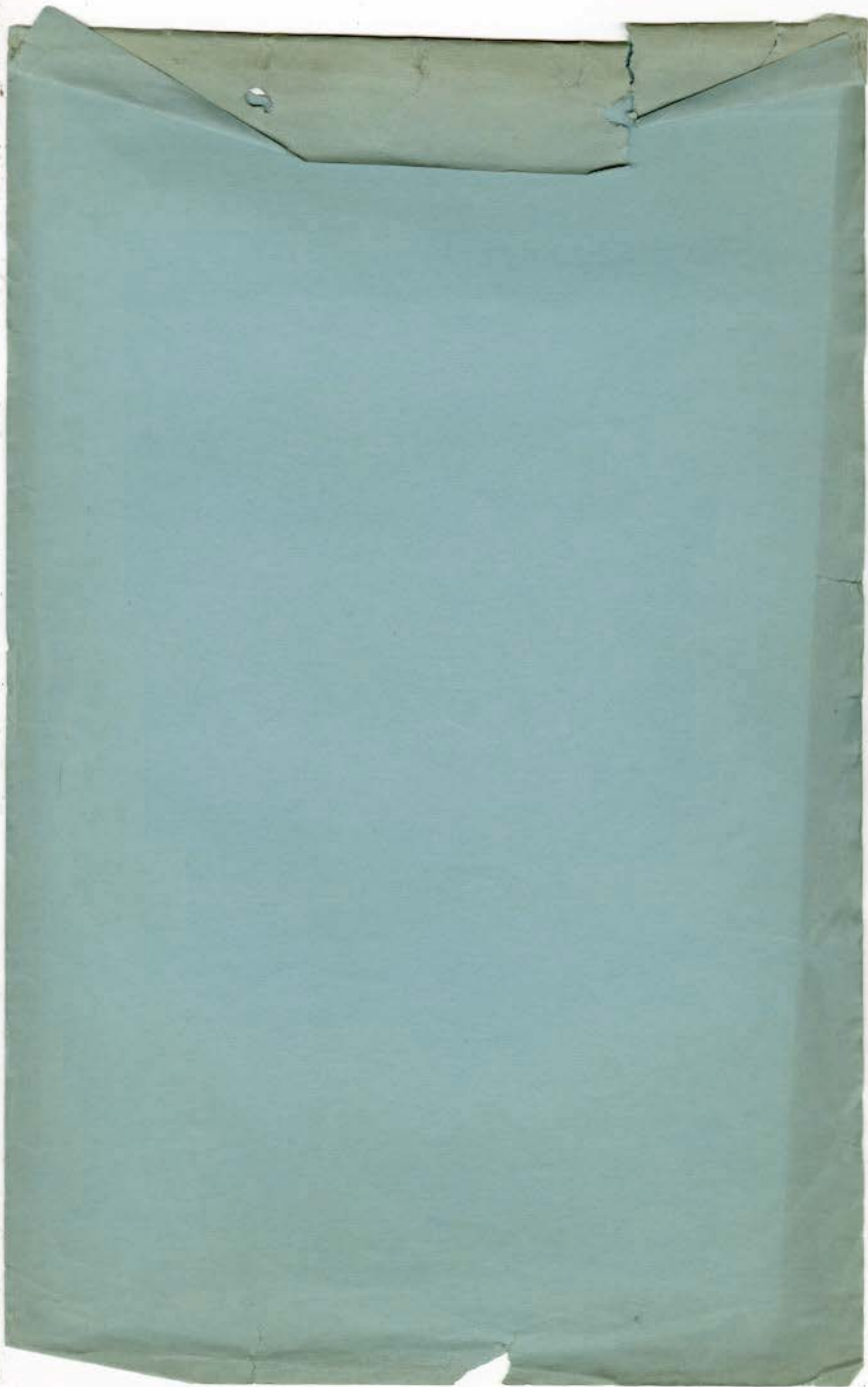
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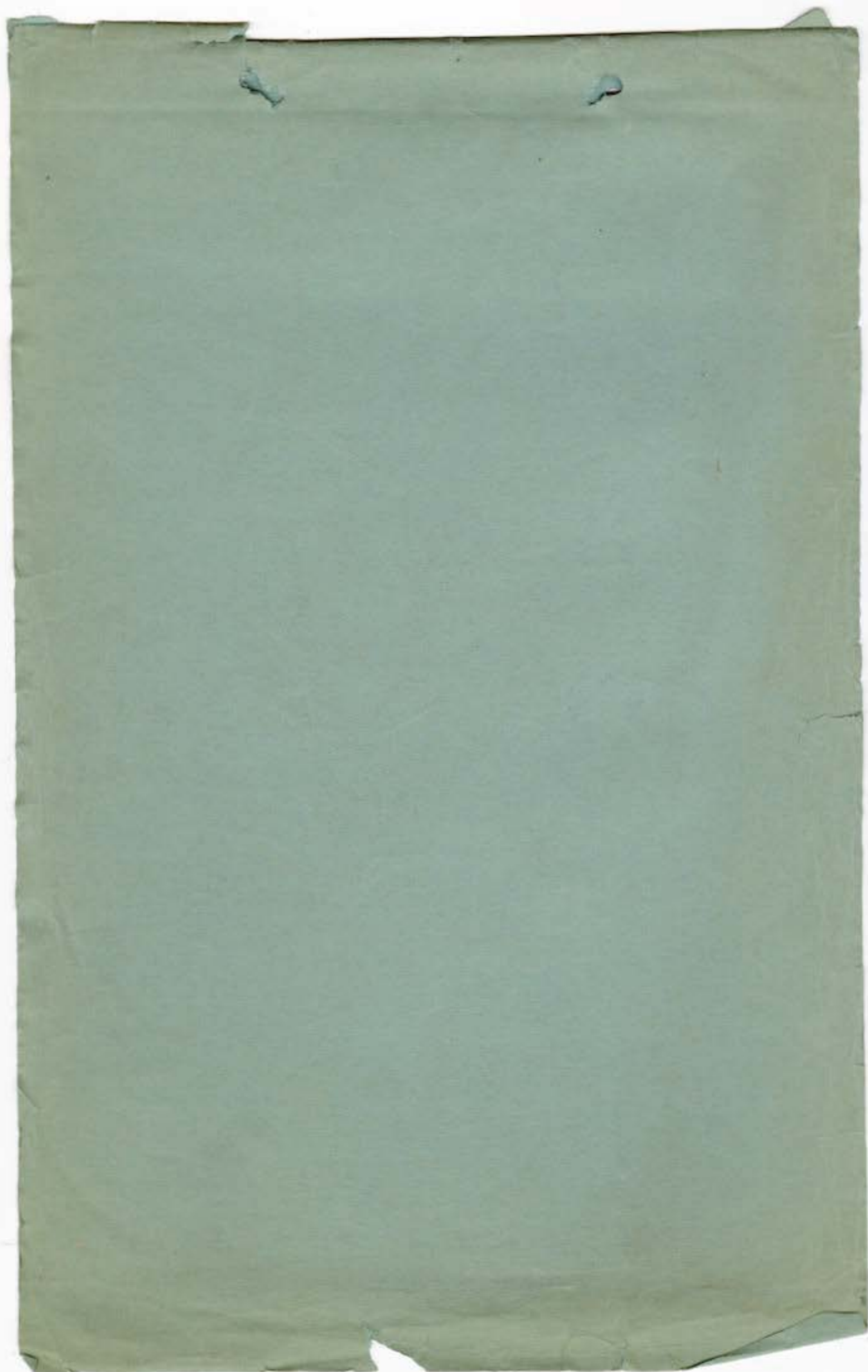
COMPLAINT
No. 11
JAMES W. WATKINS

