

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

R. Lee Coffman

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 7 day of March 1924 to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Defendant in the prosecution of the Commonwealth, Plaintiff, against

Daniel & Ralph Webster Defendant

And this he shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 6 day of March, 1924 and in the 14th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

James W. ...
Commonwealth

Executed
by Copy
With in
to H. Lee,
Cappman =
dissenting
J. E. Wynn
Constable
Central
District

J. W. ...
att'y.

Sheriff fee \$50

March 7, 1924.

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

Ernest Lintley

particular
to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 7th day of March 1924, to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Commonwealth against

Samuel Webster & Ralph Webster

who stands charged with and indicted for a felony misdemeanor.

And this he shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 7 day of March, 1924, and in the 14th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:
To the Honorable the Senate & House of Delegates:
I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original as the same appears on file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Virginia:
[Faint text, likely a list or table of contents, mostly illegible due to fading and bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,

COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, to-wit:

In the Circuit Court of said County:

The grand jurors in and for the body of said County of Rockingham and now attending said Court at its February term, 1924, upon their oaths do present that Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster, within one year next prior to the finding of this indictment, in the said County of Rockingham, did unlawfully manufacture, sell, offer, keep, store and expose for sale, give away, transport, dispense, solicit, advertise and receive orders for ardent spirits, against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The jurors aforesaid upon their oaths aforesaid do further present that Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster, within one year next prior to the finding of this indictment, in the said County of Rockingham, did unlawfully have in their possession ardent spirits, against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

And the jurors aforesaid upon their oaths aforesaid do further present that Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster, within one year next prior to the finding of this indictment, in the said County of Rockingham, did unlawfully receive ardent spirits, against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

This indictment is found on the testimony of Lewis Cromer, C. W. Dove, John Funk, and John Dove, witnesses sworn in Court and sent before the grand jury to give evidence.

We the jury find the accused Daniel Webster and
Ralph Webster guilty as charged in their indictment
and as certain their punishment at five months
confinement in jail and a fine of \$500⁰⁰
cash.

S. G. Will
Foreman

VIOL. PRO. ACT.

COMMISSIONER

DANIEL WEBSTER AND
RALPH WEBSTER

A MISDEMEANOR

A FINE \$500

S. G. Will
FOREMAN

Caputo

J. W. Dalton,
Counsel for the Defendant.

COMMONWEALTH

v.

DANIEL WEBSTER and

RALPH WEBSTER.

Bill of particulars.

The Commonwealth expects to prove in this case that about six weeks ago the defendants hired one Justus Hutep to take them to a point along the Kratzer Road some four miles north of Harrisonburg in a Ford automobile; that Websters left the car at that point, came back in a short time thereafter, each carrying a game bag containing liquor; that they came on back the Kratzer Road until they reached the Eden Road and then took this road to Cromer's Woods where the liquor was hidden by the Websters.

~~The Commonwealth expects to prove further that the Ralph Webster said on one occasion during the past year that he had sold on that day about 80 pints of liquor and that ardent spirits were stored for sale on Websters' farm southeast of Harrisonburg and also on their farm west of Harrisonburg.~~

March 6th, 1934.

COMMONWEALTH

v.

DANIEL WEBSTER and

LEWIS CROMER.

The Commonwealth expects to prove in this case that Cromer was arrested in the City of Harrisonburg about a month ago while transporting on his person three pints of moonshine liquor; that said liquor belonged to Daniel Webster and was

have stored ardent spirits for sale on their farm about daily for within the year prior to the finding of said indictment

that said ardent spirits were received and held unlawfully by them, and that said defendants

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being transported by said Cromer at the request of Daniel Webster. In other words, the Commonwealth expects to prove that Cromer was selling this liquor for Webster, that the liquor belonged to Webster, that he was to receive \$1.50 per pint for the same and Cromer Fifty Cents a pint for selling it.

March 6th, 1924.

W. D. Quinn
Commonwealth's Attorney.

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W. D. ...
Faint signature or name at the bottom of the page.

Gen. W. R. ...
Ruler of ...
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Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

when the case was called for trial, the day before the trial
 The defendants, by counsel, ^{having} ~~having~~ moved the court
 to require the Commonwealth's attorney to file a bill of
 particulars as to the specific offence or offences upon which
 the Commonwealth would rely for a conviction, and the Court
 having granted such motion, the attorney for the Commonwealth
when the case was called for trial
 filed a bill of particulars in the words and figures following.

to-wit:

"The Commonwealth expects to prove in this case that about six weeks ago the defendants hired one Justus Estep to take them to a point along the Kratzer Road some four miles north of Harrisonburg in a Ford automobile; that Websters left the car at that point, came back in a short time thereafter, each carrying a guano bag containing liquor; that they came on back the Kratzer Road until they reached the Edom Road and then took this road to Cromer's Woods where the liquor was hidden by the Websters, that said ardent spirits were received and held unlawfully by them, and that said defendants have stored ardent spirits for sale on their farms almost daily within the year prior to the finding of said indictment"

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1924, within sixty days from the date of the final judgment.

J. N. Haas Judge.

Handwritten note on the right margin, partially cut off: "The Commonwealth's attorney..."

Special Agent and Police Inspector

The defendant, John Doe, was arrested on the 15th day of April, 1914, at Washington, D.C. by Special Agent John Doe and Police Inspector John Doe. The defendant is charged with the crime of violation of the Espionage Act, Chapter 11, Section 11, Act of August 14, 1917, in that he has communicated information of a confidential nature to an unauthorized person.

The defendant admits to having done the acts charged in the indictment and to being guilty of the crime therein charged. He admits that he communicated information of a confidential nature to John Doe, an unauthorized person, and that he did so with the intent to aid the Government's enemies in their war against the United States.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Department this 15th day of April, 1914.

John Doe
Special Agent and Police Inspector

[Handwritten mark]

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 3.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth's Attorney ~~had~~ asked the witness Lewis Cromer the following questions to which he made the following answers:

"38 Q Did he have any other liquor there? A Yes sir, had some half gallon cans hid in there, too.

39 Q How would he hide it in the fodder shock? A Put it in sacks and stick them in the fodder shock.

40 Q Do the Xasha Websters own any other farm? A Yes sir; go out the pike and turn up by the tannery creek. They own a piece of ground out there.

41 Q You go out by Liskey's swimming pool? A Yes sir, you go out there and turn up a lane to the right going in.

42 Q What, if anything, did they keep out there on that farm? A Well, they kept all kinds of liquor out there.

The Court: Whose farm is that? A I think it belongs to Dan and Lester Webster. I think it belongs to all three of them. I think their father left it to them.

43 Q How did you happen to go up there? A Taking liquor up.

44 Q Whose liquor was it? A Dan Webster's.

45 Q Where did he get the liquor? A From mountain people.

46 Q Where did they keep the liquor? A In a straw stack, right in front of the sheep shed.

47 Q In what kind of containers? A Half gallon jars and jugs, too.

The Court: Which of the Websters did you ever see there?

A Seen them both there.

The Court: What do you mean by both? A Ralph and Dan.

48 Q What else -- did they keep it anywhere else about the place there? A Yes sir; kept some in a hollow tree there about the creek. Had a hole in the tree. Half gallons or pints. It would be pints after it was bottled up.

49 Q Whose land was that tree on? A Couldn't tell you, sir.

50 Q How far from the sheep shed? A Two hundred yards.

51 Q Who put it there? A I did.

52 Q Where did you get it? A From Dan.

The Court: Why did you put it there? A Didn't want to bring it all to town.

53 Q What kind of agreement did you have with him? A Well, I give him a dollar and a half, and I took fifty cents.

54 Q How much did you sell a week? A It averaged five gallons. Some weeks I didn't sell that much, and some weeks I sold more.

55 Q How much did you say you sold a week? A Averaged five gallons.

56 Q When did you pay Dan then? A Sometimes on Saturday.

57 Q How would you bring it down town? A Carry it in my pockets. Went in a car a few times. We all went and got it at night and would hide it up in these alleys.

The Court: What do you mean by all of you? A Me and Dan and Ralph.

58 Q Where would you hide it? A In these alleys, up and down.

59 Q Where would you usually dispose of most of it? In what part of Harrisonburg? A On Water Street.

The COURT: How long was that going on? A I worked for them all summer. I just don't know exactly how long.

60 Q What summer? A Last summer. I worked for them all last summer up until I was caught.

61 Q Who went on your bond? A Daniel Webster.

62 Q How would you pour this out? A Pour it into half gallon cans and then pour it out into the bottles. You can pour it that

way without spilling it.

63 Q Did you keep a funnel out there at the sheep shed? A Had one out there a right smart while.

64 Q Where did you keep it? A Hanging up there in the sheep shed, right between the rafters."

To the propounding of each of which questions the defendants, by counsel objected, on the ground that the testimony sought to be elicited thereby was not pertinent to any offence sufficiently set forth in the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's Attorney, and that it was not in any case permissible in view of the said bill of particulars to prove the storing by the defendants of liquor at any place other than that specified in the said bill of particulars or to prove sales made by or on their behalf, no specification of such sales being in the said bill of particulars, but the Court overruled each of said objections and permitted the

holding that evidence of selling or offering to sell was a ^{substantive} element in the charge of storing for sale ^{of liquor} and that the Court ex mero motu permitted the Commonwealth's Attorney to so amend the bill of particulars ~~so~~ that the same should specify that the Commonwealth would proceed against the defendants ^{at divers and sundry times in the town of Haverhill} on the charge of having, within twelve months next preceding the indictment, unlawfully dispensed ardent spirits, to which action of the Court in so overruling each of said objections and in ~~so~~ permitting the witness to answer each of the said questions, and in ~~so~~ permitting ^{such} amendment of said bill of particulars, the defendants, by counsel, excepted. ^{and the same was amended accordingly,} ^{But no motion was made by defendants for a continuance or postponement of the trial to enable them to make preparation to meet the ~~amendment~~ ^{amendment} or to file a return.}

Given under my hand this 16th day of April, 1924, within two days from the date of the final judgment.
J. N. Haas, Judge.

Handwritten notes at the bottom of the page, including "make of the matters mentioned in the testimony as to which objection was made" and "The court read force, and that he had no opportunity to introduce him with the over words of the Court, and since then had no knowledge of the matters mentioned in the testimony as to which objection was made."

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Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 4.

Upon the trial of this case, the Attorney for the Commonwealth propounded to the witness Lewis Cromer the following questions to which he made the following answers:

"65 Q Did Dan Webster, or not, ever bring any whiskey to your home? A Yes sir, we would pour it out, there.

66 Q When was that? A Well, it has been about two months ago. I was on bail then, too.

67 Q Who was present then? A William Graham. My mother was in the house. My mother was in the room. I guess she knew there was liquor in there. I don't know whether she did, or not.

68 Q What was Dan doing with liquor in your home? A Pouring it in the bottles to bring down town to sell.

69 Q Where did you get it? A We had it hid in the vines on the other side of the C. & W. Railroad. I got the liquor myself and brought it up to the house, and we poured it in the bottles.

70 Q That was hidden in some vines along the Railroad? What Railroad? A The C. & W. Railroad, near Dick Williams' store."

"74 Q Did they keep liquor anywhere else except in the sheep shed and the straw-stack and the woods out there? The poorhouse farm is about how far from that sheep shed? A I couldn't tell you, about a mile, I judge.

75 Q Did they keep liquor anywhere else except in the places you have spoken of? A We kept it back of the Estep's house and out here by the stone spring, in the woods there, I don't know whose woods it is.

76 Q You kept liquor back of what Esteps' house. A Justice Estep and Raymond Estep's.

77 Q Justis is the one who runs the jitney? A Yes sir. I never seen Estep with no liquor. It was back of their house there, where it was.

78 Q Where does Estep live? A Right in front of the Waterman woods, where the toll gate used to be, lives in a house up above there.

The Court: On the Rawley Road? A Yes sir.

79 Q You kept the liquor there in the woods? A Yes sir.

The Court: What Estep? A Raymond Estep and Justis Estep. I don't know what their mother's name is.

The Court: That is right beyond where the toll gate used to be on the Rawley Springs Turnpike? A Yes sir, on this road right here.

80 Q In what other woods? A At Stone Spring and way on down below there, I don't know what woods it is. I judge about a mile and a half, maybe two miles, from Stone Spring, maybe further."

To each of which questions the defendants by counsel objected, on the ground that the evidence sought to be elicited thereby was not pertinent to any offence specified in the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's Attorney and particularly in that it did not tend to show the storing by the defendants of whiskey or ardent spirits ^{for sale} upon the farm or farms of the defendants, or either of them, on which farm or farms it is alleged in the bill of particulars the same was stored ^{for sale,} but the Court overruled said objections and each of them and permitted the witness to answer each of said questions as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling each of said objections and so permitting witness to answer the defendants by counsel excepted.

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1924, ^{within}
40 days from the date of the final judgment
J. H. Haas Judge.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 5.

Upon the trial of this case the Commonwealth's Attorney propounded to the witness William Graham the following questions, to which he made the following answers:

"4 Q You live at Lewis Cromer's mother's, don't you? A Yes sir.

5 Q Do you ever see Dan Webster there? A Yes sir.

6 Q When was the last time you saw him there? A It has been, I guess, about a couple months ago, maybe a little longer.

7 Q Who was there with him? A He and Lewis Cromer came there together.

8 Q What did they have? A Well, I suppose they had a little bit of liquor with them, as far as I know.

9 Q What did they have it in? A Half gallon jars.

10 Q How many jars did they have? A Three.

11 Q What did they do with it? A Poured it into pint bottles.

12 Q Who did that? A Lewis and Dan, both.

13 Q What did they do with the liquor after they poured it into the bottles? A Took it with them, as far as I know.

14 Q How did you know? A I was there in the house, and you know you can scent it.

15 Q What color was it? A White.

16 Q How did it correspond in looks and smell with what is in there? A This smells very much like it."

"19 Q Have you seen him selling liquor since February 1, 1923?

A No sir.

20 Q I don't mean '24, I mean 1923.

A Well, I couldn't say for sure he sold it or what he done with it. I never seen him get any money for it.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Washington, D.C. 20535

On the trial of this case the Government's attention
is directed to the evidence which shows the following
facts:

1. For the purpose of this case, the Government
has introduced the following evidence:
2. On the day of the shooting, the witness
was in the area of the shooting and saw the
subject, who was wearing a dark jacket and
dark pants, walking away from the scene.

3. The witness further testified that he saw
the subject walking away from the scene
at the time of the shooting, and that he
was in the area of the shooting at the
time of the shooting.

4. The witness further testified that he saw
the subject walking away from the scene
at the time of the shooting, and that he
was in the area of the shooting at the
time of the shooting.

5. The witness further testified that he saw
the subject walking away from the scene
at the time of the shooting, and that he
was in the area of the shooting at the
time of the shooting.

21 Q What did you see him do with it?

A As far as I know, he had the liquor.

22 Q What was it in? A In pint bottles.

23 Q Where was it? A I seen him with it once on Water Street, around Mr. Matthews' stable.

24 Q What did he do with it? A I couldn't say what he done with it exactly, but I seen him one evening - I don't know whether he give it to him or sold it.

The Court: Where was that and when? A That has been some time back, I suppose, a month, about two months ago.

The Court: Where was it? A On Water Street.

The Court: Who was the person he gave it to or sold it to?

A I saw the person but didn't know."

To which questions and each of them the defendants, by counsel, objected, on the ground that in the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's Attorney there is no statement that the Commonwealth would seek to convict the defendants, or either of them, of the transportation of ardent spirits or of having ardent spirits in their possession at any place other than the farm or farms owned by them, or of selling ardent spirits or of unlawfully giving away ardent spirits, and the Court overruled the said objections and each of them and permitted the witness to answer as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling said objections and each of them the defendants by counsel excepted.

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1924, *within*
40 days from the date of the final judgment
J. M. Haas
Judge.

that the two men in the boat
in the morning, I saw them
that they were in the boat
there was a man I saw him in the boat
around the harbor, etc.
that the two men in the boat
with the boat, but I saw the boat
he was in the boat.
The boat they were in was a small boat
and the boat, I saw it about the harbor
the boat they were in was the harbor
the boat they were in was the harbor
A I saw the boat they were in.

to which attention was called in the
evidence, attached to the bill of lading
that by the Commission's testimony there is no statement that the
Commissioner would need to certify the statements, or either of
them, of the transportation of goods within or to foreign ports
either in their possession or any place other than the land
there owned by them, or of selling goods within or to foreign
ports only within limits and the laws covering the sale of
goods and land of that and certified the witness is aware of
above set forth, in which section of the Code is so covering said
statements and each of them the reference is hereby made.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 10th day of April, 1904.
[Signature]

Commissioner of Customs and Excise

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 6.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth propounded to one E.C.Liskey, a witness in its behalf, the following questions to which the witness made the following answers:

"2Q Which one was it? A Ralph.

3 Q You say Ralph Webster offered to sell you liquor? A Yes sir.

4 Q When was it? A I think it was Friday before Christmas.

5 Q Of last year, 1923? A Yes sir.

6 Q Where was he at the time? A It happened down on Water Street.

7 Q How much did he want to sell you? A He offered to sell me half a gallon.

8 Q Just state to the jury what he said and how --

9 Q Just state to the jury how he happened to offer you this half gallon of liquor? A I just walked down Water Street. He was sitting in a car right side of the curb. I reckon I stopped probably and got to talking. He offered to sell me half a gallon at \$10.00.

10 Q When did he say he would deliver it? A Said he would bring it around some time that night.

11 Q You didn't buy it? A No sir."

At the conclusion of which examination, the defendants, by counsel, moved that the Court strike out the said evidence and all of it and instruct the jury to disregard the same, on the ground that the bill of particulars contains no statement that the Common-

wealth would seek to convict the accused, or either of them, of the offence of selling ardent spirits or offering ardent spirits for sale, but the Court overruled each of said objections and permitted the witness to answer the said questions and each of them, as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling each of said objections and in so permitting the witness to answer each of the said questions, the defendants, by counsel, excepted.

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1924, *within*
60 days from the date of the final judgment
J. H. Hunt Judge.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 7.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth, by its Attorney, propounded to John Logan, a witness on its behalf, the following question to which he made the following answer:

"Do you know what the general reputation of Ralph Webster was from February 1, 1923, to February, 1924, as a bootlegger or for violating the prohibition laws? A Bad."

To which question the defendants by counsel objected, ~~on the ground that in the bill of particulars it is not stated that the Commonwealth would seek to obtain a conviction of the defendants, or either of them, upon the charge that they or he sold ardent spirits or that they were or he was a bootlegger,~~ but the Court overruled the said objection and permitted the witness to answer the question as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling the said objection, and in so permitting the witness to answer ~~such~~ the said question, the defendants, by counsel, excepted.

Given under my hand this ^{15th} day of April, 1924, *within*
40 days from the date of the final judgment.
J. M. Hand, Judge.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 8.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth, by its Attorney, propounded to F.L.Dovel, a witness in its behalf, the following questions to which the witness made the following answers:

"3 Q Do you know the general reputation of Ralph Webster for handling liquor in the City of Harrisonburg? If so, is that reputation good or bad? A I have heard it discussed that they were handling it.

The Court: Do you know how he stands generally?

A Do you mean for handling liquor? It is not good.

4 Q Is that same thing true of Daniel Webster? A Yes sir."

To the propounding of each of which questions the defendants, by counsel objected, ~~on the ground that in the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's Attorney there is no statement that the Commonwealth would seek to obtain the conviction of the defendants, or either of them, for the offence of having in their possession in the City of Harrisonburg, or selling in the City of Harrisonburg, ardent spirits, or of any other offence committed in said City,~~ but the Court overruled each of said objections and permitted the witness to answer the said questions and each of them, as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling each of said objections and in so permitting the witness to answer each of the said questions, the defendants, by counsel, excepted.

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1924, *within*
40 days from the final date of the final judgment.
J. H. Haas Judge.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 9.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth propounded to John Logan, a witness on its behalf, recalled by it, the following question to which he made the following answer:

"10 Q You testified that the general reputation of Ralph Webster was bad for handling liquor. How about Dan Webster? What is his general reputation? A Bad."

To the propounding of ^{which} question the defendants, by counsel, objected, ~~on the ground that the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's Attorney contained no specification that the Commonwealth would seek to obtain a conviction of the defendants, or either of them, upon the charge of selling or transporting liquor or upon any other offense to which the testimony sought to be elicited by the question was pertinent, but the Court overruled the said objection and permitted the witness to answer the said question, as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling said objection and in so permitting the witness to answer said question, the defendants, by counsel, excepted.~~

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1924, ^{with this}
days from the date of the first jury meeting
J. H. Haas Judge.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 10.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth propounded to the witness questions to which he made the following answers:

Daniel W. Steptoe, the following
"5 Q Do you know the general reputation of Ralph Webster for handling liquor here in the City of Harrisonburg? A Bad.