As it appears that from the trial of this cause and the
the production of the testimony set forth in bill of particulars
No. 1, which is here referred to and made a part hereof, the
to say for the same as is propounded to the witness Benjamin
attendant the following question: "Did you have any conversation
with him in reference to conducting shortly before the time the
and off the subject and injured to, namely, to which the witness
replied: "Yes; several of us were taking their back of the place --
I first learned the names of the railroad -- several of us stand-
ing there talking about liquor and I thought he was under the in-
fluence of liquor -- I do not know for certain -- and we got in
talking about liquor, and he said, 'Well, before I could be taken
with liquor I would rather death.'"

Whereupon counsel for defendant moved to strike out the above
as inadmissible, which motion the Court overruled, to which motion
of the Court is overruled and witness and testimony to strike out
with answer the defendant accepted, and prays that this bill
of particulars No. 1, may be struck, sealed and returned and that
a copy of the record in this cause, which is substantially true and
correct, may be taken, and return with this copy of the
testimony contained in.

James W. Watkins
Attorney for Plaintiff





In the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, Virginia.

Commonwealth

v).

Dennis Shiflett.

BE IT REMEMBERED that at the June term, 1923, of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, Virginia, the grand jurors, in and for the body of said county, returned the following indictment against one Dennis Shiflett, in the words and figures following:

"The grand jury in and for the body of said county of Rockingham and now attending said court at its June term, 1923, upon their oaths do present that Dennis Shiflett on or about the 18th day of May, 1923, in said county, while operating a certain Ford touring car, with deputy sheriff W. E. Lucas therein, feloniously and of malice aforethought did drive said car off of an abutment approaching the bridge crossing the Shenandoah River, at Elkton, Virginia, with intent him, the said W. E. Lucas, then and there to maim, disfigure, disable and kill, against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Virginia."

Thereupon the accused having been arraigned and pled "Not guilty," ^{at its August term 1923,} appeared in Court, and, on motion of his Counsel, was permitted to withdraw said plea, which was accordingly done; and, thereupon, the accused, by Counsel, demurred to said indictment on the ground that it did not charge, or allege, that the accused did any act which amounted to personal injury to W. E. Lucas, or which maimed, disabled, or killed him, and is fatally defective and should be quashed.

Thereupon the Court sustained said demurrer, and on motion of the Commonwealth, by its attorney, permitted the said indictment to be amended, and the same was accordingly amended so as to read as follows:

In the Circuit Court at Rockingham County, Virginia.

Case No. 1000

John Smith, et al.

ON 17th day of June, 1900, at the Court of the Circuit Court at Rockingham County, Virginia, the Grand Jurors, in and for the body of said county, returned the following indictment against one John Smith, in the words and figures following:

The Grand Jury in and for the body of said county do indict the said John Smith, for that he, the said John Smith, did unlawfully and feloniously assault and beat one John Smith, to the great damage of the said John Smith, and to the terror of the people of the said county.

The Grand Jury do further find that the said John Smith, on the 15th day of June, 1900, in said county, while operating a motor car, with driver John Smith, V. E. Jones, driver, and of other persons, did unlawfully and feloniously assault and beat one John Smith, to the great damage of the said John Smith, and to the terror of the people of the said county.

That the said John Smith, on the 15th day of June, 1900, in said county, did unlawfully and feloniously assault and beat one John Smith, to the great damage of the said John Smith, and to the terror of the people of the said county.

The Grand Jury do further find that the said John Smith, on the 15th day of June, 1900, in said county, did unlawfully and feloniously assault and beat one John Smith, to the great damage of the said John Smith, and to the terror of the people of the said county.

The Grand Jury do further find that the said John Smith, on the 15th day of June, 1900, in said county, did unlawfully and feloniously assault and beat one John Smith, to the great damage of the said John Smith, and to the terror of the people of the said county.

So returned.

-- 2 --

"The grand jury in and for the body of said county of Rockingham and now attending said Court at its June term, 1923, upon their oaths do present that Dennis Shiflett on or about the 18th day of May, 1923, in said county, while operating a certain Ford touring car, with deputy sheriff W. E. Lucas therein, feloniously and of malice aforethought did drive said car off of a high abutment of a bridge crossing the Shenandoah River, at Elkton, Virginia, thereby wrecking the said automobile and breaking the leg and otherwise doing bodily injury to the said W. E. Lucas, all of which was done by the said Dennis Shiflett with intent him, the said W. E. Lucas, then and there to maim, disfigure, disable and kill, against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Virginia."

To which action of the Court in permitting the said indictment to be amended the defendant objected, but the Court over-ruled said objection, and permitted said amendment to be made; to which action of the Court in overruling said ^{objection} ~~motion~~ and permitting said amendment, the accused, by Counsel, excepted, and prays that this his Bill of Exception may be signed, sealed and enrolled and made a part of the record of this case, which is accordingly done, this 21st day of September, 1923, and within 30 days from the date of the order of said Court permitting said amendment.

J. H. Haas Judge.

The ground that in and for the benefit of said county...

...in the year 1877, in said county, said petition...

Com

Henry M. Shippitt

13th of February 1880

To which petition of the Court in partitioning the said land...

Page

13th of February 1880

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY

COMMONWEALTH

VS.

DENNIS SHIFFLET

BE IT REMEMBERED, that upon the trial of this cause the Commonwealth to maintain the issue upon its part, introduced in chief, W.E. Lucas, who being duly sworn, testified as follows:

Direct examination by Mr. Barman.

Q What is your name?

A W. E. Lucas.

Q How old are you, Mr. Lucas?

A Fifty-one years old.

Q Where do you live?

A Elkton.

Q You were a deputy sheriff for Rockingham County during 1923?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long were you deputy sheriff?

A Seven or eight years.

Q Do you know the accused here, Dennis Shifflet?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A Knowed of him about two or three years.

Q Where does he live?

A He did live south of Elkton.

Q At the time of this crime, the 18th day of May, 1923?

A South of Elkton.

Q How far?

A A mile and seven tenths from the bridge.

Q In Rockingham County?

A Yes.