6 Q How about Dan? A Same thing."

To each of which questions the defendants, by counsel, objected, ~~on the ground that there is no sufficient statement in the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's Attorney that the Commonwealth would seek to obtain a conviction of the defendants, or either of them, upon any charge of handling ardent spirits either by way of transporting ardent spirits or selling ardent spirits or having ardent spirits in their possession in the City of Harrisonburg, or of transporting or selling ardent spirits at any place,~~ but the Court overruled each of said objections and permitted the witness to answer the said questions and each of them, as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling each of said objections and in so permitting the witness to answer each of the said questions, the defendants, by counsel, excepted.

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1924, *within today's from the date of the final judgment*
J. H. Hand, Judge.

Abraham Hand

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 11.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth propounded to A.P. Curry, a witness on its behalf, the following questions to which the witness gave the following answers:

"24 Q Do you know the general reputation of Ralph Webster for handling liquor here in Harrisonburg, and, if so, is it good or bad?

A It has been boosted a good deal.

25 Q What do you mean by boosted? A I mean it has been circulated, rumored a good deal.

26 Q Would you say it was good or bad? A Bad.

27 Q How about Daniel Webster? A Same."

To each of which questions the defendants, by counsel, objected, ~~on the ground that there is no sufficient statement in the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's Attorney that the Commonwealth would seek to obtain a conviction of the defendants, or either of them, upon any charge of handling ardent spirits either by way of transporting ardent spirits or selling ardent spirits or having ardent spirits in their possession in the City of Harrisonburg, or of transporting or selling ardent spirits at any place,~~ but the Court overruled each of said objections and permitted the witness to answer the said questions and each of them, as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling each of said objections and in so permitting the witness to answer each of the said questions, the defendants, by counsel, excepted.

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1934, *within*
40 days from the date of the final judgment.
J. H. Nass, Judge.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 12.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth propounded to E.G. Snyder *a witness in its behalf* the following questions to which he gave the following answers:

"8 Q Well, during the past year, or from February 1, 1923, up until February 1, 1924, during that period of one year, did you, or not, ever see Ralph Webster and Dan Webster, or either of them, sell liquor? A Well, I have seen them handling it along there, I don't know whether they were selling it, or not.

9 Q Explain what you mean. A I have seen them with it along there.

10 Q Would hand it out to people? A Not on the street. They would go into places.

11 Q Where would they go? A Into Dean's Hall there, and up the alley.

12 Q Is that in Dean's restaurant? A The entrance that goes back to the kitchen.

13 Q The entrance goes from the street back to the kitchen?

A Yes sir.

14 Q Which one of them would do that? A Well, I have seen Dan and Ralph, both.

15 Q About how often do you suppose you have seen them hand it out to people during the past year? About how often during a week or a day? A Well, I never paid much attention to that.

16 Q How often would you say on an average? A Well, a couple times a week, I reckon, - two or three times.

17 Q What kind of containers would this liquor be in? A They would have it in bottles, pint bottles?

18 Q What color would the stuff be? A Would be white-looking.

- 19 Q How did it resemble this flued here, or beverage, in this glass? A Yes, it looked sort of like that.
- 20 Q Now, when this liquor would be handed out, did you see any money pass? A Not as often as I have seen the liquor.
- 21 Q You have seen people hand money back to the Websters at the time the liquor was given to them? A Yes sir.
- 22 Q Would that be in the day-time or night-time, or both? A Well, in the day or night, either one.
- 23 Q That is, you mean that you saw them hand out liquor both in the day-time and night-time? A Yes sir."

To the propounding of which questions and each of them the defendants by counsel objected on the ground that the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's attorney contains no sufficient statement that the Commonwealth would seek to convict the defendants, or either of them, of having in their possession, transporting, selling, giving, or in any wise dispensing ardent spirits within the City of Harrisonburg, but the Court overruled each of said objections and permitted the witness to answer the said questions and each of them, as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling each of said objections and in so permitting the witness to answer each of the said questions, the defendants, by counsel, excepted.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1924, *within*
40 days from the date of the final judgment.
J. M. Hays, Judge.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 13.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth, by its attorney, propounded to Walter Deputy, a witness introduced by it, the following questions to which he made the following answers:

"13 Q Mr. Deputy, during the past year have you, or not, heard Ralph Webster say that he sold so much liquor on Court Day?

A Yes sir.

14 Q Just state to the jury what you did hear him say? A In a restaurant there on the corner where Mr. Baker used to be, Mr. Ralph Webster was setting there at the side of the stove, and he said he had sold eighty-five pints of liquor on November Court Day, on Water Street. It was just after Court Day."

To the propounding of which questions and each of them the defendants by counsel objected on the ground that there is no sufficient statement in the bill of particulars filed by the Commonwealth's Attorney that the Commonwealth would seek to convict the defendants, or either of them, of the offence of selling ardent spirits or having the same in their or his possession, ~~and on the further ground that evidence of an admission in pais by the defendant Ralph Webster of his guilt of the offence of selling liquor, even though sufficiently charged, was not admissible, unless and until evidence independent of such admission tending to prove the corpus delicti had first been adduced, and that no such evidence of the corpus delicti had been so adduced, there being nothing in the record tending to show sales to have been in fact made by Ralph Webster;~~ but the court overruled the said objection and permitted the witness to answer as above set forth & which action of the court in so overruling said objection and in so permitting the witness to answer the aforesaid questions, by Counsel for

accepted Given under my hand this 15th day of April 1904, within 60 days from the date of the plea judgment. J.A. Nease Judge

General Report on the ...

Section 10. ...

It is the duty of the ...

... of the ...

... of the ...

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... of the ...

... of the ...

Yes sir.

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Handwritten notes in cursive script, likely a continuation of the report or a separate entry.

Vertical handwritten notes on the right margin, possibly a list or index.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster.

Certificate No. 14.

Upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth's Attorney having propounded to Lewis Cromer, a witness on its behalf, the question: "Is there any special ear-mark about any of those jugs?" the witness answered: "I told the Sheriff what this one jug looked like before I ever seen it at all. I told him that they had a three gallon jug with the handle broke off and a mould-mark on it."

Whereupon the defendants, by counsel, moved the Court to instruct the jury to disregard the said answer of the witness on the ground that it was not permissible for the witness to testify to a statement made by himself in pais by way of corroborating his testimony, but the Court overruled the said motion and permitted the ~~witness to answer~~ ^{to stand} the said questions and each of them, as above set forth, to which action of the Court in so overruling ~~each of~~ ^{said} ~~said objections~~ ^{to stand} and in so permitting the witness to answer ~~each of~~ the said questions, the defendants, by counsel, excepted.

Given under my hand this ^{15th} day of April, 1924, ^{within}
~~60 days from the date of the final judgment.~~
J. N. Haas, Judge.

Special Agent in Charge

Investigation No. 123

On the 10th of this month, the undersigned, a witness on the trial, the
 following: "In their own words, they were about 100
 feet from the door when I saw the man enter the room. I
 saw him go in and I saw him go out. I saw him go in and
 I saw him go out. I saw him go in and I saw him go out."

Witness the defendant, by counsel, asked the Court to
 instruct the jury in the following: "The witness is not a
 competent witness to testify to the facts of the case."
 The witness is not a competent witness to testify to the facts of the case.
 The witness is not a competent witness to testify to the facts of the case.
 The witness is not a competent witness to testify to the facts of the case.
 The witness is not a competent witness to testify to the facts of the case.
 The witness is not a competent witness to testify to the facts of the case.

Given under my hand and seal of office, this 10th day of July, 1870.

 J. P. _____

Com
Thomas Marshall and
Minnie Marshall

CERTIFICATE NO. 1.

The following evidence on behalf of the Commonwealth
and of the defendant respectively, as hereinafter denoted, is all of
the evidence that was introduced on the trial of this case.

[Faint handwritten text]

EXHIBIT NO. 1

The following evidence on behalf of the Commonwealth
and of the defendant respectively, as heretofore admitted, is all of
the evidence that was introduced on the trial of this case.

CERTIFICATE NO. 2.

INSTRUCTION NO. 1.

The Court instructs the jury that in the State of Virginia no search warrant authorizing an officer to search the premises of any person can be issued until there is filed with the officers authorized to issue the same an affidavit of some person reasonably describing the house to be searched, the things to be searched for thereunder, alleging briefly the material facts constituting the probable cause for the issuance of such warrant, and alleging substantially the offense in relation to which said search is to be made - that no such warrant shall be issued on an affidavit omitting the aforesaid essentials; and if the jury believe from the evidence that the affidavit upon which the search warrant was issued, authorizing J. L. Dirting to search the house of Thomas J. Marshall omitted any of the aforesaid essentials, then the Court instructs the jury that the search of the house of Thomas J. Marshall by J. L. Dirting and the other officers with him was an illegal search; and although they further believe from the evidence that the accused, Thomas J. Marshall and Minnie Marshall, his wife, obstructed or impeded the officers, the jury are instructed that such obstructing or impeding constituted no crime against the laws of Virginia, and they must find the accused not guilty.

INSTRUCTION NO. 2.

The Court further instructs the jury that a man's home is his castle, and that he has the right to protect the same; that although they believe from the evidence that Thomas J. Marshall took hold of the officer at one time and held him when he was in his house, and took his gun out of its cover at another time; yet if they further believe from the evidence that he did so thinking that his wife was in danger of being

injured, then the Court tells the jury that such action on the part of the said Thomas J. Marshall constituted no offense against the laws of the State of Virginia, and they should find him not guilty.

The foregoing two instructions, requested by the defendant, were denied, and the defendant excepted.

Teste: this 7^m day of June, 1924.

J. N. Hood Judge.

joined. Then the Court tells the jury that when either or
the part of the said Thomas J. Marshall constituted no offense
against the laws of the State of Virginia, and they should find
him not guilty.

The foregoing are instructions, requested by the
defendants, were denied, and the defendant accepted.

Given: this 7th day of June, 1936.

W. B. ...
1936.

CERTIFICATE NO. 3.

The following instructions granted at the request of the Commonwealth and of the defendant, respectively, as hereinafter denoted are all of the instructions that were granted on the trial of this case.

This instruction was granted at the request of the Commonwealth:

INSTRUCTION NO. 1.

"The Court instructs the jury that if the defendants, or either of them, knowingly resisted, impeded, or obstructed, or in any manner hindered or delayed Officers W. T. Rexrode, John Funk, or John Dove, or either of them, while they had in their hands a search warrant issued by F. J. Argenbright, J. P., you will find them guilty."

This instruction was granted at the request of the defendant:

INSTRUCTION NO. 2.

"The Court further instructs the jury that if the jury believe from the evidence that the accused, Minnie Marshall, turned over the bottle containing the ardent spirits out of sheer fright and without any intention to obstruct or impede the officers in their search, or shut the upstairs door without any like intention, then the Court tells the jury that the action of Minnie Marshall constituted no offense against the laws of Virginia, and they should find her not guilty."

Teste: this 7th day of June, 1924.

J. N. Haas Judge.

The following instructions granted at the request of the Commonwealth and of the defendant, respectively, as hereinafter denoted are all of the instructions that were granted on the trial of this case.

This instruction was granted at the request of the Commonwealth:

INSTRUCTION NO. 1.

"The Court instructs the jury that if the defendant, or either of them, knowingly resisted, impeded, or obstructed, or in any manner hindered or delayed Officers W. E. Kennedy, John Kane, or John Dove, or either of them, while they had in their hands a search warrant issued by P. J. Argenbright, J. P., you will find them guilty."

This instruction was granted at the request of the defendant:

INSTRUCTION NO. 2.

"The Court further instructs the jury that if the jury believe from the evidence that the accused, Minnie Kaxballi, turned over the bottle containing the urgent message out of their sight and without any intention to obstruct or impede the officers in their search, or about the upstairs door without any like intention, then the Court tells the jury that the action of Minnie Kaxballi constituted no offense against the laws of Virginia, and they should find her not guilty."

Source: this day of June, 1933.

CERTIFICATE NO. 4.

During the argument of the Commonwealth's Attorney, D. Wampler Earman, ~~in opening the case~~, he stated that it was necessary to put a stop to the resistance of prohibition officers by private persons, that only recently had ~~McMenaway~~ ^{McMenaway} been killed at Covington, Virginia, which statement was promptly ~~objected~~ ^{excepted} to by the attorney for the defendant. ~~But~~ ~~the Commonwealth's attorney was allowed to proceed with his argument without reprimand or admonition by the court notwithstanding the defendant's objection allowed by the court, and the defendant excepted.~~

Teste: this 7th day of June, 1924.

J. H. Haas Judge.

During the argument of the Commonwealth's Attorney,

D. S. [unclear] [unclear] [unclear], he stated that it was necessary to put a copy in the possession of [unclear]

McDonough
officers by private persons, that only recently had been

been killed at Covington, Virginia, which statement was

promptly refuted by the attorney for the defendant. *That*

~~the Commonwealth's Attorney has stated as follows:~~

~~has no objection to the admission of the same.~~

~~and the same is being admitted as evidence.~~

~~and the same is being admitted as evidence.~~

Yours: This 7th day of June, 1934.

J. P. [unclear]
Judge

CERTIFICATE NO. 5.

After the jury had returned into court and rendered its verdict, the accused moved the Court to set aside the verdict because the same was contrary to the law and the evidence, and because of the refusal of the court to give the instructions requested by the accused, and to award him a new trial, which motion was overruled by the Court, and judgment entered upon said verdict against the accused, to which action of the court in overruling said motion, and entering said judgment, the accused excepted.

Teste: this 7th day of June, 1924.

J. N. Hand Judge.

CONFIDENTIAL NO. 2

After the jury had returned into court and rendered
its verdict, the accused moved the court to set aside the
verdict because the same was contrary to the law and the
evidence, and because of the refusal of the court to give
the instructions requested by the accused, and to award
him a new trial, which motion was overruled by the court,
and judgment entered upon said verdict against the accused,
to which motion of the court in overruling said motion, and
entering said judgment, the accused excepted.

Witness: this 15 day of June, 1921.

Judge

CERTIFICATE NO. 6.

In the charge given ^{by the Court} to the jury they were told that the punishment applicable to this offense was a fine of not less than \$100.00, nor more than \$1,000.00, and confinement in jail not less than two, nor more than six months; whereupon the accused, by counsel, moved the Court to charge the jury that if he should be found guilty, the punishment prescribed by law was not less than \$50.00, nor more than \$500.00 and confinement in jail not less than one, nor more than six months, which motion the Court overruled, to which action of the Court in overruling said ~~action~~ ^{motion}, the accused excepted.

Teste: This 7th day of June 1874

J. N. Naas Judge

IDENTIFICATION NO.

415 Court

In the charge given to the jury they were
 told that the punishment applicable to this offense was a fine
 of not less than \$100.00, nor more than \$1,000.00, and
 confinement in jail not less than two, nor more than six
 months; whereas the accused, by counsel, moved the
 Court to charge the jury that it should be found
 guilty, the punishment prescribed by law was not less
 than \$50.00, nor more than \$500.00 and confinement in
 jail not less than one, nor more than six months,
 which motion the Court overruled, so when action of
 the Court in overruling said motion, the record excepted.

Let it be found guilty

415 Court

CERTIFICATE NO. 7.

W. T. Rexrode testified that the search warrant which he had in his hands for execution in this case was not now in his possession, that he had seen it at a preliminary hearing in this case and that he supposed it was in the possession of F. J. Argenbright; whereupon the defendant, by counsel, objected to ^{him} ^{and J. F. Blackburn, Clerk of the Court, testified} testifying as to any acts of his performed under the said alleged search warrant unless it was first produced. The Court over-ruled, but notwithstanding the defendant's objection, the Commonwealth's attorney ^{and accounted} was allowed to testify, and the defendant excepted.

Teste: this ___ day of June, 1924.

Judge.

Certificate No. 7

When W. T. Rexrode, State Prohibition agent, was offered as a witness, being the first witness sworn, and was asked as to the search of the Marshall home, demand was made on behalf of the defendants for the production of the search warrant - Rexrode said he did not have it and did not know where it was; that it was issued and was present at the preliminary trial; that he supposed Mr. Earman, the attorney for the Commonwealth, or Mr. Argenbright, ^{had it, or} the justice who issued it; Mr. Earman stated that he did not have it and did not know where it was; and J. F. Blackburn, the Clerk of the Court, being inquired of, said it was not in his office; whereupon the defendants by counsel objected to Rexrode's testifying to any acts done under the ^{alleged} warrant unless it was first produced. The Court overruled the defendant's objection and allowed the witness to testify to the acts done under said search warrant, and the defendant excepted.

Teste this 7th day of June 1924.

J. H. Nass, Judge

CERTIFICATE NO. 8

~~When~~ The witness, W. T. Rexrodes, ~~was on the stand,~~
testified that while he did not have the search warrant,
~~when he made the search in this case,~~ yet the search warrant
which he did have was of a form exactly similar to the
following form of a search warrant, *being the form furnished by
the Attorney General's Office*

"Commonwealth of Virginia - City, County of Rockingham,
to-wit:

To the Prohibition Inspectors, Sheriffs, Sergeants, and all
Police Officers and Constables of the State of Virginia -
Greeting:

WHEREAS _____ of the said
County has this day made complaint and information on oath
before me, _____
Name of Magistrate Title,

of the said County that he verily believes that in the said
County and State:

(a) That Ardent Spirits are being unlawfully manufactured,
sold, kept, stored, possessed, held, used and concealed in
a certain _____

(Here describe the place, house, room or boat, as
the case may be)
by one _____

(Give name, if name unknown, say, "Whose name is to the
informant unknown")

(b) A still, still cap, worm, tubs, fermenters and other
appliances connected with such still and used, and mash and
other substances, capable of being used, in the manufacture
of Ardent Spirits, are unlawfully in the possession of, and
unlawfully used by one _____

(Give name, if name unknown, say "Whose
(name is to the informant unknown")

in a certain dwelling house and outbuilding.

(c) Ardent Spirits are being unlawfully kept, held, stored,
concealed, used, sold, and unlawfully transported in certain
baggage or a certain vehicle, to-wit: a certain _____

(Here describe
vehicle, auto, wagon, carriage, buggy, boat, baggage or what not)

by one _____

(Here give name, or describe as in (a) above)

And there being reasonable cause for such belief:

These are, therefore, in the name of the Commonwealth
of Virginia, to command you, with all necessary and proper
speed and assistance, to search the house, place, baggage, boat
or vehicle herein designated, either in day or night, and seize
such ardent spirits and their containers and other things
apparently possessed or used in violation of law, and bring
the same and the person or persons, in whose possession they
are found, and also any person resisting, impeding, obstructing
or in any manner hindering or delaying you in the execution of
this warrant before me, or some other officer having jurisdiction
of the case, to be disposed of and dealt with according to law;
and make return of this warrant showing all acts and things
done thereunder, with a particular statement and sufficient

That the witness, E. F. Hertzberg, who was present at the time that while he did not have the search warrant, when he made the search in this case, yet the search warrant which he did have was of a form exactly similar to the following form of a search warrant, being the form furnished by the Commonwealth of Virginia - City, County of Rockingham.

E. F. Hertzberg

To the Probation Inspectors, Sheriffs, Sergeants, and all Police Officers and Constables of the State of Virginia -

Whereas the witness, E. F. Hertzberg, who was present at the time that while he did not have the search warrant, when he made the search in this case, yet the search warrant which he did have was of a form exactly similar to the following form of a search warrant, being the form furnished by the Commonwealth of Virginia - City, County of Rockingham.

(a) That certain spirits are being unlawfully manufactured, sold, kept, stored, possessed, held, used and conveyed in certain vehicles, to-wit: a certain

(b) A still, still cap, worm, tubes, fermenters and other appliances connected with such still and used, and made and other apparatus, capable of being used, in the manufacture of certain spirits, are unlawfully in the possession of, and unlawfully used by one

(c) That certain spirits are being unlawfully kept, stored, concealed, used, sold, and unlawfully transported in certain vehicles, to-wit: a certain

And there being reasonable cause for such belief:

That the witness, E. F. Hertzberg, in the name of the Commonwealth of Virginia, to demand you, with all necessary and proper speed and diligence, to search the name, place, persons, and vehicles herein designated, either in day or night, and seize such certain spirits and their containers and other things, and to cause the same to be used in violation of law, and bring the name and the person or persons, in whose possession they are found, and also any person residing, traveling, participating or in any manner abetting or aiding you in the execution of this warrant before me, or some other officer having jurisdiction of the case, to be disposed of and dealt with according to law; and cause return of this warrant showing all acts and things done hereunder, with a particular statement and return of

description of the things seized and the name of the person in whose possession found, if any, and if not found in the possession of any one, so state in your return, and post a true copy of this warrant and the return thereof, as required by law.

Given under my hand and seal this _____ day of _____
19__.

(SEAL)

Title of Magistrate.