Q From what bridge?

A The River bridge.

Q The Shenandoah River?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you, Mr. Lucas, arrest Mr. Shifflet on a charge

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF HONOLULU COUNTY

WILLIAMSON

vs.

WILLIAMSON

BE IT REMEMBERED, that upon the trial of this cause the Court
wishes to maintain the issue upon the point, introduced in what
follows, and asks that you, as follows, be admitted as follows:
Direct examination by Mr. Peterson.

Q What is your name?

A W. H. Lawson.

Q How old are you, Mr. Lawson?

A Fifty-one years old.

Q Where do you live?

A Honolulu.

Q You were a deputy sheriff for Honolulu County during 1911?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long were you deputy sheriff?

A Seven or eight years.

Q Do you know the accused here, Dennis Williams?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A I knowed of him about two or three years.

Q What kind of man?

A He is the son of a friend.

Q At the time of this case, the 1911 or '12, 1911?

A Yes, sir.

Q How tall?

A A little over seven feet, five inches.

Q Is he a white man?

A Yes.

Q How does he walk?

A The same as I.

Q The defendant's name?

A Yes, sir.

Q How tall, Mr. Lawson, across Mr. Williams on a chair?

W. E. LUCAS, a witness introduced on behalf of the Commonwealth, being first duly sworn, deposes as follows:

Direct examination by Mr. Sarman.

Q What is your name?

A W. E. Lucas.

Q How old are you, Mr. Lucas?

A Fifty-one years old.

Q Where do you live?

A Elkton.

Q You were a deputy sheriff for Rockingham County during the year 1923.

A Yes, sir.

Q How long were you deputy sheriff?

A Seven or eight years.

Q Do you know the accused here, Dennis Shifflet?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long have you known him?

A Knewed of him about two or three years.

Q Where does he live?

A He did live south of Elkton.

Q At the time of this crime, the 18th day of May, 1923?

A South of Elkton.

Q How far?

A A mile and seven tenths from the bridge.

Q In Rockingham County?

A Yes.

Q From what Bridge?

A The River bridge.

Q The Shenandoah River?

A Yes, sir.

Q Did you, Mr. Lucas, arrest Mr. Shifflet on a charge

W. E. LUCAS, a witness introduced on behalf of the
Commonwealth, being first duly sworn, deposes as follows:
Direct examination by Mr. [Name]:

Q How long have you been in the State?
A W. E. Lucas.
Q How old are you, Mr. Lucas?
A [Age] years old.
Q Where do you live?
A [Address].
Q You were a deputy sheriff for [County] during
the year 1933.
A Yes, sir.
Q How long were you deputy sheriff?
A [Duration].
Q Do you know the accused here, Lemmie [Name]?
A Yes, sir.
Q How long have you known him?
A [Duration].
Q Where did you meet him at that time?
A [Location].
Q He has his home at [Location].
A Yes, sir.
Q At the time of this crime, the [Date] was at [Location].
A [Response].
Q How long?
A [Duration].
Q A mile and a half from the [Location].
A [Response].
Q In [County].
A [Response].
Q Yes, sir.
Q How long [Duration].
A [Response].
Q The [Location].
A [Response].
Q The [Location].
A [Response].
Q Yes, sir.
Q Did you, Mr. Lucas, arrest Mr. [Name] on a charge

A I could not measure just exactly how far, but it was about ten feet from the bank, and about 22 or 23 feet from where the car first hit the ground.

Q It was about 32 or 33 feet from the abutment.

A Yes, sir.

Q Describe to the jury just what happened after the car left the abutment that morning.

A As well as I could recall the crank case hung on the rock, and the car just went right over. When he swung it it hit the locust tree and it mashed right down the top and we went right over in the river. The back of the car was north and the front towards the bridge and the curtains was on. My leg was fast and I thought it was broke. My hand was fast. I reached around and got my knife. I could hear sorta gurgling like. I tried to get at him with my hands and I got him by the collar and held him up out of the water for 25 or 30 minutes. I called somebody and Mr. Louderbach was the first man to come to me, and he taken hold of him and got him out, cut the balance of the curtains, and then they come back and got me. They taken him on to Harrisonburg and they taken me home, and then I come to the hospital.

Q What position was the car in when it finally landed in the water?

A It was on its wheels. Just same as before it started over. One of the lights was burning. When Mr. Louderbach got there it was still burning. I seen that myself. I taken notice of it. It was the left hand light.

Q How deep was the water?

A The water was about -- Where I was seated?

Q Yes.

A It was about -- I expect four or five feet deep.

Q This was about what time in the morning?

A About 3:30.

Q About 3:30?

A Yes, sir.

I could not account for it, but it was
about ten feet from the boat, and about 25 or 30 feet from shore
The net first hit the ground.

It was about 25 or 30 feet from the boat.

Yes, sir.

What was the net doing when it hit the ground?
It was the net that was hanging.

As well as I could recall, the net was hung on the
boat, and the net was right over. When he asked if it hit
the ground first and it reached right down the leg and was over
over in the water. The back of the net was north and the front
behind the bridge and the net was on. If you were there and
I thought it was water, by hand was that. I reached around and
set up inside. I could hear water splashing like. I tried to get
at his side of head and I got him by the collar and held him up
out of the water for 20 minutes. I called somebody and Mr.
Kochman and the other men came to me, and he took him out
from the net, but the balance of the net was, and then
was sent out to me. They took him to the hospital and they
found no harm, and then I came to the hospital.

That position was the net in which it finally landed?
Yes, sir.

It was in the water. Just now as before it started
over. One of the lights was burning. I saw that light. I know
there it was still burning. I saw that light. I know
of it. It was the light that was lit.

How long was it lit?
The water was about -- there I was asked.

Yes, sir.
It was about -- I expect four or five feet deep.

This was about what time in the morning?
About 8:00.

About 8:00?
Yes, sir.

Q Were you conscious all the time?

A Yes, sir.

Q Knew all that happened?

A Yes.

Q Did you shout or ^{hollow?} ~~holler?~~

A Yes, sir. I hollowed and Mr. Louderbach come.

Q How long were you in the water before rescued?

A 30 or 35 minutes -- something like that.

Q Mr. Lucas, state to the jury what injury, if any, you received in that plunge into the river.

A I got a compound fracture of the leg and it is still running, and I had seven stitches put in my head, a piece of iron in my wrist, lot of glass in my back -- out through my coat.

Q Were you taken to the hospital?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long were you there?

A 2½ or 3 weeks. I then went home and come back again.

Q I believe you are unable to get around now except by the use of crutches.

A I can walk with one crutch on the floor, but outside I have to use two.

Q Mr. Lucas, did you do anything in any way, shape or form, to cause Shifflet to drive that car off the abutment?

A No, sir. I had no time.

Q Do you know what his condition was with reference to being drunk or sober?

A I smelt the liquor, but I could not tell where it was. I thought if he could drive over the mountain from Simmons Gap -- over the mountain -- he could drive me to Harrisonburg.

Q This man's house at which you arrested him is located south of Elkton. Can you describe a little more definitely where that is?

Q Now you remember all the time?

A Yes, sir.

Q Now all that happened?

A Yes.

Handwritten mark

Q Did you shoot or ~~shoot~~?

A Yes, sir. I shot at the water tower.

Q The fact was you in the water before running?

A No or 85 minutes -- something like that.

Q Mr. Jones, state to the jury what injury, if any, you

received in that time into the river.

A I got a compound fracture of the leg and it is still

remaining, and I had seven stitches put in my back, a piece of bone

in my wrist, lot of glass in my back -- cut through my neck.

Q Have you taken to the hospital?

A Yes, sir.

Q How long were you there?

A 1 1/2 or 2 weeks. I don't want how and how long really.

Q I believe you are unable to get around and sleep at

the way at present.

A I can walk with one crutch on the right, but unable

to sleep at the time.

Q Mr. Jones, did you see anything in my way, down to

land, in range of things to drive that any of the witnesses?

A No, sir. I had no time.

Q Is it true that in condition you were with reference to

being blind or nearly?

A I wasn't the light, but I could not tell where it was.

I thought it would drive over the mountain from around top --

over the mountain -- he could drive me to ~~anywhere~~.

Q This man's name at what you arrested him in located

north of Elmore. Has you describe a little more definitely where

that is?

Handwritten notes at the top of the page, including the name 'Dennis Shifflett' and other illegible text.

Vertical handwritten note on the right margin: "This was done by the driver."

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,

COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, to-wit:

In the Circuit Court of said County:

The grand jurors in and for the body of said County of Rockingham and now attending said Court at its June term, 1923, upon their oaths do present that Dennis Shifflett on or about the 18th day of May, 1923, in said County, while operating a certain Ford touring car, with Deputy Sheriff W.E. Lucas therein, feloniously and of his malice aforethought did drive said car off of the abutment ~~approaching~~ the bridge crossing the Shenandoah River at Elkton, Virginia, with intent *travels breaking the said automobile and breaking the leg and other bones* him, the said W. E. Lucas, then and there to maim, disfigure, disable, and kill, against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

This indictment is found on the testimony of W. L. Dillard, L. H. Bruce, and Walter Life, witnesses sworn in Court and sent before the grand jury to give evidence.