The witness, further stated that under the heading "and there being reasonable cause for such belief" no ground was given; whereupon the accused, by counsel, moved the Court to strike out all the testimony of the witness relating to the search warrant on the ground that a search warrant could not be issued without stating some reasonable cause for belief that a crime had been committed; but notwithstanding the accused's objection, the evidence was admitted, and the defendant excepted.

Teste: this 7th day of June, 1924.

• J. N. Haas Judge.

description of the things seized and the name of the person
in whose possession found, if any, and if not found in the
possession of any one, so state in your return, and pour a
true copy of this warrant and the return thereof, as required

by law.

Given under my hand and seal this _____ day of _____

18__

The witness, further stated that under the heading
"and there being reasonable cause for such belief" no ground
was given; whereas the accused, by counsel, moved the court
to strike out all the recital of the witness relating to
the search warrant on the ground that a search warrant could
not be issued without stating some reasonable cause for belief
that a crime had been committed; but notwithstanding the
accused's objection, the evidence was admitted, and the
defendant accepted.

Verdict: This 27 day of June, 1884.

CERTIFICATE NO.

~~When the witness, W. T. Rexrodes, was on the stand, after testifying that he did not have the search warrant, under which he made the search in this case, yet~~ ^{later} ~~that~~ he did have the affidavit upon which the search warrant was issued, which was as follows:

" Commonwealth of Virginia--City, County of Rockingham,
to-wit

Whereas, J. L. Dirting, Chief Federal Agent of the said County has this day made complaint and information on oath before me, F. J. Argenbright, J. P. of the said County that he verily believes for the reasons hereinafter stated in the said County and State:

(a) Ardent spirits are being unlawfully manufactured, sold, kept, stored, possessed, held, used, and concealed, in a certain dwelling house and outbuildings, by one Tom Marshall, located at Mt. Clinton.

(b) A still, still cap, worm, tubs, fermenters and other appliances with such still and used, and mash and other substances, capable of being used, in the manufacture of Ardent Spirits, are unlawfully in the possession of, and unlawfully used by one Tom Marshall in a certain dwelling house and outbuildings.

(c) Ardent Spirits are being unlawfully kept, held, stored, concealed, used, sold, and unlawfully transported in certain baggage or a certain vehicle, to-wit: a certain _____
by one _____.

And there being reasonable and probable cause for such belief, on account of the following facts stated by the affiant and others, to-wit: upon information and complaint of citizens.

This is to certify that I have this day issued a search warrant to search the said dwelling house and outbuildings for the said still and ardent spirits.
Given under my hand this 15th day of March, 1924.

(Signed) F. J. Argenbright
Justice of the Peace. "

Whereupon the accused moved the Court to strike out all of the testimony of W. T. Rexrodes with reference to a search warrant being issued at all, because the said affidavit was not in accord with law, in that it did not allege the things to be searched for thereunder, the material facts constituting the probable cause for the issuance of such

When the witness, W. T. Hester, was on the stand, after testifying that he did not have the record, under which he made the record in this case, yet that he did have the affidavit upon which the search warrant was issued, which was as follows:

" Commonwealth of Virginia--City, County of Rockingham,

to-wit:

Whereas, J. L. Hester, Chief Justice of the said County has this day made diligent and intensive search on each before me, J. L. Hester, J. J. Hester, of the said County that he verily believe for the reasons hereunto stated in the said County and State:

(a) Ardent spirits are being unlawfully manufactured, sold, kept, stored, possessed, held, used, and consumed, in a certain dwelling house and outbuildings, by one Tom Marshall, located at No. 11110.

(b) A still, stills and other apparatus and other equipment, apparatus of being used in the manufacture of ardent spirits, are unlawfully in the possession of, and unlawfully used by one Tom Marshall in a certain dwelling house and outbuildings.

(c) Ardent spirits are being unlawfully kept, held, stored, consumed, used, sold, and unlawfully transported in certain baggage or a certain vehicle, to-wit: a certain _____ by one _____

And there being reasonable and probable cause for such belief, on account of the foregoing facts stated by the witness and others, to-wit: your information and complaint of others.

That he verily believe that I have this day issued a search warrant to search the said dwelling house and outbuildings for the said still and other apparatus.

(Signed) J. L. Hester, Chief Justice of the County.

Whereupon the court moved the Court to strike out all of the testimony of W. T. Hester with reference to a search warrant being issued at all, because the said affidavit was not in accord with law, in that it did not allege the things to be searched for thereunder, the material facts constituting the probable cause for the issuance of such

warrant and the offense in relation to which search is to be made, but the Court overruled said motion and the accused excepted.

Teste: This 7th day of June, 1924

J. H. Haas Judge

excepted.
be made, but the best evidence and the amount
extent and the others in relation to which matter is to

Part of the T-Log of James, 1897

W. H. Mason
James

(1)

Testimony for the Commonwealth
a Slave Revenue Officer

J. P. Derlingus S. Federal Prohibi-

W. T. Rexrodes testified that he and John Funk, ~~knocked~~ ^{knocked} ~~on the door of Thomas J. Marshall's home in Mt. Clinton,~~ ^{together to the home of Thomas Marshall, near Mt. Clinton, in Rockingham} ~~Rockingham County, Virginia, that it was in the afternoon about~~ ^{County, on the afternoon of} ~~the 15th of March, 1924, that Marshall and his wife were in the~~ ^{to execute a search warrant for ardent spirit} ~~front room, that Marshall had been sick; that Marshall came to~~ ^{issued by F. J. Argenbright, a justice of the peace of Rockingham County, on the} ~~the door and invited him and Funk in, that they went in, and he,~~ ^{affidavit of said Justice, that they were met at the door by Thomas Marshall,} ~~who invited them in, and that he and Funk went in; that witness told Marshall~~ ^{the door and invited him and Funk in, that they went in, and he,} ~~Rexrodes, told Funk to read the search warrant, as he did not~~ ^{who invited them in, and that he and Funk went in; that witness told Marshall} ~~that he had a search warrant for his home, and passed the warrant over~~ ^{Rexrodes, told Funk to read the search warrant, as he did not} ~~to Funk and told him to read it, saying that he (the witness) did~~ ^{that he had a search warrant for his home, and passed the warrant over} ~~warrant under which he made the search in this case; that the~~ ^{to Funk and told him to read it, saying that he (the witness) did} ~~not have his spectacles with him, the witness being called upon by~~ ^{warrant under which he made the search in this case; that the} ~~last time he saw it was at the preliminary hearing; that he~~ ^{not have his spectacles with him, the witness being called upon by} ~~supposed it was in the possession of F. J. Argenbright, (accused~~ ^{last time he saw it was at the preliminary hearing; that he} ~~objected to witness testifying as to any acts performed under~~ ^{supposed it was in the possession of F. J. Argenbright, (accused} ~~the search warrant unless it was first produced, court overruled~~ ^{objected to witness testifying as to any acts performed under} ~~objection and accused excepted); that he had a form exactly~~ ^{the search warrant unless it was first produced, court overruled} ~~similar to the search warrant which he had when he searched~~ ^{objection and accused excepted); that he had a form exactly} ~~Marshall's home, which was in the following words and figures:~~ ^{similar to the search warrant which he had when he searched} ~~Office: The form was as follows:~~ ^{Marshall's home, which was in the following words and figures:}

"Commonwealth of Virginia - City, County of Rockingham, to-wit:

To the Prohibition Inspectors, Sheriffs, Sergeants, and all
 Police Officers and Constables of the State of Virginia-
 Greeting:

Whereas _____ of the said County has this
 day made complaint and information on oath before me,
 _____ of the said County that he verily believes, that
 in the said County and State:

(a) That Ardent Spirits are being unlawfully manufactured,
 sold, kept, stored, possessed, held, used and concealed
 in a certain _____ by one _____

(b) A still, still cap, worm, tubs, fermenters and other
 appliances connected with such still and used, and mash
 and other substances, capable of being used, in the manufacture
 of Ardent Spirits, are unlawfully in the possession of, and
 unlawfully used by one _____ in a certain _____

(c) Ardent Spirits are being unlawfully kept, held, stored,
 concealed, used, sold, and unlawfully transported in certain
 baggage or a certain vehicle, to-wit: a certain _____
 by one _____

And there being reasonable cause for such belief:

These are, therefore, in the Name of the Commonwealth of
 Virginia, to command you, with all necessary and proper
 speed and assistance, to search the house, place, baggage,
 boat or vehicle herein designated, either in day or night,
 and seize such ardent spirits and their containers and

Command for defendants to produce the search warrant, said he did not have it. That the
 possession of the search warrant by the defendant, Attorney for the Commonwealth, then, was not in
 his possession and he was not in his possession and he did not know where it was.

And J. P. Derlingus, Clerk of the Court, being sworn, having signed of, and the warrant
 was put in his office.

Handwritten notes at the top of the page, including the name "W. H. ..."

Reversed text from the back of the page, appearing as bleed-through. It includes phrases like "I have been advised..." and "The search warrant..."

Continuation of reversed text from the back of the page, mentioning "The search warrant unless it was first produced..."

Reversed text mentioning "Commonwealth of Virginia - City, County of Rockingham, to-wit:"

Reversed text mentioning "To the Probation Inspector, Sheriff, Sergeant, and all Police Officers and Constables of the State of Virginia -"

Reversed text mentioning "Whereas of the said County and State..."

Reversed text mentioning "In the said County and State..."

Reversed text mentioning "That certain articles are being unlawfully manufactured..."

Reversed text mentioning "That certain articles are being unlawfully transported..."

Reversed text mentioning "and these being prohibited under the laws..."

Final lines of reversed text at the bottom of the page.

Vertical handwritten notes on the left margin, possibly a list of names or dates.

(2)

other things apparently possessed or used in violation of law, and bring the same and the person or persons, in whose possession they are found, and also any person resisting, impeding, obstructing, or in any manner hindering or delaying you in the execution of this warrant before me, or some other officer having jurisdiction of the case, to be disposed of and dealt with according to law; and make return of this warrant showing all acts and things done thereunder, with a particular statement and sufficient description of the things seized and the name of the person in whose possession found, if any, and if not found in the possession of any one, so state in your return, and post a true copy of this warrant and the return thereof, as required by law.

Given under my hand and seal this _____ day of _____, 192__.

(SEAL)

Title of Magistrate".

That ⁱⁿ the search warrant in this case, ^{The} ~~under the~~ ^{words} "and there being reasonable cause for such belief" ~~were not followed by any statement of what the grounds were, but~~ ^{were not followed by any statement of what the grounds were, but} stated no ground, (objection by the accused on the ground that a valid search warrant could not be issued without giving reasonable cause for such belief (objection overruled, exception taken); ^{The witness proceeding further said} that he did have the affidavit upon which the search warrant was issued, which was in the following ^{words and figures:} form:

"Commonwealth of Virginia -- City, County of, Rockingham to-wit:

Whereas, J. L. Dirting, Chief Federal Agent of the said County has this day made complaint and information on oath before me, F. J. Argenbright, J. P. of the said County that he verily believes for the reasons hereinafter stated in the said County and State:

- (a) Ardent spirits are being unlawfully manufactured, sold, kept, stored, possessed, held, used, and concealed, in a certain dwelling house and outbuildings by one Tom Marshall, located at Mt. Clinton.
- (b) A still, still cap, worm, tubs, fermenters and other appliances with such still and used, and mash and other substances, capable of being used, in the manufacture of Ardent Spirits, are unlawfully in the possession of, and unlawfully used by one Tom Marshall in a certain dwelling house and outbuildings.
- (c) Ardent Spirits are being unlawfully kept, held, stored, concealed, used, sold, and unlawfully transported in certain baggage or a certain vehicle, to-wit: a certain _____ by one _____.

but stated by the mandate of the writ as shown in the above form.

And there being reasonable and probable cause for such belief, on account of the following facts stated by the affiant and others, to-wit: upon information and complaint of citizens.

This is to certify that I have this day issued a search warrant to search the said dwelling house and outbuildings for the said still and ardent spirits.

Given under my hand this 15th day of March, 1924.

(Signed) F. J. Argenbright
Justice of the Peace."

(A motion was made to strike out all the evidence of W. T. Rexrodes with reference to the search warrant because the affidavit did not set out the things to be searched for thereunder; the material facts constituting the probable cause for the issuance of such warrant, and allege substantially the offense in relation

to which said search is made. (Motion overruled, accused excepted);

The witness, proceeding further, said that when he passed to the warrant to that Mrs. Marshall, who had in a pan water and potatoes, ran up Fink and told him to read it, Fink had read only a few words the stairs; that Mr. Rexrodes, ran up after her, that Thomas J. When Minnie Marshall (wife of Thomas), who was standing by, turned Marshall came up after him and John Fink came after Thomas J. and ran towards the stairway going to the second floor of the house; Marshall; that Mrs. Marshall slammed the door shut; that he pushed. Whereupon he called to her to come back and not go up stairs, but against the door, could not get it open, then he took his foot and she continued her course and ran upstairs; that witness followed pressed against the door, then it flew open and hit Mrs. Marshall, her to the upstairs where she ran into a room and slammed knocking the pan out of her hand and causing the water to spill out. The door shut in witness's face; that witness called to her once or twice on the floor, that about this time, THOMAS J. Marshall caught him, to open the door and tried to open it himself by the door knob, but without Rexrodes, around the waist, and that about the time the door flew open, Mrs. Marshall, with her foot turned over a little bottle shall, who had followed him, came up, behind him and caught him or jar containing liquor, around the body with his arms, and held him securely, pinning the arms of witness to his sides; that while witness was so held Mrs. Marshall emptied a jar containing whiskey, either turned it over with her foot or emptied it with her hand; that while witness was held by Marshall, Fink, who had followed Marshall, came up and took hold of Marshall and told him to let go of witness, which Marshall did; that the whiskey was thrown out before witness was released; that the vessel con-

claiming the Whiskey was over by the window, and witness saw Mrs. Marshall there where it was, after he got the door open, and when he was released witness wet his finger in the Whiskey on the floor and tasted and smelled it; that witness and Mrs. Marshall went to the downstairs then, in advance of J. W. and Thomas Marshall.

Called in rebuttal this witness said he did not hear his pistol out at all while at the Marshall place.

[The following text is mirrored bleed-through from the reverse side of the page and is largely illegible.]

CC/ *Revenue Officer*

that he was a Federal Prohibition agent.

John S. Funk testified that he was with Mr.

Rexrode, and went in with him to the Marshall home; that they were invited in by ~~the~~ Marshall, that when they got in, Rexrode did not have his glasses and asked him to read the warrant; that he started to read the warrant ~~and~~ ^{and} Mrs. Marshall, who was in the room with a pan in her hands in which was water and potatoes, started up the steps, that ~~the~~ Rexrode started up after her, and Thomas Marshall started up the steps after ~~the~~ Rexrode, and he started up after ~~Thomas~~ Marshall;

*continued top
next page*

Handwritten notes at the top of the page, including a circled name and some illegible scribbles.

John S. Fung testified that he was with Mr. [illegible]

Excerpt of typed text, appearing to be a transcription of a testimony. The text is mirrored and difficult to decipher due to bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.

Handwritten notes at the bottom left of the page, including a circled name and some illegible scribbles.

(S)



~~John Dove~~ that when he got to the door at the top of the steps, Thomas Marshall had his arms around the ~~wrist~~ ^{body} of Rexrode, holding him, and Rexrode had the door open. Funk stated that he heard Mr. Marshall say something about break the bottle. He was not sure whether it was "to break the bottle" or "~~to~~ not break the bottle". ~~Funk stated~~ that Mr. Rexrode went up into the garrett, that he, Funk, stayed in the upstairs room for a few minutes and then there was a noise below like a child crying, and Thomas Marshall grabbed his gun and took the cover off of it, that he took hold of ~~Thomas Marshall~~ ^{the gun} and Thomas Marshall made some remark to the effect that he was going to protect his family, that he, Funk, assured Marshall that he, Funk, would see that no harm came to his family, whereupon Marshall put his gun back in the ~~cover~~ ^{corner} and set the gun up against the wall; that ~~he, Funk, then assisted Marshall down stairs to the bed.~~

* That the gun was loaded and he, Funk, took the charge out of it.

That he saw Mrs. Marshall in a stooping posture over near the window when he ~~stated~~ ^{stated} that Mr. Rexrode went up into the garrett, that he, Funk, stayed in the upstairs room for a few minutes and then there was a noise below like a child crying, and Thomas Marshall grabbed his gun and took the cover off of it, that he took hold of ~~Thomas Marshall~~ ^{the gun} and Thomas Marshall made some remark to the effect that he was going to protect his family, that he, Funk, assured Marshall that he, Funk, would see that no harm came to his family, whereupon Marshall put his gun back in the ~~cover~~ ^{corner} and set the gun up against the wall; that ~~he, Funk, then assisted Marshall down stairs to the bed.~~

that he heard Mrs. Marshall in a stooping posture over near the window when he stated that Mr. Rexrode went up into the garrett, that he, Funk, stayed in the upstairs room for a few minutes and then there was a noise below like a child crying, and Thomas Marshall grabbed his gun and took the cover off of it, that he took hold of ~~Thomas Marshall~~ ^{the gun} and Thomas Marshall made some remark to the effect that he was going to protect his family, that he, Funk, assured Marshall that he, Funk, would see that no harm came to his family, whereupon Marshall put his gun back in the ~~cover~~ ^{corner} and set the gun up against the wall; that ~~he, Funk, then assisted Marshall down stairs to the bed.~~

Deputy Sheriff of Rockingham County,

John Dove testified that he and a Federal Revenue officer by the name of J. L. Dirting ~~were~~ ^{was} on the outside of the Thomas J. Marshall house, and did not go into the said house until he heard some kind of a noise, that he did not get upstairs at all; that ~~after~~ ^{when} Mrs. Marshall came down stairs, she kept fanning the curtain around, so as to keep him from catching ~~the~~ liquor which was dripping down from the ceiling above. He said he smelled the liquor and knew that it was liquor; that he saw J. L. Dirting push Mrs. Marshall down into a chair; ~~testified~~ that he did not push her down very hard; that Dirting pushed her down into the chair because Mrs. Marshall kept trying to catch the liquor that was dripping from the ceiling, with the curtain, to keep ~~the officer (Dove)~~ ^{him (Dove)} from getting the same in some kind of a container which he had.

he and Dirting were in the room under the one in which the liquor was poured out down, that she kept fanning the curtain around, so as to keep him from catching the liquor which was dripping down from the ceiling above. He said he smelled the liquor and knew that it was liquor; that he saw J. L. Dirting push Mrs. Marshall down into a chair; testified that he did not push her down very hard; that Dirting pushed her down into the chair because Mrs. Marshall kept trying to catch the liquor that was dripping from the ceiling, with the curtain, to keep the officer (Dove) from getting the same in some kind of a container which he had.

that he saw J. L. Dirting push Mrs. Marshall down into a chair; testified that he did not push her down very hard; that Dirting pushed her down into the chair because Mrs. Marshall kept trying to catch the liquor that was dripping from the ceiling, with the curtain, to keep the officer (Dove) from getting the same in some kind of a container which he had.

that he saw J. L. Dirting push Mrs. Marshall down into a chair; testified that he did not push her down very hard; that Dirting pushed her down into the chair because Mrs. Marshall kept trying to catch the liquor that was dripping from the ceiling, with the curtain, to keep the officer (Dove) from getting the same in some kind of a container which he had.

called in rebuttal this witness said the witness John
Custer did not go upstairs at all, but left the
house almost immediately after the other officers
entered and ran towards his own home, and did
not come back.

[Faint, mostly illegible text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

[Faint, mostly illegible text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

~~_____~~

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[Vertical handwritten text on the right margin.]