J. S. Loubersack

Vertical stamp on the left margin: "Please mail in..."

Vertical stamp on the left margin: "RECORDED"

Vertical stamp on the right margin: "INDEXED"

We the jury find the accused Dennis Sheffield, guilty
of unlawfully inflicting W.E. Lucas in manner & form as charged
in the indictment, with the intent as charged in the indictment
and as herein his punishment at our pleasure in the
penitentiary for one year.

E. C. Ralston

Jurman

Penitentiary Assault

COMMONWEALTH

DENNIS SHEFFIELD

A Felony

A Free Bill

J. A. Spalding
Over

D. W. J. STANLEY
Commissioner of the Penitentiary

And this being all the evidence introduced on behalf of the Commonwealth and on behalf of the defendant, or either of them, the case, after argument of counsel, was submitted to the jury for determination, and the jury having retired, after sometime returned into Court with the following verdict:

(Here insert verdict)

And thereupon, the defendant, by counsel, moved the Court to set aside the verdict as contrary to the law and evidence, which motion the Court overruled, to which action of the Court in overruling said motion to set aside said verdict as contrary to the law and evidence and in entering judgment in accordance with the verdict of the jury, the defendant, by counsel, excepted, and prays that this, his first Bill of Exceptions may be signed, sealed and enrolled and made a part of this, which is accordingly done this ___ day of May, 1924, and within sixty days from the rendition of judgment complained of.

and this being all the evidence introduced on behalf of
The Government and on behalf of the defendant, or either of
them, the case, after argument of counsel, was referred to the jury
for determination, and the jury returned the following verdict:
returned into Court with the following verdict:

(The jury verdict)

and therefore, the defendant, by counsel, moved the Court
to set aside the verdict as contrary to the law and evidence,
and that before the Court occurred, he with advice of the Court
in returning said verdict is not liable with respect to contrary
to the law and evidence and in returning judgment in accordance
with the verdict of the jury, the defendant, by counsel, requested
and prayer that said jury be held in contempt and be fined,
and that the verdict and award be set aside, and a new trial
be granted, and within sixty days from the
return of the verdict of the jury, the defendant, by counsel, requested
that the Court set aside the verdict and award and grant a new trial.

COMMONWEALTH

v.

DENNIS SHIFFLETT

Charge to the Jury.

If you find the accused, Dennis Shifflett, not guilty, then you will say so and no more.

If you find him guilty of maliciously injuring ~~W. E. Lucas~~ ^{with intent} as charged in the indictment, then you will say so and fix his punishment by confinement in the penitentiary for a period of not less than one year nor more than ten years.

If you do not find him guilty of maliciously injuring said Lucas, but guilty of unlawfully injuring him as charged in the indictment, then you will say so and ascertain his punishment by confinement in the penitentiary for a period of not less than one year nor more than five years, or, in your discretion, by confinement in jail not exceeding twelve months and a fine not exceeding five Hundred Dollars.

If you do not find him guilty of either of the felonies aforesaid but guilty of assault and battery, then you will say so and fix his punishment by confinement in jail for a period not exceeding twelve months or by a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars, or both such fine and imprisonment.

INVESTIGATION

REPORT

CHAPTER IN THE CITY

If you find the accused, please advise, and if guilty, then you will say so and be done.

If you find him guilty of voluntarily injuring W. E. Jones as charged in the indictment, then you will say so and if his sentence is by confinement in the penitentiary for a period of not less than one year nor more than ten years.

If you do not find him guilty of voluntarily injuring said Jones, but guilty of voluntarily injuring him as charged in the indictment, then you will say so and sentence his punishment by confinement in the penitentiary for a period of not less than one year nor more than five years, or, in your discretion, by confinement in jail not exceeding twelve months and a fine not exceeding five

hundred dollars.
If you do not find him guilty of either of the offenses above said nor guilty of assault and battery, then you will say so and his punishment by confinement in jail for a period not exceeding twelve months or by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Chapman

Commonwealth of Virginia, }
Rockingham County, } To-wit:

BE IT REMEMBERED that on the 23 day of May 1923,
Dennis Sheplett and J. H. Sheplett and James K. Sheplett
came before me Notary Commissioner
of the said county of Rockingham, and severally and respectively acknowledged themselves to be in-
debted to the Commonwealth of Virginia, in manner and form following, that is to say: the said
~~costs in sum of \$1000.00 each~~ in the sum of
Five thousand Dollars
good and lawful money of the United States, and the said

~~in the sum of~~ Dollars of like good and lawful money, to be
respectively made and levied of their several goods and chattels, lands and tenements, and they
severally waived the benefit of their Homestead Exemption as to this obligation, and also waived any
claim or right to discharge any liability to the Commonwealth arising under this recognizance with
coupons detached from the bonds of this State, to the use of the Commonwealth of Virginia if the said
Dennis Sheplett shall make default in the performance of the
conditions underwritten.