(6)
-2-

Testimony for the Safe Deposit
EVIDENCE FOR THE DEPOSITION

Minnie wife of Thomas Marshall

Mrs. Thomas Marshall, ~~she~~ testified that she was a daughter of Jacob Custer of near Mt. Clinton, Rockingham County, Virginia, and twenty-five years old, further testified that she and her husband, ^{she said,} who was not working, he having been sick, her brother, John Custer, and one of her children were in the front room of their ~~house~~ home, situate near Mt. Clinton, Rockingham County, Virginia, ^{one afternoon in November when} that she looked out of the window and saw four men coming towards the house, that she thought they were coming to see her husband and she told her husband and he went to the door, that only two of the men came up to the door, John R. Funk, a federal revenue officer and W. T. Rexrodes, the State Revenue Officer, that her husband invited the officers in, that they came in, and Rexrodes told her husband that he had a search warrant to search his house, that her husband asked to let him see it, that she at that time had in her hands a pan with some water in which she had some potatoes which she was peeling for the next meal; that Rexrodes said to John R. Funk that he, Rexrodes, did not have his glasses, and for him, Funk, to please read the warrant for him, that when Officer Funk started to read the warrant, she started upstairs to see what had become of one of her children, that when she got a portion of the way up the stairs she recalled that she and her husband had a small jar containing about half pint of liquor which she had gotten in this way, - she and her husband were living near Island Ford, Rockingham County, Virginia, which is along the line of the Norfolk & Western Railroad ~~and~~ one morning when a stranger came to their house and asked for his breakfast; after he ate his breakfast, he said he had nothing with which to pay for the same, but that he did have a quart of liquor which he would

(3) →

x that she heard Officer Dirting say with a oath that he would kill her husband.

like to leave with them, that it might do them some good, that neither she nor her husband wanted to take the liquor, but the stranger insisted upon them ~~so~~ doing; that she had thought all the time a person had a right to have a small quantity of liquor in their home for family use; that, however, the thought came to her on the steps that maybe she was mistaken, and she thought then that possibly she had better destroy this little liquor, that soon after she went up the steps, Officer W. T. Rexrodes took after her with pistol in his hand, hollering "Halt, I will shoot you", that she went into the room at the head of the steps, closed the door, and ~~was~~ not knowing exactly what she was doing at the time, turned over the jar containing the liquor with her foot, that Mr. Rexrodes pushed the door in, and the door flew open against her with the pan of water in which she had her potatoes, and knocked the pan out of her hand, and the water over the floor; that her husband had hold of Mr. Rexrodes; and that Mr. Funk had hold of her husband; that she then went back downstairs and tried to keep the water which was dripping from the ceiling from ruining the counterpane upon her bed; that J. L. Dirting, Federal Revenue Officer, and John Dove, Deputy Sheriff of Rockingham County, were in the downstairs room when she came down; that J. L. Dirting took hold of her without any cause, taking her by the fleshy part of her arms and set her down in the rocking chair so hard that it knocked two rounds out of the rocking chair on the floor; that one of her children who was in the room screamed out at this time.

(Note - he was hardly 10 years of age. that he was in the company of the Southern Railway Company in N. Carolina about Dirting's

Thomas Marshall testified that he was at home sick, having had an attack of grippe or the like; that he had had the doctor, and along in the afternoon when the raid was made, had been lying on the bed in the front room of their little home; that in the afternoon, his wife told him that

of the Southern Railway Company in N. Carolina about Dirting's

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him to leave with them, that it might do them some good, that
 neither the new father-in-law wanted to take the liquor, but the
 stranger insisted upon them to take, that she had thought of
 the time a person had a right to have a small quantity of
 liquor in their house for family use; that, however, she thought
 none to put on the steps that night she was mistaken, and she
 thought then that possibly she had better destroy this little
 liquor. She soon after she went up the steps, Officer W. F.
 Hoxworth took after her first pistol in his hand, realizing
 "What, I will shoot you", that she went into the room as the
 head of the steps, closed the door, and was not touching
 exactly that she was taking at the time, turned over the jar
 containing the liquor with her foot, that Mr. Hoxworth pushed
 the door in, and the door flew upon against her with the gun
 or rather in effect she had her entrance, and Hoxworth the gun
 out of her hand, and the water over the floor; that she
 husband had told of Mr. Hoxworth; and that Mr. Lamb had told
 of her husband; that she then went back downstairs and tried
 to keep the water which was dripping from the ceiling from
 raining the newspapers upon her bed; that J. I. Darling,
 Federal Assessor District, and John Hovey, Deputy Sheriff of
 Washington County, were in the downstairs room when she came
 down; that J. I. Darling took hold of her without any cause,
 taking her by the fleshy part of her arm and set her down in
 the rocking chair so hard that it knocked her teeth out of the
 rocking chair on the floor; that one of her children who was
 in the room appeared out at this time.

James Marshall, testified that he was at home
 also, having had an attack of vertigo or dizziness, that he had
 had the doctor, and along in the afternoon when the raid was
 made, had been lying on the bed inside front room of child
 little name, that in the afternoon, his wife told him that

This is a copy of the original document. The original document is a handwritten letter from James Marshall to the United States Marshal, Washington, D.C. The letter is dated 11/11/1891 and is addressed to the United States Marshal, Washington, D.C. The letter is written in ink and is in the hand of James Marshall. The letter is a copy of the original document. The original document is a handwritten letter from James Marshall to the United States Marshal, Washington, D.C. The letter is dated 11/11/1891 and is addressed to the United States Marshal, Washington, D.C. The letter is written in ink and is in the hand of James Marshall. The letter is a copy of the original document.

(A)
4-

four men were coming to the house; that he went to the door and found Officer W.T. Rexrodes, and Officer John S. Funk there, that he invited them in, that after they had gotten in, Officer Rexrodes said that he had a search warrant, that he, Marshall, asked to see it, that Officer Rexrodes asked Officer Funk to read the warrant as he, Rexrodes, did not have his glasses; that Marshall's wife was in the room at the time, having in her hands a pan with some water and potatoes, she having been engaged in preparing potatoes for the next meal, that his brother-in-law John Custer was also in the room at the same time, and one of his small children, that Marshall's wife about the time Officer Funk began to read the warrant started up stairs, and that as soon as she started up the steps, Officer Rexrodes started after her with a gun in his hands, and told her "to halt", that he did not know what was going to happen and immediately started after Officer Rexrodes, that John S. Funk started after him, that when he got to the top of the steps, Rexrodes was, or had broken the door open, knocking the pan with the water and potatoes out of his wife's hands, that he took hold of Officer Rexrodes, holding him about his waist, and that Officer Funk took hold of him, that he, Marshall almost immediately let go of Officer Rexrodes, and then Officer Funk let go of him; that Officer Rexrodes and Officer Funk and himself went up to the garret, that Officer Funk came back from the garret and about the time that he got back into the upstairs room, he, Marshall, heard a scream from his child down below and something falling on the floor, that he took ~~the cover off his gun~~ ^{his gun from the corner}, and said to Officer Funk, 'I am going to protect my family; that Officer Funk took hold of him, telling him that he would guarantee him that his family would be protected, that immediately upon this assurance, he put his gun back in the ^{corner} ~~holder~~ and set it down, that he then went down stairs; that he heard a voice below say "shoot the _____"

(Handwritten initials)

four men were coming to the house; that he went to the door and
found Officer W.F. Hoxford and Officer John A. York there; that
he invited them in, that Officer York had a search warrant, that he, Hoxford,
asked to see it, that Officer Hoxford asked Officer York to read
the warrant as he, Hoxford, did not have his glasses; that
Officer York's wife was in the room at the time, having in her
hands a pan with some water and potatoes, she having been
engaged in preparing potatoes for the next meal, that his
brother-in-law John Guster was also in the room at the same
time, and one of his small children, that Hoxford's wife about
the time Officer York began to read the warrant started up
stairs, and that as soon as she started up the stairs, Officer
Hoxford started after her with a gun in his hands, and said
for no reason, that he did not know what was going to happen
and immediately started after Officer Hoxford, that John
A. York started after him, that when he got to the top of the
stairs, Hoxford was, or had broken the door open, knocking the
pan with the water and potatoes out of his wife's hands, that he
took hold of Officer Hoxford, holding him about his waist,
and that Officer York took hold of him, that he, Hoxford,
almost immediately let go of Officer Hoxford, and then Officer
York let go of him; that Officer Hoxford and Officer York
and himself went up to the stairs, that Officer York came back
from the stairs and about the time that he got back into the
quarters room, he, Hoxford, heard a scream from his child
down below and something falling on the floor, that he took
the child to his room, and said to Officer York, I am going
to protect my family; that Officer York took hold of him,
telling him that he would guarantee him that his family would
be protected, that immediately upon this assurance, he put
his gun back in the cabinet and got it down, that he then
went down stairs; that he heard a voice below say "Shoot the

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-p-

that he found out afterwards that this man was J. L. Dirting,
^{James}
a Revenue Officer, who was rather heavy set and stockily
built.

John Custer, Mrs. Marshall's brother, testified
that he was in the room with his brother-in-law and saw the
four men coming up to the house on the evening of the raid,
that they, as he thought, were coming to see his brother-
in-law, who had been home from work, sick; that Mr. Rexrodes
and Mr. Funk came to the door; that Mr. Rexrodes and Mr.
Funk came in; that Mr. Funk ^{started to} read the warrant for Mr.
Rexrodes, that when his sister, Mrs. Marshall, started up
the steps Mr. Rexrodes followed her and called to her
"I will shoot you"; that his sister's husband, Thomas
Marshall said "That is not going to do", and went up
the steps after Mr. Rexrodes, that John Funk followed
his brother-in-law up the steps and that he followed
John Funk, that when he got to the top of the steps, he
found his brother-in-law with his arms around Rexrodes
and John Funk with his arms around his brother-in-law;
that they ["]cut apart in a very short time; that he went
down the steps and into the lower room; that he saw
Dirting take his sister and push her down into a chair
very roughly. *so rough that it knocked
her round out of the chair*

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that he found out afterwards that this man was J. I. ...
a ... who was rather heavy set and ...
built.

John
that he was in the room with his brother-in-law and saw the
four men coming up to the house on the evening of the raid.
that they, as he thought, were coming to see his brother-
in-law, who had been home for some time; that Mr. ...
and Mr. ... came to the door; that Mr. ... and Mr.
... that Mr. ... the ...
... that when his sister, Mrs. ... started up
the steps Mr. ... followed her and called to her
"I will show you"; that his sister's husband, ...
... and went up
the steps after Mr. ... that John ... followed
his brother-in-law up the steps and that he followed
John ... that when he got to the top of the steps, he
found his brother-in-law with his arms around ...
and John ... with his arms around his brother-in-law;
that they were in a very short time; that he went
down the steps and into the lower room; that he saw
... take his sister and ... into a chair
very roughly.

...
...
...

10

age about 50 years

Charles Cline, a farmer, living within a mile and a half of Mt. Clinton, Rockingham County, Virginia, where Thomas Marshall and his wife reside, testified that he had ~~known them both for some eight or ten years~~, that he had known Thomas Marshall for some six years and had known his wife, Minnie Marshall for ten or more years; that he knew the general reputation of both in the community in which they lived with reference to violating the prohibition law and for truth; that they were not regarded as violators of the prohibition law; that their ~~word~~ ^{reputation for truth} was good; that he would believe them both on oath in a case in which they were interested; and that Marshall and his wife were hardworking, industrious young people.

age about 48 years

George Ritchie, another farmer, living about a mile from Mt. Clinton, Rockingham County, Virginia, testified that he had known Thomas J. Marshall for five or six years, had known his wife, Minnie Marshall, for nine or ten years; that he knew the general reputation of both with reference to violating the prohibition law and for truth; that they were not regarded as being violators of the prohibition law; that their reputation for truth was good; that he would believe them on oath in a case in which they were interested; and that Marshall and his wife were hardworking, industrious young people.

age about 68

W. P. Driver, testified that he lived in the village of Mt. Clinton, Virginia, that he was a Justice of the Peace, for Rockingham County, Virginia, that he had been a Justice one term before his present term; that he had known Thomas J. Marshall for five or six years; that he had known Minnie Marshall for nine or ten years; that he knew the reputation of both for violating the prohibition law and with respect

CHARLES CLINE, a farmer, living about a mile and a half of Mt. Clinton, Rockingham County, Virginia, where Thomas Marshall and his wife reside, testified that he had known these people for some six years and had known his wife, Annie Marshall, for ten or more years; that he knew the general reputation of both in the community in which they lived with reference to violating the prohibition law and for truth; that they were not regarded as violators of the prohibition law; that their work was good; that he would believe them both in a case in which they were interested; and that Marshall and his wife were hardworking, industrious young people.

Samuel Bishop, another farmer, living about a mile from Mt. Clinton, Rockingham County, Virginia, testified that he had known Thomas J. Marshall for five or six years, had known his wife, Annie Marshall, for nine or ten years; that he knew the general reputation of both with reference to violating the prohibition law and for truth; that they were not regarded as being violators of the prohibition law; that they respected the law and good; that he would believe them in a case in which they were interested; and that Marshall and his wife were hardworking, industrious young people.

J. E. Driver, testified that he lived in the village of Mt. Clinton, Virginia, that he was a justice of the peace for Rockingham County, Virginia, that he had known a Justice of the Peace his present term; that he had known Thomas J. Marshall for five or six years; that he had known Annie Marshall for nine or ten years; that he knew the reputation of both for violating the prohibition law and with respect

(11)

to truth; that they were not regarded as violators of the prohibition law; that their reputation in the community for truth was good; that he would believe them both in a case in which they were interested; and that they were both industrious and hardworking.

*young people, that he -
came of his official position in the community he has the reputation to whom with complaints were made*

Dr. C. H. Ralston,

testified that he had been

practicing medicine for thirty-nine years, living at Mt. Clinton, Virginia, that he had been a member of the General Assembly of Virginia for several terms; that he lived a very short distance from the home of Thomas J. Marshall and his wife, Minnie Marshall, that he had known Minnie Marshall for some ten or twelve years, that he had known Thomas Marshall for some six years or more; that he knew their general reputation in the community with respect to violating the prohibition law and with respect to truth; that they were not regarded as violators of the prohibition law by the people in the community in which they lived; that their reputation for truth was good; that he would believe them in a case in which they were interested, and that they were both industrious, hardworking young people.

That he had attended Thomas J. Marshall in moral, law - for a cold.

(12)

Teste: this 9th day of June, 1924.

J. N. Ward Judge.

(15)

Notes: This is day of June, 1884.

J. D. Hays _____

In the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, Va.

Commonwealth

vs.

Daniel Webster and

Ralph Webster.

Be it remembered that upon the trial of this case, the Commonwealth to maintain the issue upon its part introduced the following witnesses, who testified as follows:

~~Harrison, counsel for defendants.~~

Mr. Justis Estep, being first duly sworn, testified.

-- Examined by Mr. Sarman.--

- 1 Q What is your name? A Justis Estep.
2 Q What is your age? A Twenty-three.
3 Q You live here in the City? A Yes.
4 Q What is your business? A Drive taxi.
Q Do you know the defendants here, Ralph Webster and Dan Webster? A Yes sir.
5 Q Have known them for some time? They live here in Harrisonburg? A I think they do.
6 Q You know they do, don't you? A I don't know where they live.
7 Q They live here in Harrisonburg, some place? A Yes sir.
8 Q Did you, or not, take these two defendants for a ride some time here about six weeks ago, the night of this trouble here that we are investigating? A Yes sir.
9 Q When was that? A I don't know what date it was.
The Court: About when was it? A Several weeks ago.
10 Q Since Christmas, wasn't it? A Yes.
11 Q At that time you had what kind of car? A Ford car.
12 Q New one or an old one? A I got it the day before, I think. I think I had had it about one day.

THE DISTRICT COURT OF WESTMORLAND COUNTY, VIRGINIA

[Faint, mirrored text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page]

Mr. Justice [Name], being first duly sworn, testified:
-- Examined by Mr. [Name] --

1	that at that time I [Name] [Name]
2	that [Name] [Name]
3	that [Name] [Name]
4	that [Name] [Name]
5	to the fact the defendant here, might testify and the
6	defendant & the etc.
7	have known him the same time that they live with in [Name]
8	defendant & I think they are.
9	you know that he, that's just & I don't know where they
10	live.
11	that they have in [Name], some place & the etc.
12	and you [Name], this [Name] [Name] for a [Name]
13	and the fact [Name] [Name], the [Name] [Name] [Name]
14	that [Name] [Name] [Name]
15	that [Name] [Name] & I don't know what time it was.
16	the [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name]
17	these [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name]
18	at that time [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name]
19	that [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name] [Name]
20	think, I think I was not it about [Name]

- 13 Q You had a brand new car, then? A Yes.
- 14 Q When did they first approach you about taking this trip?
A First, over here where I stay, at Iseman's Store.
- 15 Q There is a little shoe shop there, and you have your car parked there? A Yes. Dan came; no, Ralph came there for me and said: "Maybe I want you to take me a ride after while."
- 16 Q What time of day or night was that? A It was about seven o'clock, I reckon.
- 17 Q After dark in the evening? A Yes sir, I hadn't been back from supper very long.
- 18 Q Well, what happened then? A I told them: "all right."
- 19 Q Told them or told him? A Told Ralph.
- 20 Q Did he come for you later on? A No sir; Dan came for me.
- 21 Q Where were you then? A On Water Street, in Dolan's pool room.
- 22 Q Inside or outside? A Inside.
- 23 Q How did you happen to go down there? A Just stopped in there. I went down to look for my brother Raymond, I think.
- 24 Q Had Ralph said anything to you about meeting you at the pool room? A No sir.
- 25 Q When did he say he would let you know? A He didn't say.
- 26 Q When you went to the pool room, you found in the pool room Daniel and Ralph Webster? A Dan. Didn't see Ralph.
- 27 Q What did Dan say? A He said: "busy?" I said "No." He said: "I want to hire your car for a while."
- 28 Q Where was Ralph then? A I don't know.
- 29 Q Where did Dan say he wanted you to take him? A He didn't say. He said: "Out this way, out North Main."
- 30 Q Didn't you ask him where he wanted you to take him?
A No sir.

10 1 You had a grand new car, didn't you?
10 2 When did they first appear? Was about 1910.
10 3 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 4 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 5 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 6 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 7 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 8 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
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10 13 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 14 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 15 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 16 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 17 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 18 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 19 I think they were about 1910, 1911.
10 20 I think they were about 1910, 1911.

- The Court: Did he direct you which way to go? A Yes sir, he said: "Drive up North Main."
- 31 Q Did you ask him whether he wanted to go to the country?
A No sir.
- 32 Q When did he say he was coming back, that night or when?
A He didn't say.
- 33 Q All right, when he said drive him out North Main Street, did you drive him up that way? A Yes sir.
- 34 Q Where did you find Ralph? A About two miles down the country.
- 35 Q About two miles down the country? A About two or three miles.
- 36 Q How did you happen to go down there? Who told you to go down there? A Dan.
- 37 Q Where was it that he first told you he wanted you to take him to the country? A Out about the mill.
- 38 Q When he got out to the big mill, then he said take him out over the hill? A Yes sir.
- 39 Q When you got out on top of the hill, where did he tell you to take him? A He didn't say. He said: "Keep right on down the road," -- the Linville Road.
- 40 Q That is commonly called the Kratzer road? A Yes sir.
- 41 Q How far did you go down that road? A About two or two and a half or three miles.
- 42 Q Are you familiar with the people living down that road?
A No sir.
- 43 Q Do you know in what neighborhood you stopped? A I guess it was about half way to Linville.
- 44 Q How far is it from here to Linville? A Five miles.
- 45 Q Did he tell you who he was going for? A No sir.

The doctor said he would get some more for you & I

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

and he said:

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

and he said:

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

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and he said:

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

and he said:

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

and he said: "I will get some more for you."

46 Q When did you first learn that Ralph was down there?

A Got down there and Ralph got in the car was the first I knew.

47 Q You know where General Roller's place is? A No sir.

48 Q Did you go beyond that big steep hill? A No sir, just this side of that hill.

49 Q Where did Ralph come from? A Dan got out of the car and taken a walk and said: "Wait here," and when he come back Ralph was with him.

50 Q Which way did Ralph walk? A I didn't pay any attention.

51 Q Any woods around there? A Not anywhere close.

52 Q Did he go in the direction of any house? A I didn't pay any attention to which way he went.

53 Q Couldn't you tell by the sound of his footsteps which way he had gone? A I know he didn't go down in front of the car.

54 Q He left the road, didn't he? A I don't know.

55 Q If he didn't go down in front of the car, he must have.

A He could have gone north, back of the car.

56 Q Can't you tell us which way he left? A I don't know.

I didn't ask him where he was going.

The Court: Did you turn the car around before he left? A Before he left.

The Court: It was pointing south then? A Yes sir.

The Court: He could have gone north, then? A Yes sir.

57 Q How long was he gone? A I don't know.

58 Q Give us some idea. A He could have been gone ten or fifteen minutes, maybe twenty.

59 Q How did you happen to turn the car around? Did he tell you to? A Yes sir.

Objection by Mr. Dechert to the leading of the witness.

The Court: The last question was leading, in part.

- 60 Q Do you know where their farm is down in that neighborhood?
A No sir.
- 61 Q Well, when they came back, -- when Dan came back, you say he was accompanied by Ralph? What, if anything, did they have?
A I don't know.
- 62 Q What direction did they come from? A The first I seen him was when they got in the car. I heard them walking.
- 63 Q Do you know where Mr. Fries lives? A On the hill.
- 64 Q You stopped right close to his house? A This side of his house. Fries lives on the hill, doesn't he?
- 65 Q Is that where Dan went to? A He might have went there. I don't know.
- 66 Q How far is Fries's house from the road? A It sets right on the road, right close to the road.
- 67 Q What is Fries's name that lives there? A I don't know.
- 68 Q You say they came back and you didn't observe them until they were getting in the car,--close to the car? A No sir.
- 69 Q What did they have in their hands? What were they carrying? A Nothing that I seen.
- 70 Q You made an affidavit, didn't you, that when they got in the car they had two bags? A No sir.
- 71 Q Were you watching them when they got in the car? A I seen them get in the car.
- 72 Q Couldn't you see whether they had anything, or not? A I didn't pay any attention.
- 73 Q Didn't you see that they had two bags; that Dan was carrying a guano or fertilizer bag, and that Ralph was carrying one? A No sir.
- 74 Q Didn't you say that before Justis Devier? A No sir.
- 75 Q What did they say when they got back? A Didn't say anything.
- 76 Q Where did they tell you they wanted to go? A They said

100 I have been watching them when they get in the car & I
101 see them get in the car.
102 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.
103 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.
104 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.
105 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.
106 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.
107 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.
108 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.
109 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.
110 I don't know whether you saw them get in the car, or not.

they might not go all the way back to town. They might want to get out at the pottery.