The condition of the above recognizance is such that if the above bound Dennis
Sheplett do and shall personally appear before J. H. Bruce
~~a Justice of the Peace or some other qualified~~ the Circuit
Court of Rockingham on the 7 day of the June 1923 Term next
~~thereof~~, being the 7 day of June 1923, at the Court-house thereof,
and then and there answer the Commonwealth of Virginia concerning a certain felony where-
of the said Dennis Sheplett stands charged, and shall not
depart thence without the leave of said Court, then the above recognizance shall be void and of no
effect, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Taken and acknowledged before me, the day and year first above written.
W. H. [Signature] N. C.

Henni Thoppelt
Feldm. 1. Klasse
Rockingham County, Vermont

Faint, mostly illegible text, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. Some words like "I have" and "to the" are faintly visible.



Additional faint, illegible text at the bottom of the page, continuing from the upper section.

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,
ROCKINGHAM COUNTY

TO WIT:

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

WHEREAS, W. E. Lucas a Deputy Sheriff of the said county, has this day made complaint and information on oath before me, L. H. Bruce a Justice of the said county, that Dennis Shiflett of the said county, on the 18 day of May 1923, at

in the said county, did unlawfully, and feloniously with intent to kill W. E. Lucas by running one Ford Car over the buttment of Chaucerbrook River Bridge

These are therefore, in the name of the Commonwealth of Virginia, to command you forthwith to summon to appear before me, or some other Justice of the said County, the said

Dennis Shiflett

to answer the said complaint, and to be farther dealt with according to law And you are required to summon

to appear and give evidence in behalf of the Commonwealth, on the examination touching the said offence.

Given under my hand and seal this 18 day of May in the year 1923

L. H. Bruce J. P. [SEAL]

Executed the within warrant by arresting and delivering
the body of James Shiflett before H W Boston
Bail Commissioner of Rockingham County this the 23
day of May 1923 W L Dillard S.R.C.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA.

TO THE SHERIFF OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY, GREETINGS:

We command you, that you take Dennis Shifflett if he be found within your bailiwick, and him safely keep, so that you have his body forthwith before the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof ~~on~~ to answer us of a certain Felony whereof he stands indicted.

And have then and there this Writ. Witness J. F. Blackburn, Clerk of our said Court at the Court House the 19th day of Febury, in the 1908 year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn Clerk.

COMMONWEALTH

vs.

Henri Shifflett

Sheriff

Sheriff fee 1.50

32 miles @ 8¢ =

\$2.56
1.50
4.06

Executed Feb 19. 1924 by delivering the
body of Henri Shifflett to the jailer
of Rockingham County.

1 PM/300th DS
For E W Lane SPE

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

George Henning S.
+ Mrs. Kille v
Dr. F. J. Mylles B.

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House, at 10 o'clock, a.m., on the 25 day of Feb. 1924, to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the defendant in the prosecution of the Commonwealth, Plaintiff, against

Dennis S. Shufflett

Defendant

And this they shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And here then and there this writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 21 day of Feb., 1924, and in the 148th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn

Clerk.

Executed Feb. 23, 1924. by having George
Herring & Mr. J. F. Miller summoned
by Deputies Burke & Shifflet.

C. W. Howe, S. R. C.

Dennis S. Shifflett
advs.
Commonwealth

A. Hammer
atty.

Shifflett \$20

1 to Burke
1 " Shifflett

Feb. 25, 1924

Executed Feb. 21, 1924 by delivering a copy
of this summons to Thomas Hildebrandt in
person & not being found at his usual
place of abode said wife being a member
of his family over the age of 16 years.
C. W. Howe, S. R. C.

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

C. L. Summers
Dr. T. C. Firebaugh

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House, at ~~10 o'clock, a.m.~~ ^{fourteenth} on the 25 day of Feb. 1904, to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the defendant in the prosecution of the Commonwealth, Plaintiff, against

Dennis Shufflett

Defendant

And this he shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 25 day of Feb., 1904, and in the 18th & 11th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

Dennis Shifflett

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Virginia

Commonwealth

For the duty commanded to execute

[Faint handwritten text]

It appears by the return of the Sheriff of Rockingham County, at the Court

held at the Court House in the County of Rockingham, on the 12th day of

February, 1880, that the said Sheriff has returned to the Court

Shifflett

that the said Sheriff has returned to the Court the sum of \$100.00

and that the said Sheriff has returned to the Court the sum of \$100.00

and that the said Sheriff has returned to the Court the sum of \$100.00

and that the said Sheriff has returned to the Court the sum of \$100.00

and that the said Sheriff has returned to the Court the sum of \$100.00

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

W. L. Dillard, J. L. Wright,
L. W. Bruce, Walter Lipe, W. E. Lucas,
Joe Lucas, Newman Longley, E. P. Lunderbad,
Henry Dean, Randolph Huffman.