77 Q Coming back to Harrisonburg, did you meet any one? A Yes.

78 Q Who? A Sheriff Dove.

79 Q Who was driving? A Shine Powell.

80 Q Who was with them? A I couldn't tell who was with them. I didn't pay any attention.

81 Q You had your lights off when you first saw the car, didn't you? A No sir.

82 Q When was it you turned them off? A Never turned them off.

83 Q Are you sure of that? A Yes sir. I might have turned them off when I stopped. It was a new car. I am used to a Chevrolet.

84 Q Where did you stop? A At the pottery.

85 Q What did you stop there for? A To let them out.

86 Q What did they want to stop there for? A I don't know. I never asked them.

87 Q What did they take with them when they got out of the car?

A They had a sack, one of them, I think it was Ralph. Had it rolled up under his arm.

88 Q Where did he get that sack? A I don't know. I never asked him.

89 Q You didn't have it in your car, did you? A No sir.

90 Q What did he have in it? A I don't know. I never looked.

The Court: You didn't have a sack when you started out?

A No sir; didn't have one when I started out.

91 Q (Showing the witness a sketch on yellow paper), Estep, this circle here represents Harrisonburg. The Kratzer Road runs north, doesn't it, between here and Linville? A Yes.

92 Q How, when you left that night you went out Main Street, out by the mill, out over the Kratzer Road until you got down about where Mr. Fries lives, about two or two and a half miles from Harrisonburg? Then you turned around and came back? Where was it you met Mr. Dove? A Maybe half a mile.

Mr. Dechert: Half a mile on your way back?

A Yes, about that or three-quarters.

93 Q He turned around, didn't he? A I don't know.

94 Q He turned around, didn't he? A No sir, I never seen it turn around.

95 Q You came on back to Harrisonburg and when you got out here where the pottery used to be you turned around and went back out the Edom Road? A Yes, I stopped there at the pottery and let them out.

96 Q How far did you take them out? A I turned the corner and let them out.

97 Q You know where that slaughtery is? A Yes sir.

98 Q You testified at the call trial that you took them out as far as the slaughtery, didn't you? A No sir.

99 Q How far did you take them out on the Edom Road after you turned around? A Stopped there just back of that pottery. I don't think I want any further than that.

The Court: How far would that be from the Kratzer Road?

A That wouldn't be no ways at all.

100 Q Where was it your lights went off? A Right there.

101 Q Where they got out? A Yes.

102 Q Why was that? A I don't know.

103 Q Why did you turn them off? A I stopped. I turned the motor off.

104 Q That wouldn't turn the lights off, would it? A The lights

went out accidentally.

105 Q The Websters didn't leave there? A No.

106 Q Did they say where they were going? A No sir. I never asked them.

107 Q Did they pay you for making the trip? A Yes.

108 Q How much? A \$3.00.

109 Q What did you do then after the Websters had gotten out?

A Kept on out this road.

110 Q To where the Park used to be and the Hemmonite School, and took that by-way over to the Mount Clinton Pike? A Yes sir.

111 Q And came on back by the Waterman School? A Yes sir.

112 Q How far, around that way? A Not very far.

113 Q It is at least two miles? A Near about two miles, I guess.

114 Q What did you do that for? Why didn't you come on back to Harrisonburg?

Objection by Mr. Dechert; objection overruled; point saved.

Mr. Dechert: May the line be under exception?

The Court: Yes sir.

115 Q Why did you say you went around that way? A Because I wanted to.

116 Q You were by yourself? A Yes sir.

Mr. Bauserman: That would be two miles each way?

A No sir.

117 Q At the point they left the car, you were in Harrisonburg, weren't you? A Yes sir; it was inside of the corporation limits.

118 Q Of course you knew that Mr. Dove and Shine Powell and others were coming up this road, following your car? A No sir.

119 Q You didn't know that? A No sir.

went out accidentally.

104 Q The witness said that he saw the man go out.

105 A Yes, sir, he saw the man go out.

106 Q

107 A Yes, sir, he saw the man go out.

108 Q How many? A \$2.00.

109 Q What did you do then after the witness had gotten away?

110 A Left on my own way.

111 Q To where the boy used to go and the Democratic Club, and

112 Q that boy used to go to the Mount Union Hotel? A Yes, sir.

113 Q And how far back by the witness' account? A Yes, sir.

114 Q How far, would that be? A Not very far.

115 Q It is not far, is it? A Not very far.

116 Q

117 Q What did you do then after the witness had gone on back to

118 Q How many?

119 Q Objection by Mr. Bennett; objection overruled; going

120 Q

121 Q Mr. Bennett; how far is the line to which you went?

122 A Not far, sir.

123 Q Why did you say you went around that way? A Because I

124 Q

125 Q You went to the witness' house, is that right?

126 Q Yes, sir, that is what he said.

127 Q

128 Q If the witness had said you saw him, would you have

129 Q answered, "yes"? A Yes, sir, if he had said that.

130 Q

131 Q How many did you see? A One, sir, I saw one.

132 Q How many were there in the room, following your test? A One.

133 Q How many did you see? A One, sir.

120 Q Now, who did you meet on the way back to Harrisonburg, on the Mount Clinton Pike? A Sheriff Dove.

121 Q Where did you meet him? A A little beyond the Waterman School.

122 Q You had gone on down the Linville Road about where the Park used to be, and took that by-way to the Mount Clinton Pike, and were on your way back to Harrisonburg when you met Mr. Dove?

A Yes sir.

123 Q What did Mr. Dove do? A Waved the flash-lights.
Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled; point saved.

124 Q And you stopped? A Yes sir.
Objection by Mr. Morrison; sustained.

125 Q You know where these woods are down here, the Cromer woods? A Yes sir; I know the Cromer woods.

126 Q That is a good road, isn't it, to where these woods are? A Not such a very good road.

127 Q How was it that night? A Pretty rough.

128 Q But you went around that way, even if it was rough? A Yes sir.

129 Q How far was it from where they got out of the car to where these woods were? A I guess it was three miles, two miles, anyhow; at least two miles.

130 Q You have measured it since? A No sir.
Mr. Dechert: It might help some of the jury to know that the Cromer woods are beyond Assembly Park, considerably beyond.

131 Q The Cromer woods are on the left-hand side of the road, ~~between~~ on the road to Edom, near where Mr. Benjamin Cromer lives?

A I don't know where Mr. Cromer lives.

132 Q What did they say when you got out of the car? A They said maybe they would 'phone for me later on.

133 Q From what point? A Didn't say.

134 Q Which one said that? A I don't remember which one.

135 Q Where were you when they said maybe they would 'phone for you later on? A I don't remember just where I was.

136 Q Had they gotten out of the car or were they still in the car? A Still in the car.

137 Q When they got out of the car, where did you say that Webster said they were going? A When they got out of the car? Never said.

138 Q And which way did they go? A I don't know.

139 Q Weren't there any lights where they got out of the car?

A I think there is one on the corner.

Mr. Dechert: At the corner of the two roads?

A Yes sir.

140 Q Did they get out at the corner? A Not just at the corner.

141 Q Couldn't you see from the street light which direction they took? A No sir, never paid any attention to it.

142 Q Now, what direction did they go? A I don't know.

143 Q Didn't you state before Justice Devier, -Sheff Devier, -at the call trial, a day or two after this trip, that when the Websters got out of the car that each of them had bags? A No sir.

144 Q With something in them? A No sir.

145 Q And didn't you make affidavit before John Funk, Federal Prohibition Agent, that when the Websters got out of the car they were carrying bags with something in them? A No sir.

146 Q And now you say that Ralph Webster or which one of the Websters had a bag rolled up under his arm? A Ralph. It may have been two bags, I don't know. It was rolled up under his arm.

147 Q A bag about this size, too, wasn't it? (indicating a sack on the floor). A I don't know.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A Yes, I saw a man in a dark suit and a woman in a light dress.

Q How long did you see them?

A I saw them for about five or six minutes.

Q Did you see anything else in the room?

A Yes, I saw a table and some chairs.

Q Did you see any papers or books on the table?

A No, I did not see any papers or books.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

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Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

Q Did you see any other people in the room?

A No, I did not see any other people.

148 Q Look at that and see whether that is the bag he had under his arm. A I didn't pay any attention to the bag he had under his arm.

149 Q What kind of bag was it? A I don't know. It was a bag this color.

150 Q It just looked like that one, didn't it? A Looked something like it.

151 Q It was this one, wasn't it? A I don't know.

152 Q State how he had this bag. A I don't know exactly, kind of foled up like this.

153 Q Could you tell from your observation of the bag whether it appeared to have anything in it? A I had an idea it was empty. I wouldn't swear it was empty, but it looked to me like it was empty.

154 Q He didn't have that bag when he got into your car, did he? A I don't know. I didn't see it then.

155 Q You didn't have one like that in your car, you said?
A No sir.

156 Q This trip that you took these fellows was all in Rockingham County? A Yes sir.

Cross-examination by Mr. Dechert:

1 XQ I just want to ask you one or two questions. The Cromer woods are further away from Harrisonburg than the Assembly Park, are they? A Yes sir.

2 XQ In other words, after leaving theKratzer Road, you have got to come on down past Assembly Park and then continue down the road before you get to the Cromer woods? A Yes sir.

3 XQ The road that you travelled on, after leaving the Kratzer Road, gets into the road after passing Assembly Park? A Yes sir.

4 XQ How far is it from the pottery, as you call it, or what

I call the chemical laboratory, to the road leading past the
Mennonite School on this side of Assembly Park? A About a mile.

157 Q By Mr. Sarman: Have the Websters been talking to you about
this case since the call trial? A No sir.

158 Q Anybody else on their behalf? A No sir.

159 Q Are you real sure of that? A Yes sir.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. Charles W. Dove, another witness, being first duly
sworn, was examined by Mr. Sarman:

1 Q You are Mr. Charles W. Dove, the sheriff? A Yes sir.

2 Q Dove, who was with you the night that you tried to
catch the defendants? A I can't hardly talk (referring to his
hoarseness).

3 Q Frank Taylor was with you? A And _____ Curry and John
Funk.

4 Q Curry and Taylor are special officers for the City of
Harrisonburg, and Funk is a Federal Agent? And you picked up a
jitney driven by a young man named Powell? A Yes sir.

5 Q And you went out the Kratzer Road? A Yes sir

6 Q Did you meet any one? A Yes; met Justis Estep.

7 Q Who was driving a Ford car? Who were you after?

Objection by Mr. Dechert; sustained.

8 Q Who was in the car driven by Estep? A I don't know. I
couldn't see. When we was going out the Kratzer Road, we seen
a light for a while, but we couldn't see the reflection of the
light at all before coming up over the bank, this car was coming
down the hill. It was like they had their lights out and had
turned their lights on all at once.

9 Q What did you say about their lights? A I said we saw
the reflection of an automobile light coming, but it got out of our

sight for a little while, but we was coming up a bank and they was coming this way, and I didn't see their light until probably it was thirty or forty yards from us, and the light just popped up all at once. I think they had their lights off. And they shot right by us.

10 Q All at once the lights were turned on, about a hundred feet ahead of you, and they shot right by you? A Yes sir.

11 Q What did you do? A Turned around and followed them.

12 Q What kind of car were you in? A A Dodge.

13 Q How far had they gotten away from you before you turned around? A It took about a minute and a half or two minutes.

Mr. Dechert: How far ahead were they? A Not so very far, probably a hundred or two hundred yards.

14 Q Did you catch the car? A No sir.

15 Q Did you try to catch them? A Yes. We drove as fast as we could over the rough road.

16 Q What became of their car? A We could see the tail-light off and on until we got to the Railroad. That was the last I seen of the light. It was coming this way.

17 Q You lost the light about the time it reached the Railroad? A Yes.

18 Q That Railroad is about how far from the Edom Road?

A About a couple hundred feet. I think they was running very fast from the way it jumped up and down. You could tell by the weakening of the light.

19 Q Had the car gone straight on up Depot Hill, you could have seen it, couldn't you? A Yes sir.

20 Q Did you see any light going down the Edom Road? A No sir, Mr. Funk was out on the running-board. I was watching, too, but I didn't see it.

21 Q After the Estep car reached the Railroad there, about

that point, you never saw it again? A No sir.

22 Q Now, this Edom Road from the pottery down to the Park isn't so far from the Kratzer Road, is it? A No sir.

23 Q And there wouldn't have been a thing to have obstructed the view?

Mr. Dechert: You are extremely leading.

24 Q Well, could you, or not, have observed the light of an automobile passing down the Edom Road that night? A I should think I could.

Mr. Dechert: I think I should have objected to that question. Objection overruled; point saved as to this and other questions of a like nature.

25 Q Did you see any light there? A No sir.

26 Q What did you do? A We came on through, out by the Waterman School.

27 Q What did you go that way for?

Objection; overruled; point saved.

A We expected to catch them on the Mount Clinton Pike. We met Justis Estep, stopped him and searched his car, and asked him where he had been.

Objection; overruled.

28 Q You are familiar with this Edom Road? A Yes sir.

29 Q About how far is it from the Cromer woods to where Assembly Park used to be? A Well, I would say about half a mile.

30 Q From this road that goes across from the Mount Clinton Pike? About how far is it from those woods to where the pottery used to be? A That is over a mile.

31 Q Where did you get this jug? A I wasn't at my office. My son got this jug. He can tell.

32 Q When? A The next morning after this chase.

33 Q What is in this jug? A Moonshine liquor, I think.

that point, you never saw it again? A No sir.
 Now, this man took from the battery down to the left
 and he took the battery down to the left. He sir.
 The above witness has been a long time to have contacted
 the view?

Mr. Roberts: You are extremely leading.
 Well, could you, or not, have observed the light of an
 automobile passing down the road that night? I would
 think I could.

Mr. Roberts: I think I should have objected to that
 question. Objection overruled; point saved as to this
 and other questions of a like nature.

Did you see any light there? A No sir.
 But did you see a light on through one of the trees
 and bushes?

What did you see that way? A
 Objection; overruled; point saved.
 He expected to catch them on the road between Elm and
 not Justice Street, stopped him and searched his car, and found him
 where he had been.

Objection; overruled.

You are familiar with this man? A Yes sir.
 About how far is it from the corner where to where usually
 take me to get a taxi? A Well, I would say about half a mile.

From this road that goes across from the corner
 street, about how far is it from those woods to where the battery
 used to be? A That is over a mile.

There did you get this taxi? A I went to my office. It
 was not this taxi. He was tall.

What is the next morning after this chase.
 What is in this taxi? A Commence Street, I think.

34 Q Let's pour some out in this glass and pass it around to the jury and let them smell it (pouring from jug).

The Court: Is that the same that he brought to you?

A Yes sir.

The Court: Has been in your possession since?

A Yes sir.

35 Q It smells like and looks like moonshine liquor, doesn't it?

A Yes sir.

36 Q What size jug is that? A About three gallon, I think. Probably a half gallon or more has been taken out. I don't know. It is not quite full.

Mr. Dechert: You mean it has been taken out since it was brought to you or before? A It had been taken out. It is just like it was when it was brought to me.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. A.P. Curry, after being duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Barman.

1 Q You are Mr. A.P. Curry, a ^{special} ~~Sixty~~ policeman for the City of Harrisonburg? A Yes sir.

2 Q You were with Sheriff Dove the night he was out on the Kretzer Road, were you not, Mr. Curry? A Yes sir.

3 Q Who else was with you? A Mr. Dove and Mr. Funk and myself and Mr. Frank Taylor.

4 Q About what time did you leave town? A Well, it must have been somewhere between seven and eight o'clock, as near as I recall it.

5 Q Where did you go to, Mr. Curry? A We went down the Kretzer Road, beyond Jim Roller's place there.

6 Q Did you meet any one on that trip? A Yes sir.

Q Let's go back out in this place and see if we can find
the jury and let them know it (pointing from jury).

The witness: Is that the same that is brought to you?

A Yes sir.

The witness: Has been in your possession since?

A Yes sir.

Q It smells like and looks like something liquor, doesn't it?

A Yes sir.

Q What else is in that? About three gallons, I think.

Probably a half gallon or more has been taken out. I don't know.

It is not quite full.

Mr. Webster: You mean it has been taken out since it

was brought to you or before it? It has been taken out.

It is just like it was when it was brought to me.

Witness finished.

Mr. A. J. Gurry, after being duly sworn, was examined by Mr.

Examiner.

Q You are Mr. A. J. Gurry, a city policeman for the City of

Hartford, are you not, A Yes sir.

Q You were with Sheriff Gove the night he was out on the

street, were you not, Mr. Gurry? A Yes sir.

Q Who else was with you? A Mr. Gove and Mr. Gove and Mr.

Gove and Mr. Frank Taylor.

Q About what time did you leave town? A Well, I don't

know, but I know between seven and eight o'clock, or near it.

Q Tell us.

Q Where did you go to, Mr. Gurry? A We went down the street

and back, beyond the Miller's place there.

Q Did you meet any one on that trip? A Yes sir.

7 Q Who did you meet? A Met Estep's car.

8 Q Justis Estep's car? A Yes sir.

9 Q Did he stop when you met him, or what did he do?

A No sir; drove on past.

10 Q Who was driving you? A Powell.

11 Q Well, did you, or not, try to catch the car that Estep was driving? A Yes sir, we turned and tried to catch them.

12 Q Were you successful in doing that, or not? A Well, as far as we knew, they turned ~~axt~~ at the laboratory and went in the Edom Road.

13 Q Coming back, were you going fast or slow? A Fast. The road was rather rough and rocky.

Mr. Dechert: About how fast did you come, -- what rate?

A Well, I would say we was making twenty miles, anyhow.

14 Q Did you see that car any more that night? A Yes sir. We stopped the car and searched it on the Mount Clinton Pike.

15 Q Who was in it then? A No one but Estep.

16 Q Do you know anything about the lights on the car driven by Estep? A They was off from the time he met us until he got within a couple of feet of our roadster, and then he flashed them on.

The Court: When you met him? A Yes sir. It seemed as though he came up the hill without any lights. We met him on the brow of the hill.

Mr. Morrison: What hill?

A The hill the other side of the Jim Roller place. It was right on the hill the other side of the Roller farm.

Mr. Morrison: And is that where you turned? A That is where we turned, and the road was narrow, and we had some difficulty in turning this car, a Dodge touring car. It taken us some little time to turn it.

Q The did you meet A Yes I met her at the
 Q Austin Taylor's party A Yes sir.
 Q Did he stop when you saw him, or what did he do?
 A He did drive on past.
 Q He was driving away A Toward
 Q Well, did you, or not, try to catch the car that night
 was driving A Yes sir, we turned and tried to catch them.
 Q Were you successful in doing that, or not A Well, as
 far as we know, they turned out of the laboratory and went in the
 back door.
 Q Coming back, were you going fast or slow A Fast. The
 road was rather rough and rocky.
 Q Now, about the last did you see -- what time
 A Well, I would say we was making twenty miles an hour.
 Q Did you see that car any more that night A Yes sir.
 He stopped the car and searched it on the Mount Clinton side.
 Q Who was in it then A No one but Satap.
 Q Do you know anything about the lights on the car driven by
 Satap A They was off from the time he was in until he got within
 a couple of feet of our roadster, and then he flashed them on.
 Q The Court: When you saw him A Yes sir. It seemed
 as though he came up the hill without any lights. We met
 him on the top of the hill.
 Q Now, the Court: What time?
 A The hill was about half of the way down. It
 was light on the hill the other side of the roller farm.
 Q Mr. Harrison, and is that where you turned A That is
 where we turned, and the road was narrow, and we had some
 difficulty in turning this car, a ledge coming out. It
 takes us some little time to turn it.

17 Q When this car met you, was it going slow or fast, the Estep car? A Well, it seemed to be running ordinarily, along twelve or fifteen miles.

18 Q After you met this car, you turned around just as quickly as you could? Did the Estep car pick up its speed or slacken its car? A Well, I couldn't exactly say. It was dark. We was running at a pretty good gait, but it was still some distance ahead of us.

19 Q Had Estep turned his lights on going down the Edom Road, could you have seen them?

Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled; point saved.

A Yes sir, I think we could have saw them very plainly.

20 Q Did you see any such lights? A Never saw any light, to my recollection, after they passed us.

21 Q Which seat were you on, rear or front, or where were you?

A I was on the front seat.

Cross-examination by Mr. Morrison:

1 XQ How far is it out to Mr. Jim Roller's farm, from the laboratory or pottery? A Well, I guess it is two miles or two and a quarter.

2 XQ I mean from the laboratory where you cross the Railroad out to the Roller farm, what is the distance? A Well, it is a mile and a quarter, anyhow.

3 XQ How close were you behind the Websters when they came into town? A I can't tell you. I seen no light after they passed us.

Mr. Dechert: How long did it take you to turn around? It took you a couple minutes, I suppose? A Yes sir.

Mr. Dechert: That would give them time to get a right considerable start? A When we got to the Edom Road, at the laboratory, there was a lady there, and we stopped and asked her.

Q When this car was first seen, was it going slow or fast, the
A Well, it seemed to be running ordinarily, along twelve
in fifteen miles.

Q After you saw this car, you turned around just as quickly
as you could and saw the heavy car pick up its speed or increase its
speed? A Well, I couldn't exactly say. It was dark. He was run-
ning at a pretty good rate, but it was still some distance ahead of
us.

Q Had that car turned his lights on going down the road?
A No, you have seen that?

Q Objection by Mr. Becker; overruled; point saved.
A Yes sir, I think we could have seen them very plainly.
Q His car was not lit up? A Never saw any light, no, my
recollection, after they passed us.

Q Which side were you on, rear or front, in where were you?
A I was on the front seat.

Cross-examination by Mr. Hartman:

Q Now far is it out to Mr. Tim Keller's farm, from the labo-
ratory or pottery? A Well, I guess it is two miles or two and a
quarter.

Q I mean from the laboratory where you cross the railroad out
to the Keller farm, what is the distance? A Well, it is a mile and
a quarter, maybe.

Q How close were you behind the Webster when they came into
town? A I can't tell you. I can't think after they passed us.

Q Mr. Becker: How long did it take you to turn around?
A I took you a couple minutes, I suppose. A Yes sir.

Q Mr. Becker: That would give them time to get a right
cornerable start? A Then we got to the Eden Road, at the labo-
ratory, there was a lady there, and we stopped and asked her.

Mr. Dechert: You can't tell what she said.

4 XQ Your car was driven at about twenty miles? A I would judge so.

5 XQ And the Roller farm was about a mile and a quarter from the pottery, and then it would have taken those people at the same speed to have made the trip to the pottery only about two and a half minutes, wouldn't it? And that is a hilly road? A Not coming this way. There is a little hill before you get to the Southern Railroad crossing.

6 XQ I thought you turned on the hill at the Roller farm?

A Yes sir.

7 XQ Then you came up another hill, didn't you? A I can't remember.

8 XQ And you travelled half a mile where you couldn't see across? Don't you remember that? A Yes, I believe I do.

9 XQ And the car would have been coming down an incline where you couldn't see whether it had or did not have a light?

The Court: Could you see the car? A No sir. There was no obstacle in front of us. We could hear the sound of the car.

The Court: Could you tell how far it was in front of you? A It was within reach of sound, I know that. We could hear the sound of the car very plainly.

The Court: Did the car have a tail-light on? A Not that I could see.

Mr. Dechert: Did I understand you to say that there was no tail-light on the Estep car as it came back toward town? A Not that I could see. There was no light visible at all that I could see.

Mr. Dechert: At no time after you met the car did you

Mr. DeLoach: You can't tell what she said.
Your car was driven at about twenty miles an hour & I would

judge so.
The roller lamp was about a mile and a quarter from the
factory, and then it would have taken those people at the same speed
to have made the trip to the factory only about two and a half
minutes, wouldn't it? And that is a fairly good & not coming
this way. There is a little hill before you get to the factory
Hillside Avenue.

Q: I thought you turned on the Hill at the roller factory
Yes sir.

Q: Then you came up another hill, didn't you? A: I can't re-
member.

Q: And you traveled half a mile where you wouldn't see
anyone's car's comment that? A: Yes, I believe I do.
Q: And the car would have been coming down an incline where
you wouldn't see whether it had or did not have a light?

The Court: Could you see the car? A: No sir. There was
no obstacle in front of us. We could hear the sound
of the car.

The Court: Could you tell how far it was in front of
you? A: It was within reach of sound, I know that. We
could hear the sound of the car very plainly.

The Court: Did the car have a tail-light on? A: Not
that I could see.

Mr. DeLoach: And I understand you to say that there
was no tail-light on the car, is it correct?
toward town? A: Not that I could see. There was no
light visible at all that I could see.
Mr. DeLoach: At no time other than the one did you

see a tail-light, either on the Edom Road or on the Kratzer Road, as I understand it? A Not after they passed us.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. J.D.Suter, another witness, being duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Sarman:

- 1 Q You are Mr. Suter? A Yes sir.
- 2 Q Where do you live? A Close to Greenmount.
- 3 Q Did you find this liquor here in this three gallon jug?
Cognac jug & sack exhibited to jury
- A Yes, I seen it over there.
- 4 Q Where did you find it? Where did you see it?
- A Seen it over against a stump.
- 5 Q In whose woods? A Cromer's.
- 6 Q You were working along the road at that time? A Yes sir.
- 7 Q What were you doing? A Putting in light poles.
- 8 Q About what time of day, was it? A I suppose about eight o'clock.
- 9 Q In the morning or evening? A Morning.
- 10 Q Do you remember the date it was found? A No, I don't.
- 11 Q It was five or six weeks ago, was it? A Yes sir.
- 12 Q Now, you say the liquor was found back of a stump?
- A Yes, I seen it along the road as I came along, but I didn't get out to see what it was.
- 13 Q Who found it? A Some little boy, I think.
- 14 Q What was it in? A In a jug.
- 15 Q What was the jug in? A In a sack.
- 16 Q Did it look like this one? A Yes.

Mr. Dechert: In other words, it looked like a million other sacks?

- 17 Q How far was this stump from the road? A It wasn't very

see a tail-light, either on the Main Road or on the Eastern Road,
as I understand it? A: Not after they passed us.
Witness stand down.

Mr. J. D. ... witness, being duly sworn, was

examined by Mr. ...

- 1 Q You are Mr. ...? A: Yes sir.
 - 2 Q Where do you live? A: Close to Government.
 - 3 Q Did you find this liquor here in this place before?
 - 4 A Yes, I mean it over there.
 - 5 Q Where did you find it? Where did you see it?
 - 6 A Seen it over against a stump.
 - 7 Q In whose wood? A: ...
 - 8 Q Was there anything along the road at that time? A: Yes
 - 9 sir.
 - 10 Q What were you doing? A: Putting in light poles.
 - 11 Q About what time of day, was it? A: I suppose about eight
 - 12 o'clock.
 - 13 Q In the morning or evening? A: Morning.
 - 14 Q Do you remember the date it was found? A: No, I don't.
 - 15 Q It was five or six weeks ago, was it? A: Yes sir.
 - 16 Q Now, you say the liquor was found back of a stump?
 - 17 A Yes, I mean it along the road as I came along, but I
 - 18 didn't get out to see what it was.
 - 19 Q The found it? A: Some little way, I think.
 - 20 Q What was it like? A: In a jug.
 - 21 Q What was the jug out of? A: In a wood.
 - 22 Q Did it look like this one? A: Yes.
- Mr. ...: In other words, it looked like a ...
- Other ...
- 17 Q How far was this along from the road? A: It wasn't very

far. It was right along the road.

18 Q About how many feet from the fence? A I expect it was about five, five feet, or six.

19 Q What kind of fence? A Rail fence.

20 Q While you were working along the road that morning, do you know whether these two defendants, Ralph Webster and Dan Webster, came out along there? A I don't know. I saw two come out that way.

21 Q How long were they gone? A Not gone long.

Objection; overruled.

22 Q Do you know whether these two young men sitting back there are the two that you saw, the two young men on either side of Mr. Dechert? Are they, or not, the men that you saw down there?

A I don't know about that. I couldn't say.

23 Q How were they dressed? A Well, the one had a hat on, I think, and the other had a cap on.

24 Q About what time was it that this car came out there the next morning with these two men in it?

Mr. Dechert: Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled; point saved.

A I think it was about eight o'clock. We had just got there when the car came along.

25 Q Did the car stop, or not? A No, I didn't see the car stop. They wasn't gone long until they come back.

26 Q They just passed beyond the woods and turned around and came back.

Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled; point saved.

Mr. Dechert: I think there is an intervening question I want to object to.

A Yes.

27 Q What disposition was made of this jug? A I think a boy came down through the woods with it. He came up through the woods with it, and he came up there and said there was liquor in it. He

18 Q It was right along the road.
 19 Q About how many feet from the fence? I expect it was
 20 about five, five feet, or six.
 21 Q At what kind of fence? I will know.
 22 Q While you were working along the road that morning,
 23 do you know whether there was telegraph, Ralph Webster and Don
 24 Webster, came out along there? I don't know. I saw two come
 25 out that way.
 26 Q How long were they gone? A Not gone long.
 27 Q Objection; overruled.
 28 Q Do you know whether these two young men sitting back
 29 there are the two that you saw, the two young men on either side
 30 of Mr. Webster's car that day, or not, the man that you saw there?
 31 I don't know about that. I don't know.
 32 Q How were they dressed? A Well, the one had a hat on,
 33 white, and the other had a cap on.
 34 Q About what time was it that this car came out there that
 35 next morning with these two men in it?
 36 A Objection by Mr. Webster; overruled; point saved.
 37 Q I think it was about eight o'clock. He had just got there
 38 when the car came along.
 39 Q Did the car stop, or not? A No, I didn't see the car
 40 stop. They went on until they came back.
 41 Q They had passed beyond the woods and turned around and
 42 came back.
 43 Q Objection by Mr. Webster; overruled; point saved.
 44 Q Mr. Webster: I think there is an interesting question I
 45 want to object to.
 46 Q Yes.
 47 Q At what time was made of this fact? I think a boy
 48 came down through the woods with it. He came up through the woods
 49 with it, and he came up there and with there was liquor in it. He

put it behind a tree and just let it set.

Mr. Dechert: It was there that you saw it?

A He moved it. I seen it before that. But the boy came up there and got it.

28 Q It was turned over later to Mr. John Dove, the deputy sheriff? A Yes sir.

29 Q That same morning? A Yes sir.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. Charles Miller, another witness, being first duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Barman.

1 Q What are your initials? A C.H.

2 Q Charles H. Miller? A Yes sir.

3 Q What is your business? Well, I farm.

4 Q Where do you live? A I live west of Greenmount, one mile west of Greenmount.

5 Q Did you, or not, find this jug of liquor? A Some of the boys that were employed with me, -Mr. Deavers' boy was the first boy that noticed a sack sitting there. Some of the boys went up and looked, and this jug of liquor was in the sack.

6 Q When was that, do you remember? A I don't just remember the date.

7 Q What time of morning was it found? A I would suppose it was half after eight.

8 Q What were you doing? A Putting up those electric light poles.

9 Q What disposition was made of the liquor? What did you do with it? A Some of them ~~task~~ picked it up and taken it up I suppose a hundred feet or more and put it behind an oak tree. And I just decided the best thing for me to do was to notify Mr. Dove to come out and get it.

The Court: Did you do that? A That is what I did. I

Q But it behind a tree and just let it rest.
 A Yes, that's what I saw.
 Q No, I mean it behind that, not the way
 down up there and put it.
 A Yes, I saw it over there, the deputy
 sheriff, A Yes sir.
 Q That same morning? A Yes sir.
 Witness discharged.

Mr. Charles Miller, another witness, being first duly
 sworn, was examined by Mr. Herman.
 Q What are your initials? A C.M.
 Q How long have you been in the State?
 A About 15 years.
 Q Where do you live? A I live out of town, the
 city out of town.
 Q Did you, or not, find this log of liquor? A Some of the
 boys that were engaged with me, Mr. Devereaux, boy was the first boy
 that noticed a man sitting there. Some of the boys went up and
 looked, and this log of liquor was in the sack.
 Q When was that, do you remember? A I don't just remember
 the date.
 Q What time of morning was it found? A I would suppose it
 was half after eight.
 Q What were you doing? A Sitting up there drinking liquor.
 Q What disposition was made of the liquor? What did you do
 with it? A Some of them took it up and taken it up I sup-
 pose a hundred feet or more and put it behind an oak tree, and I
 just decided the best thing for me to do was to walk to Mr. Devereaux
 some way and get it.
 Q Now, did you do that? A That is what I did. I

called Mr. Dove up, and he came out and got the liquor.

10 Q This stump was about how far from the road? A Not very far. It was just over the fence. I didn't just notice the distance.

11 Q You know whether the Cromer woods are near the farm owned by the Websters in that section, or not? A I couldn't say. I think it is not very far from there. The Websters own the Feuchtenberger property, don't they, or used to be? It is not very far, I wouldn't think.

Mr. Dechert: Have you any idea of the distance?

A Well now, it is a part of the country that I am not very well acquainted with. I have heard of the Websters living on the Feuchtenberger property. I don't know the people, wouldn't know them if I seen them.

Mr. Dechert: The Feuchtenberger farm is near Linville?

A It is not so far from there.

Mr. Dechert: At least two or three miles from the Cromer woods to that farm, isn't it? A I don't think so. I wouldn't judge it would be over a mile.

12 Q Did you see any one down there in the car that morning?
Objection; overruled; point saved.

A I couldn't say that I did. There were several cars there. I don't know that I seen any cars stop there. There were several cars there, and we were at work there, busy, and didn't think anything about it. Even if they had stopped, we just didn't particularly notice.

13 Q This liquor was found in Rockingham County? A Yes sir.
Witness dismissed.

Mr. Walter Deputy, another witness, being first duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Earmen.

1 Q You are Mr. W.H. Deputy? A Yes sir.

2 Q Mr. Deputy, do you know Ralph Webster? A Yes sir.

3 Q How long have you known him? A Ten or twelve years.

4 Q Were you in a restaurant here in the City of Harrisonburg some time ago,--and if so, when,-- when you overheard a conversation of Ralph Webster with reference to violating the Prohibition Law?

Objection by Mr. Dechert; sustained.

5 Q I will ask you this, then, Mr. Deputy, do you, or not, live in Harrisonburg, now? A Live here part of the time.

6 Q And you run a farm down about Edom, I believe? A Yes.

7 Q You have lived in Harrisonburg almost continually, have you not, for the past how long? A Twenty years.

8 Q Do you, or not, know the general reputation of the defendants here, Ralph Webster and Dan Webster, for violating the Prohibition Law? I will ask you, first, as to Ralph Webster. Do you know his reputation for handling liquor here in Harrisonburg, and, if so, is that reputation good or bad?

Objection.

The Court: Ask the questions one at a time.

9 Q Well sir, what has been the general reputation of Ralph Webster?

The Court: You know his general reputation? A I have heard right smart, yes sir.

10 Q It is what people in the City generally say about a man. A For handling liquor, you say? I would think it was bad.

11 Q What about Dan Webster? Is his reputation good or bad?

Objection by Mr. Dechert.

The Court: It would be prior to this occurrence on the Kratzer Road. Do you know what his reputation was prior to that occurrence? A I think it was bad, if you are asking about liquor; bootlegger.

1 Q Mr. Deputy, do you know Ralph Webster? A Yes sir.
 2 Q How long have you known him? A Ten or twelve years.
 3 Q Were you in a restaurant here in the City of Detroit
 4 about two years ago, and if so, when, when you observed a man
 5 wearing a light-colored suit with trousers so resembling the pro-
 6 hibition law?

Objection by Mr. Webster; sustained.

7 Q I will ask you this, then, Mr. Deputy, do you, or not,
 8 live in Harrisonburg, now? A Live here part of the time.
 9 Q And you run a firm here about 1888, I believe, is that
 10 true? You have lived in Harrisonburg almost continually, have
 11 you not, for the past few years? A Twenty years.
 12 Q Do you, or not, know the general reputation of the la-
 13 titude here, Ralph Webster and how honest, the visiting the
 14 prohibition law? I will ask you, first, as to Ralph Webster, do
 15 you know his reputation for handling liquor here in Harrisonburg,
 16 and, if so, is that reputation good or bad?

Objection.

17 Q The Court: Are the questions one at a time.
 18 Q Well sir, what has been the general reputation of Ralph
 19 Webster?

20 Q The Court: You know his general reputation? A I have
 21 heard right smart, yes sir.
 22 Q It is what people in the City generally say about a man.
 23 Q You handling liquor, you say? I would think it was bad.
 24 Q And about the Webster, is his reputation good or bad?

Objection by Mr. Webster.

25 Q The Court: It would be better to raise questions on the
 26 matter first. Do you know what his reputation was
 27 prior to that occurrence? A I think it was bad, if you
 28 are asking about liquor; postscript.

12 Q And that general reputation applies to both of the Websters?

A Yes sir.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. John Dove, another witness, being first duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Barman.

1 Q You are Mr. John Dove? A Yes sir.

2 Q Deputy Sheriff for Rockingham County? A Yes sir.

3 Q Mr. Dove, where did you get this liquor here? A Mr. Charlie Miller, who was on the stand a few minutes ago, 'phoned up here and said --

4 Q Never mind what he said. Mr. Miller 'phoned to you, and you got it? What did you do with it? A I turned it over to my father, the same morning, just as soon as I come back.

5 Q About how much liquor was in the jug when it was turned over to you? A I would say about two gallons. You can't hardly tell by looking in the jug.

6 Q The same liquor is in it now? A Yes sir; the jug was in a sack.

7 Q And it was turned over to you by Mr. Charlie Miller?

A Yes sir. It was down behind a tree.

Witness dismissed.

Adjournment until afternoon.

Afternoon session same day, March 7, 1924.

Mr. John Dove re-called.

Mr. Barman: When was it that this liquor was turned over to you? A On the first of February. There was just a little sticker that I put on it.

Mr. Barman: You found it on February 1 of this year?
A Yes.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. Lewis Cromer, another witness, being first duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Eberman.

1 Q This is Lewis Cromer? A Yes sir.

2 Q How old are you, Lewis? A Twenty-three; twenty-four.

3 Q Where do you live? A I live at 76 Rock Street, where my home is. I did live on Red Hill.

4 Q I believe you pled guilty to transporting liquor here in the City of Harrisonburg? A Yes sir.

5 Q And what punishment did you get? A Sixty days and \$50.00 fine.

6 Q When was that punishment imposed upon you? A From the 28th of last month up to now.

7 Q You mean last month or the 28th of January? A January.

8 Q You are now, I believe, beyond Bridgewater on the road force? A Yes sir.

9 Q And were brought in to-day to testify in this case? A Yes sir.

10 Q Serving out your sixty days on the road? A Yes sir.

11 Q Lewis, do you know anything about any jugs owned by -- you know Ralph Webster and Dan Webster?

Objection by Mr. Dechert, and statement of ground of objection.

Mr. Dechert: I am his counsel and on his behalf I make the objection.

12 Q (After Mr. Dechert has conferred with the Court in the Judge's office): Just kill that question. You know Ralph Webster and Dan Webster? A Yes sir.

13 Q How long have you known them? A I have known Dan all of my life, ever since I was big enough to remember.

14 Q How long have you known Ralph? A About eight or ten years.

15 Q Do you know, before February 1 of this year, whether they owned any jugs? A Yes sir.

16 Q How many jugs did they own? A Owned one two-gallon jug and one three-gallon jug, and two five-gallon jugs.

17 Q Is there any special ear-mark about any of those jugs?

A I told the Sheriff what this one jug looked like before I ever seen it at all. I told him that they had a three gallon jug with the handle broke off and a mold-mark on it.

Mr. Dechert: I ask Your Honor to instruct the jury to disregard the ^{statement} question as to what he told the Sheriff.
Motion denied; point saved.

18 Q Just explain. Just look at that jug and state to the jury whether you ever saw it before. A I saw one with the handle broke off and a mold-mark on it exactly like this.

19 Q Show it to the jury.

Memo. Witness shows jug to the jury.

20 Q This raise here on the jug, about seven or eight inches long and half an inch or three-quarters of an inch wide is what you refer to, is it, as a mold-mark? A Yes sir.

21 Q And it hasn't any handle, you say? A No sir.

22 Q Now, Lewis, where did you ever see this jug? A I have seen it hid in the poor-house woods, also seen it hid on the farm, Mr. Webster's farm.

23 Q Where is his farm? A Out about -- you go right out by the pottery, out towards Edom there, and you turn off there at Cromer's woods, turn to the left, turn to the right going up.