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 25 day of Feb. 1924
to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Commonwealth against

Dennis Shifflett

who stands charged with and indicted for a felony ~~wisdemeanor~~.

And this he shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 21 day of Feb. 1924 and in the 148th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

Executed Feb. 23, 1923 by having the following
 summons by Deputy Sheriff George W.
 Shifflett. L. G. Bruce, Walter Lyle, W. C.
 Lucas, Joe Lucas, Herman Toigley, C. P.
 Lundebocker & Henry Dean, in person.
 C. W. Dove, J. K. K.

Carr.
 20
 Commonwealth of Virginia
 Dennis Shifflett

Sheriff fee \$4.00
 12.00
 10.00
 8.00
 Total cost 75.00

7 to Shifflett
~~15 to Sheriff~~

Feb. 25, 1924

Executed Feb. 23, 1924 by delivering a
 copy of this summons to J. W. & Dillard
 King, J. R. Wigginton, ~~James~~ J. R. Rudolph
 Wigginton not found at his place
 of abode. Executed on a number of
 the family over 16 years of age and
 explaining purpose thereof. Feb. 23, 1924
 C. W. Dove, J. K. K.
 by J. W. & Dillard King, J. R. Wigginton, J. R. Rudolph

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon *W. E. Lucas, H. L. Willard,*
J. W. Fisher, Att Brill, Marine Long,
Ben Affenbacher, L. H. Bruce, E. F.
Lauderback, Mrs. Geo. Herring, Theonon
Langley, R. Huffman, Samuel Baugher,
Layton Hensley, J. F. Lucas

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the *23^d* day of *Apr.* 19*24* to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Commonwealth against

Dennis Shiflett

who stands charged with and indicted for a felony misdemeanor.

And this *they* shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, *J. F. BLACKBURN*, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the *21* day of *Apr.*, 19*24* and in the 14th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

Commonwealth of Virginia, }
Rockingham County, } To-wit:

BE IT REMEMBERED that on the 7 day of June 1923,

Dennis Sheplett and James H. Sheplett & Martin F. Sheplett
came before me W. W. Estabrook Sheriff of
of the said county of Rockingham, and severally and respectively acknowledged themselves to be in-
debted to the Commonwealth of Virginia, in manner and form following, that is to say: ~~the said~~

each in the sum of
One Thousand Dollars (\$1000.00) Dollars
good and lawful money of the United States, and the said

~~in the sum of~~ Dollars of like good and lawful money, to be
respectively made and levied of their several goods and chattels, lands and tenements, and they
severally waived the benefit of their Homestead Exemption as to this obligation, and also waived any
claim or right to discharge any liability to the Commonwealth arising under this recognizance with
coupons detached from the bonds of this State, to the use of the Commonwealth of Virginia if the said
Dennis Sheplett shall make default in the performance of the
conditions underwritten.

The condition of the above recognizance is such that if the above bound Dennis Sheplett
L. H. Bence, Justice of Peace for Rockingham County, Va
do and shall personally appear before ~~the Circuit~~
at nine o'clock on the morning of said day
Court of Rockingham, on the 18 day of June 1923 ~~Term next~~
thereof, being the 18 day of June 1923, at the Court-house thereof,
in Homestead Va
and then and there answer the Commonwealth of Virginia concerning a certain felony where-
of the said Dennis Sheplett stands charged, and shall not
depart thence without the leave of said Court, then the above recognizance shall be void and of no
effect, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Taken and acknowledged before me, the day and year first above written.

W. W. Estabrook H.C.

Commonwealth of Virginia
Richmond County
To-wit:

Deamin Shufflett

Mail to June 19/20

Felony Charge

Ref

The law presumes the accused to be innocent of the charge alleged against him until he is proved to be guilty. And the burden rests upon the Commonwealth to prove the guilt of the accused beyond all reasonable doubt. Nothing is to be presumed or taken by implication against him. No mere preponderance of evidence will suffice, as in the trial of a civil case, nor is it enough that by conjecture or speculation he may be supposed to be guilty, but the jury must be satisfied by the evidence that he is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

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