24 Q Turn to the right below Cromer's woods? A Yes sir.

25 Q Has he got a farm in there? A I don't know, sir. I think he has.

26 Q You don't know whose farm it is? A It is Lester's and I am not sure.
Dan's, I think. They had possession of it.

27 Q Where did you see it there? A Seen it in the fodder ^{shed}.

16 Q How many legs did they own? A Owned one two-gallon
 jug and one three-gallon jug, and two five-gallon jugs.
 17 Q Is there any special car-mark about any of those jugs?
 1 I told the Sheriff that there was one leg broken like below I
 ever seen it or like. I told him that they had a three gallon jug
 with the handle broke off and a gold-mark on it.
 Mr. Debert: I ask your Honor to instruct the jury to
 disregard the question as to what he told the Sheriff.
 Motion denied; point saved.
 18 Q Just explain. Just look at that jug and state to the
 jury whether you ever saw it before. A I was out with the handle
 broke off and a gold-mark on it exactly like this.
 19 Q Show it to the jury.
 20 Q Without going into the jury.
 21 Q This mark was on the jug, about seven or eight inches
 long and half an inch or three-quarters of an inch wide is what you
 refer to, is it, as a gold-mark? A Yes sir.
 22 Q And is there any handle, you say? A No sir.
 23 Q Now, Judge, where did you ever see this jug? A I have
 seen it hid in the poor-house woods, also seen it hid on the farm.
 Mr. Debert's turn.
 24 Q Where is his farm? A Out about -- you go right out by
 the pottery, out towards Moon there, and you turn off there at
 Gasser's woods, turn to the left, turn to the right going up.
 25 Q Turn to the right below Gasser's woods? A Yes sir.
 26 Q Has he got a farm in there? A I don't know, sir. I
 think he has.
 27 Q You can't know where that is but it is Debert's and
 I am not sure.
 Judge, I think they had possession of it.
 28 Q Where did you see it there? A Seen it in the ladder
 shop.

Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled.

Kemo. Mr. Dechert repeats what he understood the witness to say.

A Lester Webster and Dan hauled some fodder away from it. I guess it is theirs.

28 Q What was in the jug? A Whiskey was in the jug, moonshine whiskey.

The Court: Who is Lester? A It is Daniel's brother.

29 Q Lester Webster, Daniel Webster, and Ralph Webster are all three brothers? A Yes sir.

30 Q Now, you say that you go to this farm by the way of the Edon Road? A Yes sir.

31 Q And you turn off to the right, right beyond Mr. Cromer's woods? A Yes sir, and go down a lane.

32 Q And this corn-field is where? A On the left-hand side of this path.

Mr. Dechert: The objection is understood by the Court to be ruhning to all of this line.

33 Q What did you say was in the jug? A Moonshine whiskey.

34 Q How often did you see the jug with moonshine whiskey in it? A Only once.

35 Q How did you happen to see it? A Went down there to bottle up some whiskey.

36 Q Who was with you? A Me and Dan. I don't remember who else was down.

37 Q How long ago was that? A While I was on bail. I don't remember just how long it was.

The Court: Was it a year ago? A It has been a few months ago, Judge.

38 Q Did he have any other liquor there? A Yes sir, had some half gallon cans hid in there, too.

39 Q How could he hide it in the fodder shop? A Put it in

Objection by Mr. DeLoach; overruled.

1200. Mr. DeLoach reports that he understood the witness to say

1 that Lester Webster and Dan Healy had some other way from 12

1 I think it is better.

1201. That was in the fact; a whiskey was in the jug, none-

1202. mine whiskey.

1203. The Court: Was in Webster? It is Daniel's brother.

1204. Lester Webster, Daniel Webster, and Ralph Webster are all

1205. three brothers? A Yes sir.

1206. Now, you say that you go to this farm by the way of the

1207. Adam Road? A Yes sir.

1208. And you turn off to the right, right beyond Mr. DeLoach's

1209. property? A Yes sir, and go down a lane.

1210. And this court-land is there? A On the left-hand side

1211. of this place.

1212. Mr. DeLoach: The objection is understood by the Court

1213. to be relating to all of this line.

1214. What did you say was in the jug? A Mountain whiskey.

1215. How often did you see the jug with mountain whiskey

1216. in it? A Only once.

1217. Now did you happen to see it? A Yes, down there on

1218. bottle up some whiskey.

1219. Who was with you? A He and I, Mr. DeLoach. I don't remember who

1220. else was down.

1221. Now how long was that? A While I was on jail. I don't

1222. remember how long it was.

1223. The Court: Was it a year, say? A It was about a year

1224. or so, I think.

1225. Did he have any other liquor there? A Yes sir, had

1226. some half gallon cans hid in there, too.

1227. How would he hide it in the Federal shop? A But it is

sacks and stick them in the fodder shed,

40 Q Do the Websters own any other farm? A Yes sir; go out the pike and turn up by the tannery creek. They own a piece of ground out there.

41 Q You go out by Liskey's swimming pool? A Yes sir, you go out there and turn up a lane to the right going in.

42 Q What, if anything, did they keep out there on that farm? A Well, they kept all kinds of liquor out there.

The Court: Whose farm is that? A I think it belongs to Dan and Lester Webster. I think it belongs to all three of them. I think their father left it to them.

43 Q ~~Who~~ ^{How} did you happen to go up there? A Taking liquor up.

44 Q Whose liquor was it? A Dan Webster's.

45 Q Where did he get the liquor? A From mountain people.

46 Q Where did they keep the liquor? A In a straw stack, right in front of the sheep shed.

47 Q In what kind of containers? A Half ~~gallon~~ gallon jars and jugs, too.

The Court: Which of the Websters did you ever see there? A Sean ^{and} them both there.

The Court: What do you mean by both? A Ralph and Dan.

48 Q What else -- did they keep it anywhere else about the place there? A Yes sir; kept some in a hollow tree there about the creek. Had a hole in the tree. Half ~~gallon~~ ⁵ gallon or pints. It would be pints after it was bottled up.

49 Q Whose land was that tree on? A Couldn't tell you, sir.

50 Q How far from the sheep shed? A Two hundred yards.

51 Q Who put it there? A I did.

52 Q Where did you get it? A From Dan.

again and after them in the folder above.

40 Q Do the Webster men any other family? A Yes sir; go
 out the place and come up by the January street. They own a piece
 of ground out there.

41 Q You go out by Lincoln's swimming pool? A Yes sir, you
 go out there and turn up a lane to the right going in.

42 Q What, if anything, did they keep out there on that
 farm? A Well, they kept all kinds of liquor out there.

The Court: Where was that? A I think it belongs
 to him and Lester Webster. I think it belongs to all
 three of them. I think their father left it to them.

43 Q Was it you happen to go up there? A Looking liquor
 up.

44 Q Where liquor was it? A In Webster's.

45 Q Where did he get the liquor? A From certain people.

46 Q Where did they keep the liquor? A In a straw shed,
 right in front of the sheep shed.

47 Q In what kind of containers? A Half a gallon jars and
 jars, too.

The Court: Which of the Websters did you ever see there?
 A Both them both there.

The Court: What do you mean by both? A Ralph and Dan.

48 Q What else -- did they keep it anywhere else about the
 place there? A Yes sir; kept some in a hollow tree there about
 the creek. Had a hole in the tree. Bill & Milton or John. It
 would be quite after it was bottled up.

49 Q Where was that tree and? A Webster's fall you, sir.

50 Q How far from the sheep shed? A Two hundred yards.

51 Q Who put it there? A I did.

52 Q Where did you get it? A From Dan.

The Court: Why did you put it there? A Didn't want to bring it all to town.

53 Q What kind of agreement did you have with him? A Well, I give him a dollar and a half, and I took fifty cents.

54 Q How much did you sell a week? A It averaged five gallons. Some weeks I didn't sell that much, and some weeks I sold more.

Objection by Mr. Dechert:

✓ Memo. by Mr. Dechert: Objection having been made to the admission of evidence tending to show the sales, and a motion to strike out the last answer of the witness having been submitted, the Court

Charge specified in the bill of particulars that defendants were guilty of storing liquor on their premises for sale, and upon application of the attorney of the Commonwealth allowed him to add ~~to it~~ the charge of dispensing liquor ^{in the} bill of particulars.

Mr. Dechert (to the Court): And you also overrule my motion? The Court: Yes.

Memo. by Mr. Dechert: To the Court's action in each of the particulars, counsel for defendants excepted.

55 Q How much did you say you sold a week? A Averaged five gallons.

56 Q When did you pay Dan then? A Sometimes on Saturday.

57 Q How would you bring it down town? A Carry it in my pockets. Went in a car a few times. We all went and got it at night and would hide it up in these alleys.

The Court: What do you mean by all of you? A Me and Dan and Ralph.

58 Q Where would you hide it? A In these alleys, up and down.

59 Q Where would you usually dispose of most of it? In what part of Harrisonburg? A On Water Street.

The Court: Why did you put it there? A didn't want to

bring it all to court.

83 Q What kind of agreement did you have with him? A Well,

I give him a dollar and a half, and I took fifty cents.

84 Q How much did you sell a week? A It averaged five dollars.

Some weeks I didn't sell that much, and some weeks I sold

more.

Objection by Mr. DeLoach:

85 Q Mr. DeLoach: Objection being made to the admission

of evidence tending to show the sale, and a motion to strike out

the last answer of the witness having been submitted, the Court

overruled the motion, being of the opinion that the evidence was

admissible as the admission that the witness was guilty of the

crime charged in the indictment of the Government.

86 Q Now you are saying the answer is disposing of it?

Mr. DeLoach: Yes, the Court; and you are overruling it.

87 Q The Court: Yes.

88 Q Now, by Mr. DeLoach: Is the Court's action in such of

the particular, unusual for DeLoach's conduct?

89 Q How much did you say you sold a week? A Averaged five

dollars.

90 Q When did you say you had a business on Saturday?

91 Q How would you bring it down town? A Carry it in my

pockets. Went in a car a few times. So all went and got it at

night and would also be up in there after.

92 Q The Court: That do you mean by all at night? He said

in the night.

93 Q There would you also say in these places, up and down,

94 Q there would you usually dispose of most of it? In what

part of Harrisonburg? A On Water Street.

The Court: How long was that going on? A I worked for them all summer. I just don't know exactly how long.

60 Q What summer? A Last summer. I worked for them all last summer up until I was caught.

61 Q Who went on your bond? A Daniel Webster.
Objection; overruled; point saved.

Mr. Dechert: I move to strike out the answer and save the point on that.

62 Q How would you pour this out? A Pour it into half gallon cans and then pour it out into the bottles. You can pour it that way without spilling it.

63 Q Did you keep a funnel out there at the sheep shed? A Had one out there a right smart while.

64 Q Where did you keep it? A Hanging up there in the sheep shed, right between the rafters.

65 Q Did Dan Webster, or not, ever bring any whiskey to your home? A Yes sir, we would pour it out, there.

66 Q When was that? A Well, it has been about two months ago. I was on bail then, too.

67 Q ~~William-Graham~~ Who was present then? A William Graham. My mother was in the house. My mother was in the room. I guess she knew there was liquor in there. I don't know whether she did, or not.

68 Q What was Dan doing with liquor in your home? A Pouring it in the bottles to bring down town to sell.

69 Q Where did you get it? A We had it hid in the vines on the other side of the C. & W. Railroad. I got the liquor myself and brought it up to the house, and we poured it in the bottles.

70 Q That was hidden in some vines along the Railroad? What Railroad? A The C. & W. Railroad, near Dick Williams' store.

The Court: How long was that going on? I worked
 for them all summer. I just don't know exactly how
 long.

Q: That summer? I just summer. I worked for them all
 that summer up until I was caught.

Q: How long on your boat? A: Until Webster.
 Objection; overruled; point saved.

Mr. Webster: I move to strike out the answer and give the
 point on that.

Q: How would you put this out? A: Your is late half gallon
 cans and that goes in one into the bottles. For one you is that
 way without spilling it.

Q: Did you have a funnel out there at the space about a yard
 and out there a kind of water table.

Q: Where did you keep it? A: Hanging up there in the space
 that, right below the ceiling.

Q: Did you Webster, or not, ever bring any whiskey to your
 house? A: Yes sir, we would put it out there.

Q: What was that? A: Well, it has been about two months ago.
 I was on half that, too.

Q: ~~William Webster~~ was present then? A: William Webster.
 My mother was in the house. My mother was in the room. I guess
 she knew there was liquor in there. I don't know whether she did,
 or not.

Q: What was her doing with liquor in your house? A: Putting
 it in the bottles to bring down to sell.

Q: Where did you get it? A: We had it hid in the vines on
 the other side of the C. & N. Railroad. I got the liquor myself and
 brought it up to the house, and we carried it in the bottles.
 Q: That was hidden in some vines along the Railroad? What
 Railroad? A: The C. & N. Railroad, near their Williams' store.

Mr. Dechert: What did you say about Dick Williams' store?

A I said it was down there on the other side of Dick Williams' store, on the C. & W. Railroad.

71 Q Cromer, how did Daniel Webster happen to go on your bond?
Objection renewed; overruled; point saved.

A He went on my bond so that I could get out and make money enough to pay my fine. ~~Would be in trouble first, that's what he said.~~

72 Q Since you have been on the road, did he offer to ^{pay your fine} go on your ~~bond~~ ^{and costs if you would agree not to testify.}

A Mr. Dechert came up there and told me that.

Mr. Dechert: No, I didn't. It is inadmissible, anyhow.
Objection; overruled; point saved.

Mr. Dechert: I ask that that answer of the witness be stricken out.

The Court: I will take it into consideration, Mr. Dechert.

Mr. Dechert: I will save the point now in the event Your Honor does not do so.

73 Q How often do you suppose you have seen that jug before this, Lewis? A I would say five times. I have handled it right smart.

74 Q Did they keep liquor anywhere else except in the sheep shed and the straw-stack and the woods out there? The poorhouse farm is about how far from that sheep shed? A I couldn't tell you, about a mile, I judge.

75 Q Did they keep liquor anywhere else except in the places you have spoken of? A We kept it back of the Estep's house and out here by the stone spring, in the woods there, I don't know whose woods it is.

Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled; point saved.

Mr. Decker: That is the way about that William's story
I said it was down there on the other side of that
William's story, on the 2. 2. 2.

Objection: overruled; point saved.

He went on by bond so that I could get out and make
money enough to pay my fine. Would he in twelve times, that's what

Since you have been on the stand, did he offer to be on your
stand?

Mr. Decker: Yes, I think so. It is inadvisable, answer.
Objection: overruled; point saved.

Mr. Decker: I was that that answer of the witness is
advisable.

Mr. Decker: I will have the point now in the event that
you object. I will have it into consideration, Mr. Decker.
Answer doesn't do so.

Now when do you suppose you have seen that dog before
this, Decker? I would say five times. I have handled it right
away.

Did they keep liquor anywhere else except in the shop
and the wine-stand and the water out there? The policeman
told me about how far from the shop that I couldn't tell you,
about a mile, I judge.

Did they keep liquor anywhere else except in the shop
you have spoken of? He says it was at the shop, Decker, and
that was by the name of the shop there, I don't know where
it was.

Objection by Mr. Decker: overruled; point saved.

76 Q You kept liquor back of what Estep's house. A Justis Estep and Raymond Estep's.

77 Q Justis is the one who runs the jitney? A Yes sir. I never seen Estep with no liquor. It was back of their house there, where it was.

78 Q Where does Estep live? A Right in front of the Waterman woods, where the toll gate used to be, lives in a house up above there.

The Court: On the Rawley Road? A Yes sir.

79 Q You kept the liquor there in the woods? A Yes sir.

The Court: What Estep? A Raymond Estep and Justis Estep. I don't know what their mother's name is.

The Court: That is right beyond where the toll gate used to be on the Rawley Springs Turnpike? A Yes sir, on this road right here.

80 Q In what other woods? A At Stone Spring and way on down below there, I don't know what woods it is. I judge about a mile and a half, maybe two miles, from Stone Spring, maybe further.

Cross-examination by Mr. Dechert:

1 XQ Cromer, you say you were out on bail before your conviction?

A No sir. I don't know whether I was convicted.

2 IQ After you were arrested, you were out on bail? A Yes sir.

3 XQ You started to leave the State, didn't you? A Yes sir.

4 XQ You got out as far as Covington or Clifton Forge, didn't you? A Yes sir.

5 XQ And there you were arrested and brought back ~~and~~ ^{to be} put in jail until your trial? A Yes sir.

6 XQ And have been on the road force since you were convicted?

A Yes sir.

7 XQ You know that Dan Webster had you brought back? A I don't know, sir, whether ^{he did} ~~he~~ or not.

75 Q You kept liquor back of what Halsey's house. A Justice
Safeg and Halsey's.

76 Q Justice is the one who runs the liquor? A Yes sir. I
never seen Halsey with no liquor. It was back of their home there,
where it was.

77 Q There does Halsey live? A Right in front of the waterman
woods, where the toll gate used to be, lives in a house up above
there.

78 Q The Court: On the Newby Road? A Yes sir.
You kept the liquor there in the woods? A Yes sir.
The Court: What Halsey? A Halsey Halsey and Justice
Safeg. I don't know what their mother's name is.

79 Q The Court: That is right beyond where the toll gate
used to be on the Newby Road? A Yes sir.
In this road right there.

80 Q Is that other woods? A It goes by the way on
down below there, I don't know what woods it is. I judge about a
mile and a half, maybe two miles, from some liquor, maybe further.

Cross-examination by Mr. Webster:

81 Q Now, you say you were out on bail before your conviction?
A No sir. I don't know whether I was convicted.

82 Q After you were arrested, you were out on bail? A Yes sir.
You started to leave the State, didn't you? A Yes sir.

83 Q You got out on bail as Governor or William Halsey, didn't
you? A Yes sir.

84 Q And there you were arrested and would not look out in jail
until your trial? A Yes sir.

85 Q And have been on the road since you were arrested?
A Yes sir.

86 Q You know that Dan Webster had you brought back? A I don't
know, sir, whether he did or not.

8 XQ You have been told so? A Yes sir.
 Witness dismissed.

 Mr. William Graham, after first being duly sworn, was
examined by Mr. Sarman.

1 Q What is your name? A William Graham.

2 Q You live where? A Out here on Rock Street, in Harri-
sonburg.

3 Q Talk a little louder. A I live here in town.

4 Q You live at Lewis Cromer's mother's, don't you? A Yes
sir.

5 Q Do you ever see Dan Webster there? A Yes sir.

6 Q When was the last time you saw him there? A It has been,
I guess, about a couple months ago, maybe a little longer.

7 Q Who was there with him? A He and Lewis Cromer came there
together.

8 Q What did they have? A Well, I suppose they had a little
bit of liquor with them, as far as I know.

9 Q What did they have it in? A Half gallon jars.

10 Q How many jars did they have? A Three.

11 Q What did they do with it? A Poured it into pint bottles.

12 Q Who did that? A Lewis and Dan, both.

13 Q What did they do with the liquor after they poured it into
the bottles? A Took it with them, as far as I know.

14 Q How did you know? A I was there in the house, and you
know you can scent it.

15 Q What color was it? A White.

16 Q How did it correspond in looks and smell with what is in
there? A This smells very much like it.

 Mr. Dechert: Most of it is white, isn't it?

17 Q How long have you known Dan Webster? A About a year, I
guess. Know him when I see him, that's about all.

18 Q Any doubt in your mind about him being up there a couple

months ago for the liquor? Just strike that question out. Did you ever see him selling liquor, -Dan Webster, -selling liquor?

Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled; point saved.

19 Q Have you seen him selling liquor since February 1, 1923?

A No sir.

20 Q I don't mean '24, I mean 1923.

A Well, I couldn't say for sure he sold it or what he done with it. I never seen him get any money for it.

21 Q What did you see him do with it?

Mr. Dechert: Objection is running to this line of questions.

A As far as I know, he had the liquor.

22 Q What was it in? A In pint bottles.

23 Q Where was it? A I seen him with it once on Water Street, around Mr. Matthews' stable.

24 Q What did he do with it? A I couldn't say what he done with it exactly, but I seen him one evening - I don't know whether he give it to him or sold it.

Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled.

The Court: Where was that and when? A That has been some time back, I suppose, a month ^{about} / two months ago.

The Court: Where was it? A On Water Street.

The Court: Who was the person he gave it to or sold it to?

A I saw the person but didn't know.

Cross-examination by Mr. Dechert:

1 XQ What did you say your name was, -- Grim or Graham? --

A Graham.

2 XQ When was it that you were in the penitentiary? A I don't know if I ever was, or not.

3 XQ You don't know whether you have ever been in the penitentiary, or not? A No sir.

4 XQ Do you know anything? A Yes sir.

... Did you ...

... ever see him ...

... objection by Mr. ...

... have you seen him ...

... No sir.

... I don't mean ...

... Well, I couldn't say ...

... I never seen him ...

... That did you see him ...

... Mr. ... objection is ...

... questions.

... As far as I know, ...

... That was it ...

... There was ...

... from Mr. ...

... That did he ...

... It is exactly ...

... he give it to him ...

... objection by Mr. ...

... The Court: There was ...

... some time ...

... The Court: There was ...

... The Court: Was ...

... I saw the person ...

... Cross-examination by Mr. ...

... That did you see ...

... Yes.

... Then was it ...

... don't know ...

... You don't know ...

... testify, or not? ...

... No you know ...

5 XQ What is your difficulty about knowing that? A I don't think I have ever been there.

6 XQ Have you any doubt about ever being there? A If I ever was, I have.

7 XQ Never been in any penitentiary, any place? A No sir.

8 XQ What were you in prison for? A Never have been in any prison.

9 XQ Where have you been living? A In Harrisonburg for some time.

10 XQ Where did you come from? A Mineral, West Virginia.

11 XQ You haven't been in a penitentiary in West Virginia?

A No sir.

12 XQ At least you don't think you ever were? A I never was there.

Mr. Bauserman: We object to all this line unless they produce evidence of his being in the penitentiary.

The Court: Nobody says he was in the penitentiary. The witness says he was never there. Do you want that stricken out?

Mr. Bauserman: No sir.

24 Q
18-19-

By Mr. Earmen:

You work every day for Sisler Bros.? A Yes sir, I run the service machine, cutting tomb-stones for them.

25 Q How long have you been working for them? A Between five and six months, about five months.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. E.C. Liskey, another witness, being first duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Earmen.

1 Q Mr. Liskey, did either Dan Webster or Ralph Webster ever want to sell you any liquor? A Yes sir.

2 Q Which one was it? A Ralph.

3 Q You say Ralph Webster offered to sell you liquor? A Yes sir.

4 Q When was it? A I think it was Friday before Christmas.

5 Q Of last year, 1923? A Yes sir.

6 Q Where was he at the time? A It happened down on Water Street.

7 Q How much did he want to sell you? A He offered to sell me half a gallon.

8 Q Just state to the jury what he said and how --

Mr. Dechert: Of course this same line of evidence has been objected to before.

The Court: You want to except to this?

Mr. Dechert: Yes sir.

9 Q Just state to the jury how he happened to offer you this half gallon of liquor? A I just walked down Water Street. He was sitting in a car right side of the curb. I reckon I stopped probably and got to talking. He offered to sell me half a gallon at \$10.00.

10 Q When did he say he would deliver it? A Said he would bring it around some time that night.

11 Q You didn't buy it? A No sir.

Cross-examination by Mr. Dechert:

1 XQ He had no liquor with him, so far as you saw? A No sir.

Mr. Dechert: I move that this evidence be stricken out.

Motion overruled; point saved.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. John Logan, another witness, being first duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Earmen.

1 Q You are Mr. John Logan? A Yes sir.

2 Q How long have you been an officer for the City, Mr. Logan?

A Fourteen years next month.

Q Now may I ask you to go back to the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I think it was about the time when I was first arrested.

Q And you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

\$10.00.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

Q Now, you were arrested at the time when you were first arrested?

A Yes, I was arrested at the time when I was first arrested.

3 Q Do you know the two defendants here, Ralph and Daniel Webster? A Yes sir.

4 Q How long have you known them? A For a long time. Well, I have known them before I went on the force.

5 Q They have been living here in Harrisonburg for how long?

A For a right smart while, I guess.

6 Q Several years? A Oh yes, here, and close around here.

7 Q Do you know what the general reputation of Ralph Webster was from February 1, 1923, to February 1, 1924, as a bootlegger?

Objection to the question by Mr. Dechert. Objection overruled; point saved.

Mr. Dechert: I want this objection to apply to any other statement along this line.

8 Q As a bootlegger or for violating the Prohibition laws?

A Bad.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. Cromer recalled.

Cross-examination continued, -- Mr. Morrison examining.--

9 XQ I have an unpleasant question or two to ask you, but I think I am compelled to do it in justice to the client. *well*
you once a member of the United Army? A Yes sir.

10XQ Do you have a discharge? A Yes sir.

11XQ What kind of discharge? A Dishonorable discharge.

12XQ For what reason? A Desertion.

13XQ Did you ever serve a term in the State prison? A Yes sir.

14XQ For what? A Stealing.

15XQ From whom? A I don't know; don't remember.

16XQ Did you serve more than one term? A No sir.

17XQ Weren't you sent to the penitentiary on two different oc-

Q Do you know the two defendants here, Ralph and Daniel
 Webster? A Yes sir.

Q How long have you known them? A Not a long time. Well,
 I have known them before I went on the force.

Q They have been living here in Huntington for how long?
 A For a right smart while, I guess.

Q Several years? A Oh yes, here, and also around here.

Q Do you know what the general reputation of Ralph Webster
 was from February 1, 1933, to February 1, 1934, as a bootlegger?
 A Objection to the question by Mr. Webster. Objection over-
 ruled; point saved.

Q Mr. Webster: I want this objection to apply to any
 other statement along this line.

Q Is a bootlegger or for violating the prohibition laws?
 A Yes.

Q Various times.

Q Mr. Crozier recalled.

Q Cross-examination continued. -- Mr. Morrison examining. --

Q I have an important question or two to ask you, but I
 think I am compelled to do it in order to be fair.

Q You were a member of the United Army? A Yes sir.

Q Do you have a discharge? A Yes sir.

Q What kind of discharge? A Dishonorable discharge.

Q For what reason? A Desertion.

Q Did you ever serve a term in the State Prison? A Yes
 sir.

Q For what? A Stealing.

Q From whom? A I don't know; don't remember.

Q Did you serve more than one term? A No sir.

Q Haven't you sent to the penitentiary on two different oc-

casions previous to this? A No sir.

18 XQ Well, you were sent up on one occasion? A Yes sir.

~~Witness dismissed.~~

Mr. P.L.Dovel, another witness, being first daly sworn, was examined by Mr. Harman.

1 Q You are P.L.Dovel, Chief of Police for the City of Harrisonburg? A Yes sir.

2 Q And have been policeman how long, Mr. Dovel? A This is my twentieth year.

3 Q Do you know the general reputation of Ralph Webster for handling liquor in the City of Harrisonburg? If so, is that reputation good or bad? A I have heard it discussed that they were handling it.

Objection by Mr. Dechert.

The Court: Do you know how he stands generally?

A Do you mean for handling liquor? It is not good.

4 Q Is that same thing true of Daniel Webster? A Yes sir.

Cross-examination by Mr. Morrison.

1 XQ Do you know Lewis Cromer? A Yes sir.

2 XQ What is his general reputation, if you know, in this community, for truth? A Bad.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. John Logan recalled.

10 Q By Mr. Harman: You testified that the general reputation of Ralph Webster was bad for handling liquor. How about Dan Webster? What is his general reputation? A Bad.

~~Witness dismissed.~~

Mr. Daniel Shifflett, another witness, being first duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Barman.

1 Q You are Mr. Daniel W. Shifflett? A Yes sir.

2 Q You are janitor for the Board of Supervisors in the Court House here? A Yes sir.

3 Q And also special officer for the City of Harrisonburg?
A Yes sir.

4 Q Do you know the defendants here? A Yes sir.

5 Q Do you know the general reputation of Ralph Webster for handling liquor here in the City of Harrisonburg? A Bad.

6 Q How about Dan? A Same thing.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. A.P. Curry recalled.

Direct examination resumed by Mr. Barman.

22 Q You testified this morning? A Yes sir.

23 Q You are a policeman for the City of Harrisonburg? A Yes sir.

24 Q Do you know the general reputation of Ralph Webster for handling liquor here in Harrisonburg, and, if so, is it good or bad?

A It has been boosted a good deal.

25 Q What do you mean by boosted? A I mean it has been circulated, rumored a good deal.

26 Q Would you say it was good or bad? A Bad.

27 Q How about Daniel Webster? A Same.

Mr. Dechert: Was it since his arrest that you have heard this rumor? A No sir.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. E.G. Snyder, another witness, being first duly sworn, was examined by Mr. Barman.

1 Q What are your initials? A E.G.

2 Q You live here in Harrisonburg? A Yes sir.

3 Q What is your age? A Thirty-seven.

4 Q You are a cigar maker? A No sir; I worked at the produce house. I haven't done any work for two years.

5 Q I believe you lost your limbs some time ago? A Yes sir.

6 Q Have you loafed a good deal on Water Street? A Yes sir.

7 Q At what place? A Matthews' and Harry Stever's, along there.

8 Q Well, during the past year, or from February 1, 1923, up until February 1, 1924, during that period of one year, did you, or not, ever see Ralph Webster and Dan Webster, or either of them, sell liquor? A Well, I have seen them handling it along there, I don't know whether they were selling it, or not.

9 Q Explain what you mean. A I have seen them with it along there.

10 Q Would hand it out to people? A Not on the street. They would go into places.

11 Q Where would they go? A Into Dean's Hall there, and up the alley.

12 Q Is that in Dean's restaurant? A The entrance that goes back to the kitchen.

13 Q The entrance goes from the street back to the kitchen?

A Yes sir.

14 Q Which one of them would do that? A Well, I have seen Dan and Ralph, both.

15 Q About how often do you suppose you have seen them hand it out to people during the past year? About how often during a week or a day? A Well, I never paid much attention to that.

16 Q How often would you say on an average? A Well, a couple times a week, I reckon, -two or three times.

1 Yes five here in Harrisonburg? A Yes sir.

2 What is your age? A Thirty-seven.

3 You are a cigar maker? A No sir; I worked at the
 4 produce house. I haven't done any work for two years.

5 I believe you last year lived here first day? A Yes sir.

6 Have you looked a good deal on Water Street? A Yes sir.

7 At what place? A Matthews', and Harry Hoover's, along
 8 there.

9 Well, during the past year, or from February 1, 1933, up
 10 until February 1, 1934, during that period of one year, did you, or
 11 not, ever see Ralph Webster and Ben Webster, or either of them, well
 12 known? A Well, I have seen them handling it along there, I don't
 13 know whether they were selling it, or not.

14 Explain what you mean. I have seen them with it
 15 along there.

16 Would you say it was in packages? A Yes on the street. They
 17 would be in packages.

18 Where would they go? A Into Dean's Hall there, and up the
 19 alley.

20 Is that in Dean's restaurant? A The entrance that
 21 goes back to the kitchen.

22 The entrance goes from the street back to the kitchen?
 23 Yes sir.

24 Which one of them would be there? A Well, I have seen
 25 Ben and Ralph, both.

26 About how often do you suppose you have seen them since it
 27 got to people during the past year? About how often during a week or
 28 a day? A Well, I never had much occasion to think
 29 how often would you say on an average? A Well, a couple
 30 times a week, I would, -two or three times.

17 Q What kind of containers would this liquor be in? A They would have it in bottles, pint bottles?

18 Q What color would the stuff be? A Would be white-looking.

19 Q How did it resemble this fluid here, or beverage, in this glass? A Yes, it looked sort of like that.

20 Q Now, when this liquor would be handed out, did you see any money pass? A Not as often as I have seen the liquor.

21 Q You have seen people hand money back to the Websters at the time the liquor was given to them? A Yes sir.

22 Q Would that be in the day-time or night-time, or both?

A Well, in the day or night, either one.

23 Q That is, you mean that you saw them hand out liquor both in the day-time and night-time? A Yes sir.

Witness dismissed.

Mr. Walter Deputy recalled. Direct examination resumed by Mr. Barman.

13 Q Mr. Deputy, during the past year have you, or not, heard Ralph Webster say that he sold so much liquor on Court Day?

A Yes sir.

Objection by Mr. Dechert; overruled; point saved.

14 Q Just state to the jury what you did hear him say? A In a restaurant there on the corner where Mr. Baker used to be, Mr. Ralph Webster was setting there at the side of the stove, and he said he had sold eighty-five pints of liquor on November Court Day, on Water Street. It was just after Court Day.

15 Q You say that was a day or two after November Court? A Just a short while after.

~~Witness dismissed.~~

~~Memorandum: No evidence to be taken for the defence, Mr. Dechert, of counsel for defendants, announced.~~

17 Q That kind of containers would this liquor be in? A They
 would have it in bottles, just bottles?
 18 Q That liquor would be sold in? A Would be wide-mouthed
 19 Q Has it it resemble this kind here, or beverage, in this
 20 Q Yes, it looked sort of like that.
 21 Q Now, when this liquor would be handed out, did you see
 any money passed? A Not as often as I have seen the liquor.
 22 Q You have seen people hand money back to the Webster at
 the time the liquor was given to them? A Yes sir.
 23 Q Would that be in the day-time or night-time, or both?
 A Tell, in the day or night, either one.
 24 Q That is, you mean that you saw them hand out liquor both
 in the day-time and night-time? A Yes sir.
 Witness continued.

17 Q Now, during the past year have you, or not, heard
 of Mr. Webster?
 18 Q Mr. Webster, during the past year have you, or not, heard
 Ralph Webster say that he sold no such liquor on Court Day?
 A Yes sir.
 Question by Mr. Decker; overruled; point saved.
 19 Q That refers to the jury what you did hear him say? A In
 a restaurant there on the corner where Mr. Baker used to be, Mr.
 Ralph Webster was sitting there at the side of the stove, and he said
 he had sold about five quarts of liquor on November Court Day, on
 Court Street. It was just after Court Day.
 20 Q For my sake was a day or two after November Court? A Just
 a short while after.

Next, the witness is taken for the defense, Mr. Decker,
 to counsel for defendant, arranged.

And this being all of the evidence introduced or offered by the Commonwealth, and the defendants offering no evidence, and the case having been argued by counsel, the jury retired to consider of its verdict, and after some time returned into court and rendered the following verdict, to-wit:

"We the jury find the accused Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster guilty as charged in this indictment and ascertain their punishment at five months confinement in jail and a fine of \$500.00 each,

S. S. Will, Foreman"

And thereupon, the defendants, by counsel, moved the Court to set aside the said verdict as contrary to the law and the evidence, and to grant them a new trial, which motion the Court overruled and entered the following judgment, to-wit:

"whereupon it is considered by the Court that the Commonwealth recover against Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster \$500.00 each, the fine ascertained by the jury, and the costs incident to this prosecution and that the said Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster be held to hard labor on the State Convict Road Force of this State for the term of five months, the term ascertained by the jury in their verdict, and thereafter until their said fines and costs be paid, the additional term, however, for non payment of fine and costs, not to exceed six months for either of said defendants, and in accordance with the Statute in such cases made and provided the Court required of each defendant bond in the penalty of \$5000.00 conditioned that he shall not violate any of the provisions of the Statutes of Virginia concerning ardent spirits, commonly known as the Prohibition Law, for the period of one year, and if said bonds shall not be executed before the expiration of the terms of imprisonment aforesaid then said

The first part of the document is devoted to a general statement of the facts of the case, and to a statement of the law applicable to the facts. The facts are stated in a clear and concise manner, and the law is stated in a clear and concise manner.

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The sixth part of the document is devoted to a statement of the facts of the case, and to a statement of the law applicable to the facts. The facts are stated in a clear and concise manner, and the law is stated in a clear and concise manner.

The seventh part of the document is devoted to a statement of the facts of the case, and to a statement of the law applicable to the facts. The facts are stated in a clear and concise manner, and the law is stated in a clear and concise manner.

Daniel Webster and Ralph Webster shall each be confined in jail until said bond is given, or until they are discharged by the Court, provided that neither of said defendants shall be confined in jail, for failure to give said bond, for a longer period than six months, and thereupon on the motion of the said defendants execution of their sentences is suspended until the first day of the next term of the Court in order that they may apply to the Supreme Court of Appeals for a writ of error to the judgment of this Court and on motion of the said Daniel Webster he is admitted to bail in the penalty of \$1500.00 for his appearance on the first day of the next term and thereupon the said Daniel Webster and Lester Webster, his surety, who justified to his sufficiency, were duly recognized in the sum of \$1500.00 for the personal appearance of the said Daniel Webster before this Court on the first day of the next term to do and receive as the Court may then and there direct and not to depart thence without leave of Court and the said Ralph Webster was remanded to jail."

To which action of the Court in so overruling said motion and refusing to grant them a new trial, and in so entering said judgment, the defendants, by counsel, excepted, and pray that this, their certificate of Exceptions No. 1, may be signed, sealed, enrolled and made a part of the record, which is accordingly done this 15th day of April, 1924, and within 60 days from the date of said judgment.

J. H. Haas, Judge. (SEAL).

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

Ernest Lindsey

to appear ^{forthwith} before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 7th day of March 1924 to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Commonwealth against

Samuel Webster & Ralph Webster

who stands charged with and indicted for a felony misdemeanor.

And this he shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 7 day of Mar 1924, and in the 148th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

Executed by delivering a true copy of this summa
to Amos Lister this the 7th day of March
1924.

W. J. Brown
S. R. C.

Sherriff fee .50

Am
vs
Amos

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

"Cheery" Snyder

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof, at ^{fourth} 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 7 day of March 1924 to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Commonwealth against

Daniel & Ralph Webster
who stands charged with and indicted for a felony misdemeanor.

And this ^{he} shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 7 day of March, 1924, and in the 14th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

Comm.

20.

Daniel Webster

40

Executed March 7, 1924 by placing
a copy of this summons to Sheriff
Snyder in person.

L. W. Stone, S. R. S.
by Geo. Stone, Deputy

Sheriff fee 50

March 7, 1924.

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Lewis Cromer, W. H. Deputy, Chauley Miller, F. L. Douel, John Logers, Frank Taylor, Suter Justice Estes, A. P. Cundy, Jennie Wilson, W. M. Quinn, Roy Annunzio, A. C. Krickeley Early Huffmann, Sadie V. Huffmann

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 7th day of March 1924 to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Commonwealth against

Daniel Webster et

who stands charged with and indicted for a felony misdemeanor.

And this they shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 7th day of March, 1924, and in the 14th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

Copy.

20.

Daniel Webster

20

Sheriff fee \$7.50

March 7, 1924

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

*Lewis Crockett
Walter Deputy*

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 18 day of Feb. 1924 to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Commonwealth before the Grand Jury

Daniel W. Winstead
who stands charged with and indicted for a felony misdemeanor.

And this they shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 12 day of Feb. 1924 and in the 14th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

Copy.

Daniel Webster

Sherriff fee 1.00

Grand Jury

Feb. 18, 1924

Louis Brown to W. D. Moore, d. R. R.

Executed Feb. 14, 1924 by delivering a copy of this summons to Walter Roberts in person.
Presented Feb. 16, 1924 on Lewis's summons by delivering a copy of this summons to W. D. Moore, d. R. R.

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

Frank Long

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 7th day of March 1924 to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Defendant in the prosecution of the Commonwealth, Plaintiff, against

Ralph & Daniel Wilster Defendant

And this he shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 6 day of March, 1924 and in the 14th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn, Clerk.

Ralph W. Sherrill

and
Commonwealth of Virginia

Sherrill, 50

Received by delivery of
the within to Frank Long
in person this 6th day March
1924
W. D. Justice S. R. R.

In the Name of the Commonwealth of Virginia:

To the Sheriff of Rockingham County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon

Thomas Finchem

to appear before the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 7th day of May - 1924 to testify and the truth to say in behalf of the Commonwealth against

Samuel Webster & Ralph Webster

who stands charged with and indicted for a felony misdemeanor.

And this he shall not omit under the penalty of £100. And have then and there this Writ.

Witness, J. F. BLACKBURN, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House, the 6 day of May, 1924, and in the 148th year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn . Clerk.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA.

TO THE SHERIFF OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY, GREETINGS:

We command you, that you take Ralph Webster if he be found within your bailiwick, and him safely keep, so that you have his body forthwith before the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof ~~on~~ to answer us of a certain Misdemeanor whereof he stands indicted.

And have then and there this Writ. Witness J. F. Blackburn, Clerk of our said Court at the Court House the 19th day of February, in the 148 year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn Clerk.

COMMONWEALTH

vs.

Ralph Webster

Sheriff fee \$1.50

Evicted by delivering the body
of Ralph Webster to the County
Jail this the 8th day of March 1924
L. W. Brown S. R. C.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA.

TO THE SHERIFF OF ROCKINGHAM COUNTY, GREETINGS:

We command you, that you take David Webster if he be found within your bailiwick, and him safely keep, so that you have his body forthwith before the Circuit Court of Rockingham County, at the Court House thereof ~~on~~ to answer us of a certain Misdemeanor whereof he stands indicted.

And have then and there this Writ. Witness J. F. Blackburn, Clerk of our said Court at the Court House the 19th day of February, in the 148 year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. Blackburn Clerk.

Presented by delivering the Body
of Daniel Webster to the Bail
Commissioners & receiving Bond
This the 2nd day of March 1844
D. W. Dore S. R. C.

COMMONWEALTH

vs.

Daniel Webster

Bail -
Amount -

Sheiffes \$1.50

C. 11

Ralph Webster, who at a former day of the Court was convicted of a misdemeanor and sentenced to a term in the County jail, the execution of ~~the~~ ^{which} sentence ~~was~~ suspended until the first day of the next term to enable him to apply to the Supreme Court of Appeals for a writ of error to the judgment of the Court, this day came into Court in the custody of the officers, and on his application ~~to be admitted to bail in the sum~~ ~~to be admitted to bail~~, he the said Webster together with ~~—~~ who juror is as to his sufficiency, entered into and acknowledged a recognizance in the Court.

of # 1500 & so on, and ^{the} the said
Lecturer was admitted to bail.

